ENGLISH FLUENCY

More than 40% of Broward County's population speaks a language other than English. Twenty-five percent (25%) of the County's population is bilingual, fluent in English and another language. Spanish is the most widely spoken foreign language (25%), followed by Haitian Creole (6%). "Linguistically isolated" households account for 10% of the total and are scattered throughout Broward. Lack of fluency in English can pose communication problems, particularly during emergencies.

ENGLISH SPEAKING POPULATION

A greater number of Broward County residents are speaking languages other than English. Between 2006 and 2016, the share of population that speaks other languages increased from 35% to 41%. At the same time, the number of people that speak only English in the County has slightly declined.

Speak only English	1,085,194	65.0	1,064,726	59.2
Speak a Language other than English	584,686	35.0	733,559	40.8

^{*}Population ages 5 years and over.

ENGLISH FLUENCY

Overall, English fluency is fairly stable in Broward. Between 2006 and 2016, the share of residents that speak English well dropped slightly from 86% to 84%. Over a third (38%) of new residents are not fluent in English. Even though an increasing number of residents speak other languages, English may be their second language.

POPULATION TOTALS* BY ENGLISH FLUENCY - 2006 & 2016								
	2006 Estimate*	%	2016 Estimate*	%				
Fluent	1,431,440	85.7	1,510,551	84.0				
Not Fluent	238,440	14.3	287,734	16.0				

^{*}Population ages 5 years and over.

BILINGUAL POPULATION

Bilinguals are fluent in at least two languages. Bilinguals in Broward have increased between 2006 and 2016, from 21% to 25%. At the same time, lack of fluency in English has also increased, from 14% to 16%. Not speaking English well poses challenges in communication and the provision of services, particularly during emergencies. Local governments often translate forms and websites into Spanish and Haitian Creole, among others, and have staff that can communicate in other languages.

LANGUAGE DATA

"Primary language" has multiple definitions and often refers to their most dominant or preferred language at any moment in time. Today, when many people are bilingual (fluent in two languages), the language spoken at home may not be the primary language. The survey excludes people who know other languages and do not speak them at home or them infrequently.

DEFINITIONS

FLUENCY

A person's ability to speak a language, as reported on the ACS on a scale from 'very well' to 'not at all'. Respondents who select less than 'very well' have some difficulty with English and are not considered fluent.

HOUSEHOLD LANGUAGE

Language assigned to a housing unit based upon a hierarchy of household members, beginning with the language spoken by the householder.

LINGUISTIC ISOLATION

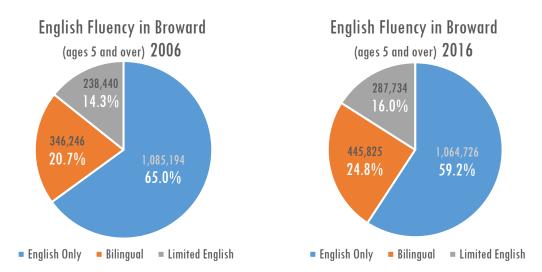
Household where no one age 14 and over speaks English only or 'very well'.

¹ ACS 1-Year Estimates are calculated at a 90% confidence level that includes a margin of error (see appendix).



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Years 2006, 2016; Table S1601, B16001

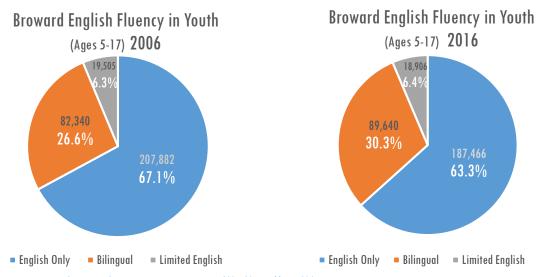
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Years 2006, 2016; Table B16001



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Years 2006, 2016; Table B16001

ENGLISH FLUENCY IN YOUNG POPULATION

English fluency and bilingualism are more common among Broward's young population. Since 2006, the total population between the ages of 5 and 17 has remained roughly the same, but an increased share is now bilingual. Only 6% of the young population is not fluent in English, compared to 16% for the County's overall population. English exposure through school, among other factors, plays a role towards higher English fluency. Children may speak the language of their parents at home but prefer English in other environments. Almost one third of children 5 -17 years are bilingual (2016).



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Years 2006, 2016; Table B16004

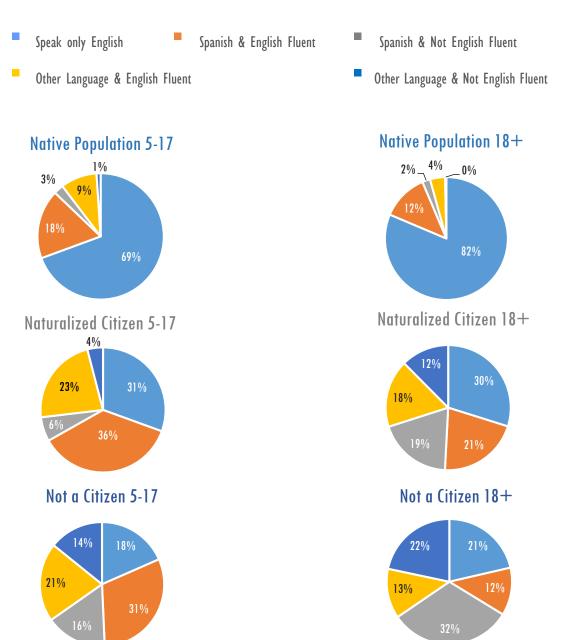
FLUENCY AND CITIZENSHIP

English fluency and bilingualism are higher for naturalized citizens over non-citizen residents, for both children (ages 5-17) and adults (18+ years). In both groups, English fluency and bilingualism is more frequent among young people. As expected, English fluency in the native population is greatest (both age groups) and bilingualism is lowest (for both). Children are still more bilingual than adults, regardless of citizenship status. Children who are born here (whether



immigrant parents or not) prefer to speak only English and tend to lose fluency in the second language. Naturalized youth who are brought here with immigrant parents are the most bilingual of all groups. Children brought here who aren't citizens still demonstrate high rates of English fluency (70% - blue, orange and yellow) and bilingualism (52% - orange and yellow).

English Fluency by Age and Place of Birth



According to the Public Policy Institute (PPI) of California, English language skills increase with years of residency in the United States. On the other hand, bilingualism in children is lost through generations. The third generation of immigrants tend to speak mostly English and generally speak very little of their grandparent's language. English fluency is also tied



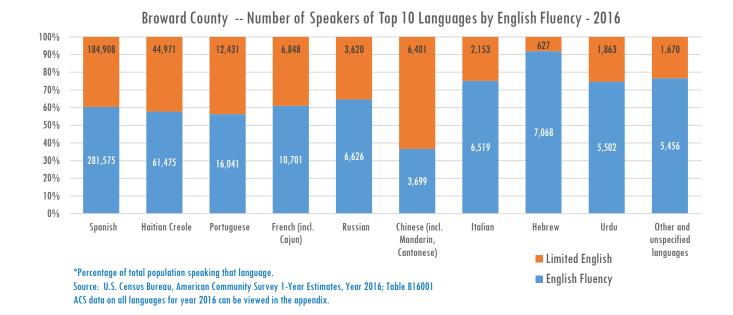
Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates, Years 2012 - 2016; Table B16008

to educational attainment and 71% of US immigrants with college degrees are fluent in English. Among immigrants without high school degrees, 67% are not fluent in English.

TOP LANGUAGES SPOKEN

The US Census Bureau collects data on 42 languages and language groups, of which many are spoken in Broward County. The top languages spoken are Spanish (26%), Haitian Creole² (6%), Portuguese (2%), and French (1%) (including Cajun and Canadian derivatives). Spanish spoken in Broward's large Hispanic/Latino population derives from various regions in South and Central America, which often differ in expression and meaning of common words.

For bilinguals, English fluency is consistently 60% or higher across of the most top 10 languages spoken in Broward. Of the 466,483 people who speak Spanish as their primary language, 40% are not fluent in English. English fluency is lowest for people whose primary language is Chinese.



LANGUAGE DISTRIBUTION BY HOUSEHOLD

English fluency generally improves when viewed at the household level. While 60% of the Spanish speaking population is fluent in English, 76% live in households where some family members are fluent. Households where no one above the age of 14 is fluent in English are known as "linguistically isolated". Linguistically isolated (LI) households in Broward County account for 10% (69,426) of all households. LI households that speak Spanish make up 6.3% (43,062) of the total. French, Haitian, or Cajun LI households make up 2% of all households. Languages with the lowest rates of English fluency such as Chinese (including Mandarin and Cantonese) also demonstrate higher rates of linguistic isolation. (See appendix).

CONCENTRATIONS OF NON-ENGLISH SPEAKERS

While concentrations of non-English speaking households are present, LI households are found throughout the County. These households face additional barriers receiving goods and services. They are also placed at increased risk during the

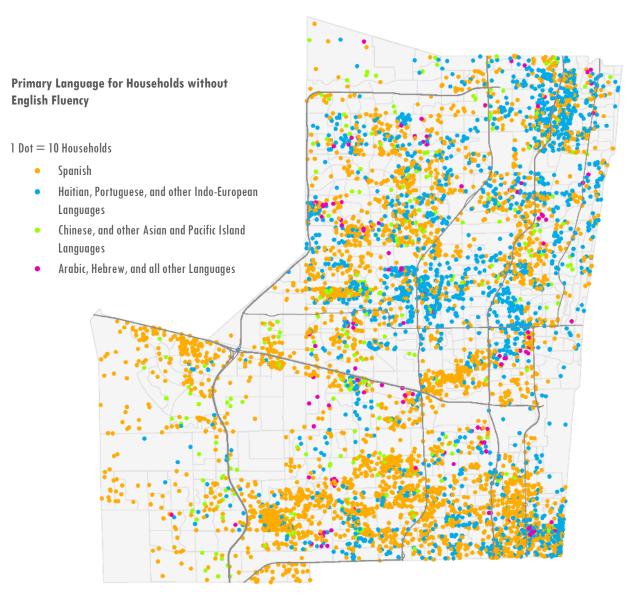
² French-based creole languages that are not Haitian are grouped in "Other and unspecified languages".



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event of an emergency or disaster as they cannot understand emergency communications in English. Local foreign language radio stations are generally limited to Spanish and Haitian. While there are many foreign language radio websites, local news may be more difficult to access. Word of mouth is often the source of news for many LI household members, as well as places of worship and informal newspapers found at local ethnic restaurants.

ENCLAVES of LINGUISTICALLY ISOLATED HOUSEHOLDS³



Source: U.S. Census Bureau, 2012-2016 American Community Survey 5-Year Estimates; Table C16002, Census Block Group Level

³ Languages at the household level are simplified into 4 group classifications at the local level, shown colorized here and in the appendix tables. At the County level, languages at the household level are simplified into 12 groups plus English. (See "Language Distribution by Household in 2016" in the appendix for data at the County level).



TECHNICAL APPENDIX

		Population	Margin		English		Limited	
Language Spoken	Group Classification	Estimate*	of Error4	%	Fluency	% **	English	% *
Total:		1,798,285						
English only		1,064,726	+/-18,007	59.2				
Spanish	Spanish	466,483	+/-8,577	25.9	281,575	60.4	184,908	39
Haitian	Indo-European	106,446	+/-11,273	5.9	61,475	57.8	44,971	42
Portuguese	Indo-European	28,472	+/-4,561	1.6	16,041	56.3	12,431	43
French (incl. Cajun)	Indo-European	17,549	+/-2,887	1.0	10,701	61.0	6,848	39
Russian	Indo-European	10,246	+/-2,469	0.6	6,626	64.7	3,620	35
Chinese (incl. Mandarin, Cantonese)	Asian and Pacific Island	10,100	+/-3,018	0.6	3,699	36.6	6,401	63
Italian	Indo-European	8,672	+/-2,783	0.5	6,519	75.2	2,153	24
Hebrew	All Other Languages	7,695	+/-2,074	0.4	7,068	91.9	627	8
Urdu	Indo-European	7,365	+/-2,886	0.4	5,502	74.7	1,863	25
Other and unspecified languages	All Other Languages	7,126	+/-2,627	0.4	5,456	76.6	1,670	23
Arabic	All Other Languages	6,351	+/-2,611	0.4	2,577	40.6	3,774	59
Other Indo-European languages	Indo-European	6,068	+/-2,534	0.3	3,824	63.0	2,244	37
Tagalog (incl. Filipino)	Asian and Pacific Island	5,043	+/-1,663	0.3	4,104	81.4	939	18
Vietnamese	Asian and Pacific Island	4,480	+/-1,519	0.2	1,537	34.3	2,943	65
German	Indo-European	4,167	+/-968	0.2	3,235	77.6	932	22
Hindi	Indo-European	3,813	+/-1,847	0.2	2,890	75.8	923	24
Yiddish, Pennsylvania Dutch or other West Germanic languages	Indo-European	3,802	+/-2,085	0.2	3,170	83.4	632	10
Polish	Indo-European	3,296	+/-2,345	0.2	1,884	57.2	1,412	42
Ukrainian or other Slavic languages	Indo-European	2,547	+/-1,165	0.1	1,783	70.0	764	30
Gujarati	Indo-European	2,247	+/-1,486	0.1	1,929	85.8	318	14
Tamil	Indo-European	2,204	+/-1,280	0.1	1,344	61.0	860	39
Persian (incl. Farsi, Dari)	Indo-European	2,124	+/-1,238	0.1	1,399	65.9	725	3
Greek	Indo-European	1,794	+/-1,005	0.1	1,339	74.6	455	2.
Serbo-Croatian	Indo-European	1,727	+/-764	0.1	1,092	63.2	635	30
Bengali	Indo-European	1,617	+/-1,357	0.1	1,252	77.4	365	22
Nepali, Marathi, or other Indic languages	Indo-European	1,606	+/-1,043	0.1	1,077	67.1	529	32
Malayalam, Kannada, or other Dravidian languages	Indo-European	1,527	+/-929	0.1	981	64.2	546	3.
Other languages of Asia	Asian and Pacific Island	1,331	+/-890	0.1	863	64.8	468	3.5
Yoruba, Twi, Igbo, or other languages of Western Africa	All Other Languages	1,030	+/-611	0.1	908	88.2	122	11

⁴ To view fluency margins of error for all languages, view the full table at https://factfinder.census.gov/faces/nav/jsf/pages/index.xhtml



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Thai, Lao, or other Tai-Kadai languages	Asian and Pacific Island	984	+/-530	0.1	589	59.9	395	40.1
Telugu	Indo-European	923	+/-640	0.1	795	86.1	128	13.9
Korean	Asian and Pacific Island	915	+/-766	0.1	356	38.9	559	61.1
Japanese	Asian and Pacific Island	800	+/-498	0.0	404	50.5	396	49.5
Other Native languages of North America	All Other Languages	696	+/-479	0.0	444	63.8	252	36.2
Swahili or other languages of Central, Eastern, and Southern Africa	All Other Languages	682	+/-713	0.0	170	24.9	512	75.1
Punjabi	Indo-European	608	+/-848	0.0	322	53.0	286	47.0
Armenian	Indo-European	483	+/-380	0.0	425	88.0	58	12.0
Ilocano, Samoan, Hawaiian, or other Austronesian languages	Asian and Pacific Island	399	+/-279	0.0	329	82.5	70	17.5
Amharic, Somali, or other Afro-Asiatic languages	All Other Languages	141	+/-170	0.0	141	100.0	0	0.0
Hmong	Asian and Pacific Island	0	+/-221	0.0	0	N/A	0	N/A
Khmer	Asian and Pacific Island	0	+/-221	0.0	0	N/A	0	N/A
Navajo	All Other Languages	0	+/-221	0.0	0	N/A	0	N/A
Total:					445,825		287,734	

^{*}Population ages 5 and over.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Year 2016; Table B16001

Language Distribution by Household in 2016									
Household Language	Group Classification	Household Estimate	English Fluency	% *	Limited English	% *			
Total:		681,474							
English only		385,574							
Spanish	Spanish	182,837	139,775	76.4	43,062	23.6			
French, Haitian, or Cajun	Indo-European	47,679	35,312	74.1	12,367	25.9			
Other Indo-European	Indo-European	27,381	21,288	77.7	6,093	22.3			
Russian, Polish, or other Slavic	Indo-European	8,853	6,791	76.7	2,062	23.3			
Other and unspecified languages	All Other Languages	8,372	7,387	88.2	985	11.8			
German or other West Germanic	Indo-European	5,832	5,072	87.0	760	13.0			
Chinese (incl. Mandarin, Cantonese)	Asian and Pacific Island	4,525	2,706	59.8	1,819	40.2			
Other Asian and Pacific Island	Asian and Pacific Island	4,345	3,754	86.4	591	13.6			
Arabic	All Other Languages	2,429	1,518	62.5	911	37.5			
Tagalog (incl. Filipino)	Asian and Pacific Island	1,614	1,562	96.8	52	3.2			
Vietnamese	Asian and Pacific Island	1,547	877	56.7	670	43.3			
Korean	Asian and Pacific Island	486	432	88.9	54	11.1			
Total:			226,474		69,426				

^{*}Percentage of total households speaking that language.

Source: U.S. Census Bureau, American Community Survey 1-Year Estimates, Year 2016; Tables B16002, S1602



^{**}Percentage of total population speaking that language.