

## Population Characteristics - Distribution of Growth

### Broward County Today ....

- 1,623,018 people live in Broward County .
- 95% live in municipalities and 5% in the Unincorporated area.

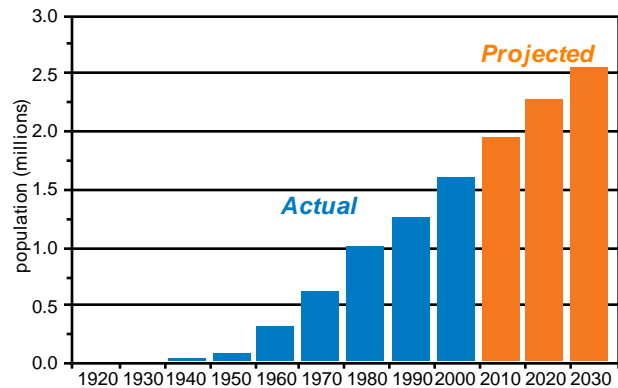
### Key Trends 1990 to 2000 ....

- Broward County's population grew by 367,530 persons (29.3%) during the decade.
- Recent growth has been concentrated in the west and northwest areas of the County .

### Future Projections ....

- By 2030, the population will grow to 2.5 million.
- The annual rate of growth will steadily decline.
- Western Broward will continue to grow through 2010, as undeveloped land is absorbed.
- After 2010, growth will occur in the eastern half of the County, where redevelopment will accommodate larger populations.

Historic and Projected Growth



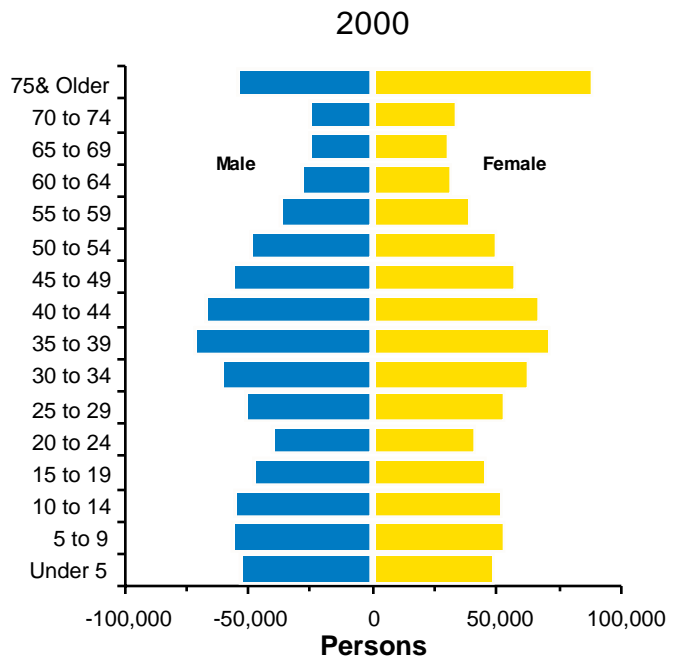
Sources: U.S. Bureau of Census (1920-2000);  
Broward County Population Forecasting Model, 2001 (for 2010-2030)



## Population Characteristics - Age

### Broward County Today ....

- The median age is 37.8 years.
- The largest five-year age group is 35 to 39 year olds.
- One in four residents is under 18 years, including nearly 280,000 school-aged and 103,000 preschool children.
- One in six residents is aged 65 and older.
- Reflecting longer life expectancy among women, two-thirds of the persons aged 75 and older are female.
- There are almost 400 centenarians living in Broward County.



### Key Trends 1990 to 2000 ....

- The school-aged population increased by 58% (102,250 persons), which is double the growth rate of the population as a whole (29%).
- Reflecting the aging of “baby boomers,” the fastest growing age group was 50 to 54 year olds (83%).
- The number of persons aged 65 to 74 declined 13%, but older seniors (aged 75+) increased 14%, resulting in a stable senior population of 261,000.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Census

Age (years)	1990	2000	Growth
<b>Pre-School</b> (0 to 4 years)	78,980	103,041	30%
<b>School-Aged</b> (5 to 17 years)	177,638	279,888	58%
<b>Adults</b> (18 to 64 years)	738,130	978,980	33%
<b>Senior Adults</b> (65+ years)	260,740	261,109	<1%
<b>Total</b>	1,255,488	1,623,018	29%

Source: U.S. Bureau of Census

### Future Projections ....

- By 2030, Broward County’s population will reach 2.5 million and will include:
  - 181,000 preschoolers,
  - 445,000 school-aged children,
  - 1.5 million working-aged adults, and
  - 470,000 seniors.
- In-migration of young adults will mask the aging baby boom in Broward County.

# Population Characteristics - Race and Ethnicity

## Broward County Today ....

- More than half the population is White Non-Hispanic (941,674).
- One in five residents is Black/African-American (325,305). Most reside between University Drive and Dixie Highway.
- One in six residents is Hispanic (271,652). The Hispanic population is diffused throughout Broward County, with southwest Broward having the highest number of Hispanic people.

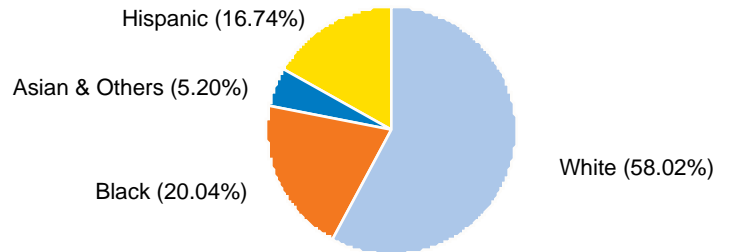
## Key Trends 1990 to 2000 ....

- The nonwhite populations grew by 116%, whereas the White population remained stable.
- The Hispanic population more than doubled in ten years.
- At 151%, the Hispanic growth rate was higher than any other racial/ethnic group.
- The Asian population almost doubled since 1990.

## Future Projections ....

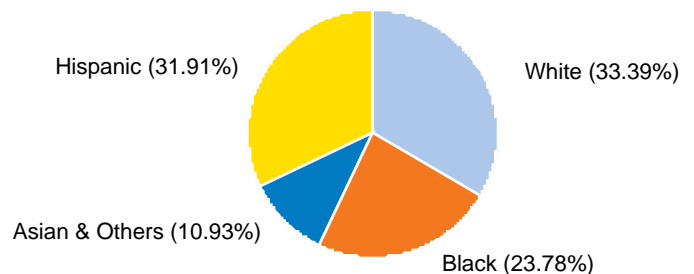
- By 2030, Broward County will have a population in which two thirds of residents are minorities.
- By 2010, the Hispanic population will surpass Black/African-American (Non-Hispanic) to become the single largest minority.
- The Hispanic population will grow to 813,000 by 2030.
- The Black/African-American population will grow to 606,000.

Population by Race, 2000



Source: U.S. Bureau of Census, 2000

Projected Population by Race, 2030



Source: Broward County Population Forecasting Model, 2001

*insert Hispanic map*

*insert black/af am map*

## Population Characteristics - Ancestry

### Broward County Today ....

- More than 156,000 residents (10%) have West Indian ancestry.
- One in three residents reports German, Italian or Irish ancestry.
- The Hispanic population is diverse, with residents from Puerto Rico, Cuba and other Hispanic countries, but without dominance from a single country of origin.

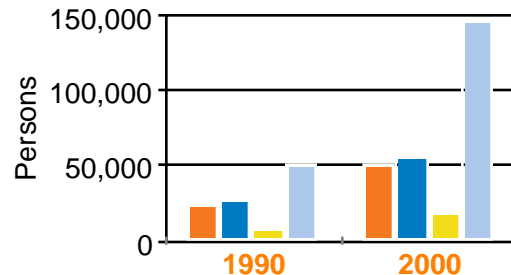
Ancestry/Ethnicity	Persons	Rank
West Indian (Jamaican, Haitian etc.)	156,343	1
Italian	153,574	2
German	147,436	3
Dominican and Other Hispanic	146,352	4
Irish	145,575	5
English	92,819	6
Polish	59,761	7
Puerto Rican	54,938	8
Cuban	50,911	9
Russian	50,167	10

Source: U.S. Bureau of Census.

### Key Trends 1990 to 2000 ....

- The number of residents with West Indian ancestry more than doubled from 56,893 in 1990 to 156,343 in 2000.
- Much of the growth in the Hispanic population is attributed to increased migration from Colombia, Peru, Venezuela and other South American countries.

**Hispanic Population Growth**



■ Cuban                      ■ Puerto Rican  
■ Mexican                      ■ Other Hispanic

Source: U.S. Bureau of Census

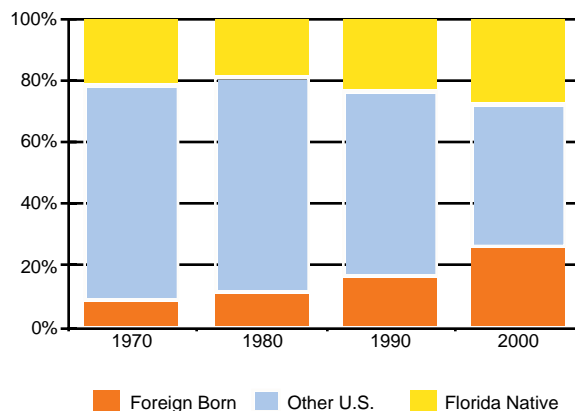
### Future Projections ....

- Hispanic population will continue to be diverse.
- Migration from the Caribbean, Central and South America will continue to add new residents to Broward County.

## Population Characteristics - Migration

### Broward County Today ....

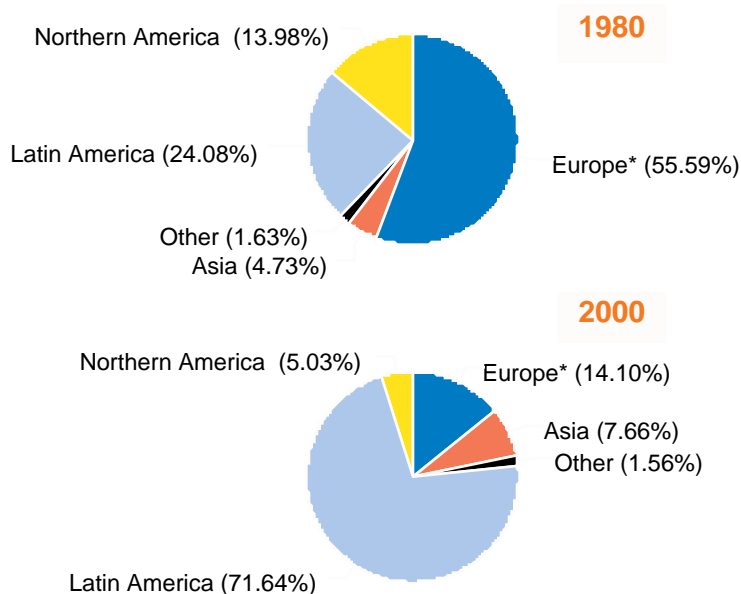
- The population is highly mobile; in 2000, 124,427 persons moved into Broward County and 97,494 moved out, giving a net migration of 26,933.
- Net migration contributes significantly to growth in school enrollment adding 6,788 students in 2001/02 (3.8% increase).
- Miami-Dade County is the primary source of new residents.
- Although 75% of Broward County residents were born in the United States, only 25% are Florida natives.
- Immigrants born overseas make up 25% of the population (410,379 persons); 11% are naturalized citizens and 14% are aliens.
- 60,241 residents were born in Jamaica and 47,445 in Haiti.



Source: U.S. Bureau of Census

### Key Trends 1990 to 2000 ....

- Net migration was and continues to be the main source of population growth in Broward County.
- Net migration of younger families contributed to growth of the school-aged population in all grade levels.
- In-migration from overseas increased from 13% in 1990 to 24% in 2000.
- European countries are no longer the primary sources of new immigrants (as in 1980); in 2000, 72% of immigrants came from Latin America.



\* Includes former USSR which was partly in Asia.

Source: U.S. Bureau of Census

### Future Projections ....

- Migration into Broward County will continue because the lifestyle, economic opportunities and climate continue to attract new residents.

## Population Characteristics - Births and Deaths

### Broward County Today ....

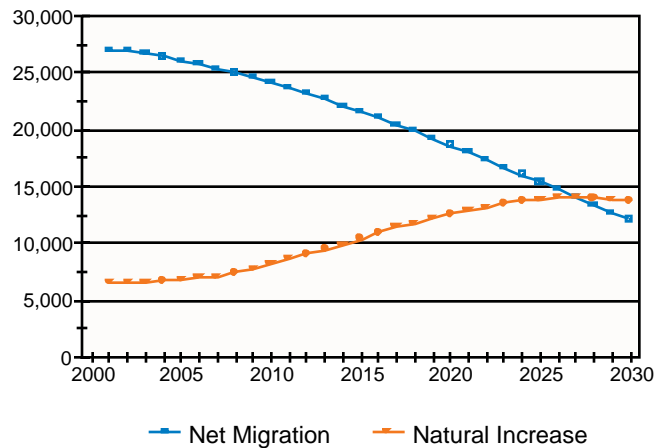
- During 2000, there were 22,089 births and 15,781 deaths in Broward County, resulting in a natural population increase of 6,308 persons.
- Birth rates are higher among Non-White races.

Year	Births	Deaths	Natural Increase
1985	14,630	13,156	1,474
1990	18,738	14,251	4,487
1995	20,059	15,804	4,255
2000	22,089	15,781	6,308

Source: Florida Dept. of Health, 2002

### Key Trends 1990 to 2000 ....

- Throughout the decade, births exceeded deaths, resulting in population growth due to natural increase.
- The number of births is growing at a faster rate than the numbers of deaths, resulting in population growth.
- Natural increase is growing faster than net migration.



Source: Broward County Population Forecasting Model, 2001

### Future Projections ....

- Natural increase will contribute significantly to population growth, eventually overtaking net migration in the mid-2020s.
- Births will continue to increase, in part because of the in-migration of young families.
- A continued increase in the number of births will result in population growth.
- Population will be greater in 2030, in part due to longer life expectancy.