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1	ORDINANCE NO. 2019-	
2	AN ORDINANCE OF THE BOARD OF COUNTY	
3	COMMISSIONERS OF BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA, PERTAINING TO EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICES AND	
4	NONEMERGENCY MEDICAL TRANSPORTATION SERVICES; REPLACING CHAPTER 3½ OF THE	
5	BROWARD COUNTY CODE OF ORDINANCES ("CODE") REPLACING ITS ENTIRETY TO PROVIDE FOR	
6	DEFINITIONS; PROVIDING FOR REGULATORY AND LICENSING PROCEDURES AND REQUIREMENTS WHEN	
7	OPERATING AS EMERGENCY MEDICAL SERVICE PROVIDER AND NONEMERGENCY MEDICAL TRANSPORTATION SERVICE; AND PROVIDING FOR	
8	SEVERABILITY, INCLUSION IN THE CODE, AND AN EFFECTIVE DATE.	
9	(Sponsored by the Board of County Commissioners)	
10	(Oponsored by the Board of County Commissioners)	
11	WHEREAS, the Board desires to replace Chapter 3½ of the Broward County Code	
12	of Ordinances ("Code"), in order to more efficiently process emergency and	
13	nonemergency medical transportation service applications, certificates, and licenses; and	
14	WHEREAS, the Board finds that the revisions to the Code, as set forth herein, are	
15	necessary and in the best interest of the residents of Broward County,	
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17	BE IT ORDAINED BY THE BOARD OF COUNTY COMMISSIONERS OF	
18	BROWARD COUNTY, FLORIDA:	
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20	Section 1. Chapter 3½ of the Broward County Code of Ordinances is hereby	
21	replaced in its entirety to read as follows:	
22	[Underlining omitted]	
23	ARTICLE I. ADVANCED LIFE SUPPORT AND BASIC LIFE SUPPORT	
24	Sec. 3½-1. Definitions.	
	Coding: Words in struck-through type are deletions from existing text. Words in underscored type are additions.	

As used in Chapter 3½:

Advanced Life Support (ALS) means treatment of life-threatening medical emergencies using techniques such as endotracheal intubation, the administration of drugs or intravenous fluids, telemetry, cardiac monitoring, and cardiac defibrillation by a qualified person, pursuant to Florida laws, rules, and regulations, and local laws, rules, and regulations.

Advanced Life Support Service (ALS Service) means any emergency medical transport or nontransport service that uses advanced life support techniques, pursuant to Florida laws, rules, and regulations, and local laws, rules, and regulations. The term ALS shall be inclusive of the provision of BLS Services by an EMS provider.

Air ambulance means any rotary-winged aircraft used for, or intended to be used for, air transportation of sick or injured persons likely to require medical attention during transport.

ALS rescue vehicle means any privately or publicly owned land, air, or water vehicle that is designed, constructed, reconstructed, maintained, equipped, or operated for, and is used for, or intended to be used for, conveying advanced life support equipment and certified paramedics to persons who are sick, injured, or otherwise incapacitated.

Basic Life Support (BLS) means treatment of medical emergencies by a qualified person through the use of techniques such as patient assessment, cardiopulmonary resuscitation (CPR), splinting, obstetrical assistance, bandaging, administration of oxygen, application of medical antishock trousers, administration of a subcutaneous injection using a premeasured autoinjector of epinephrine to a person who may be suffering an anaphylactic reaction, and other techniques described in the Emergency

 of Transportation. Basic life support also includes other techniques that have been approved and are performed under conditions as approved by the State of Florida.

\*\*Basic Life Support Service\* (BLS Service) means any emergency medical transport

Medical Technician Basic Training Course Curriculum of the United States Department

or nontransport service (BLS Service) means any emergency medical transport or nontransport service that uses basic life support techniques, pursuant to Florida laws, rules, and regulations, and local laws, rules, and regulations.

Board means the Board of County Commissioners of Broward County, Florida.

Broward County means the incorporated and unincorporated areas of Broward County.

Certificate means a certificate of public convenience and necessity issued pursuant to this chapter.

Communications center means a public safety answering point or dispatching center designated by the County Administrator.

County means Broward County, a political subdivision of the State of Florida.

County Administrator means the Broward County Administrator or designee.

Emergency call means the response of an EMS provider to the scene of a reported medical emergency under conditions that warrant travel with flashing lights and sirens operating pursuant to the request of a communications center, a public safety agency, or as otherwise provided by rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this chapter.

Emergency Medical Service (EMS) provider means any person, firm, corporation, association, local government, or other entity that holds a certificate and advertises or engages in the business of providing ALS or BLS services.

EMS transport vehicle or ambulance means any privately or publicly owned land, rotary-winged air or water vehicle that is designed, constructed, reconstructed,

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maintained, equipped, or operated for, and is used for, or intended to be used for, air, land, or water transportation of sick or injured persons requiring or likely to require medical attention during transport.

Emergency Medical Technician or EMT means any person who is trained in basic life support and who is certified to perform such procedures in emergency situations in accordance with Florida law.

Environmental and Consumer Protection Division (ECPD) or Division means the County Division assigned to enforce this chapter.

*License* means a license issued to a nonemergency medical transportation service provider pursuant to this chapter.

Nonemergency medical transportation service means any privately or publicly owned service employing a land, air or water vehicle that is designed, constructed, reconstructed, maintained, equipped, or operated for, and is used for, or intended to be used for, air, land, or water transportation of persons who are confined to wheelchairs or stretchers and whose condition is such that these persons do not need, nor are likely to need, immediate medical attention during transport.

Paramedic means any person who possesses a valid paramedic certificate issued in accordance with Florida law.

Patient means any person who needs emergency or nonemergency medical treatment or transportation.

Prehospital air ambulance service means any publicly or privately owned service that operates rotary-winged aircraft in conjunction with a community emergency medical ALS or BLS first response system.

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Response time means the interval of time between the moment the certificate holder's dispatch center receives a call requesting a response to the moment the certificate holder's ambulance arrives at the requested location of the pickup. Response time for routine transfers shall mean the interval of time between such routine transfer scheduled pickup time and the moment the certificate holder's ambulance arrives at the requested location of the pickup.

Routine transfer means the transportation by ambulance of stretcher patients under nonemergency conditions pursuant to this chapter. A routine transfer refers to either an interfacility medical transfer between two (2) facilities licensed by the State of Florida or a transfer that originates or terminates at a patient's residence.

### Sec. 3½-2. Certificates required.

Every person, firm, corporation, association, local government, or other entity that provides ALS Service or BLS Service within Broward County must obtain a certificate of public convenience and necessity from the Board, pursuant to the provisions of this chapter, and the appropriate license issued by the State of Florida pursuant to Chapter 401, Florida Statutes.

### Sec. 3½-3. Exemptions.

The following vehicles and ambulances are exempt from the provisions of this chapter:

- (a) Vehicles or ambulances exempt under Section 401.33, Florida Statutes;
- (b) Government-owned or -operated vehicles not ordinarily used for the treatment of life-threatening medical emergencies or the transportation of persons who are sick, injured, or otherwise incapacitated;

- (h) Wheelchair accessible vehicles regulated under Chapter 22½ of the Broward County Code of Ordinances;
- (i) Vehicles used by hospitals to transport patients to or from the hospital or other medical facilities, if the hospitals do not charge a fee for this service, or that are used to transport nonemergency patients whose medical condition is such that they are confined to a wheelchair or to a stretcher but who do not need, nor are likely to need, medical attention during transport; and
- (j) Fixed-wing aircraft used for or intended to be used for air transportation of sick or injured persons who may need medical attention during transport.

#### Sec. 3½-4. Classifications of service.

- (a) A certificate must be obtained from the County prior to performing the applicable service below.
  - (1) Class 1 ALS rescue: A governmental EMS provider with the capability of rendering on the scene prehospital ALS Service and BLS Service and that may or may not elect to transport a patient. A governmental EMS provider holding a Class 1 ALS rescue certificate may provide the applicable level of service within its jurisdictional boundaries. A governmental EMS provider may contract with one (1) or more EMS providers for ALS rescue services. An EMS provider rendering this level of medical service for a governmental entity, pursuant to an agreement with the governmental entity, must operate under the Class 1 ALS rescue certificate held by the governmental entity.
  - (2) Class 2 ALS transfer: An EMS provider providing ALS routine transfers.

- a. An EMS provider that is awarded a Class 2 ALS transfer certificate must not respond to an emergency call and provide ALS Service unless:
  - the EMS provider is a governmental entity holding a Class 1
     ALS rescue certificate; or
  - 2. the EMS provider is called upon by a governmental entity to provide emergency backup service or contracts with a governmental entity to provide Class 1 ALS rescue services. When the EMS provider is a nongovernmental entity, it must operate under the Class 1 ALS rescue certificate of the governmental entity requesting such emergency backup service or contracting for the provision of Class 1 ALS rescue services.
- A nongovernmental EMS provider that holds a Class 2 ALS transfer certificate may provide ALS routine transfers within Broward County, not restricted by emergency call zones.
- c. A governmental EMS provider that holds a Class 2 ALS transfer certificate may provide Class 2 ALS transfer services within its jurisdictional boundaries or where a patient resides within its jurisdictional boundaries. A governmental entity may contract with one (1) or more EMS providers that hold a Class 2 ALS transfer certificate for routine transfers that originate or terminate within the governmental entity's jurisdictional boundaries or where the patient resides within its jurisdictional boundaries.

- (3) Class 3 BLS transport: An EMS provider with the capability of rendering BLS Service and transporting patients.
  - a. Nongovernmental BLS transport certificate holders must provide emergency BLS transport services within one (1) or more emergency call zones identified in Section 3½-5 below and assigned by the Board.
  - A nongovernmental EMS provider that holds a Class 3 BLS transport certificate may provide BLS routine transfers within Broward County, not restricted by emergency call zone.
  - c. A governmental EMS provider that holds a Class 2 ALS transfer certificate may provide Class 3 BLS transport services within its jurisdictional boundaries or where a patient resides within its jurisdictional boundaries. A governmental entity may contract with one (1) or more EMS providers that hold a Class 3 BLS transport certificate for BLS routine transfers or BLS transports that originate or terminate within the governmental entity's jurisdictional boundaries, or where the patient resides within its jurisdictional boundaries.
- (4) Class 4 ALS air rescue (rotary-winged aircraft): A governmental EMS provider with the capability of providing prehospital air ALS transport services.
- (b) Routine transfers are restricted exclusively to EMS providers that hold a Class 2 ALS Transfer and/or Class 3 BLS Transport certificate and are limited to the provision of ALS Services and/or BLS Services as authorized by the certificate.

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(c) Municipalities holding the applicable certificate may provide ALS Services or BLS Services only (i) within their municipal boundaries except when providing mutual aid, automatic aid, or closest unit response to surrounding areas on a per-call basis, or (ii) when a governmental entity enters into an interlocal agreement with another governmental entity to provide ground ALS or BLS Services to areas within the other entity's boundaries.

# Sec. 3½-5. Emergency call zones.

- (a) The emergency call zones for nongovernmental EMS providers that hold a Class 3 BLS transport certificate are as follows:
  - (1) Zone No. 1: Zone 1 comprises the following cities and unincorporated areas: Lighthouse Point, Deerfield Beach, Pompano Beach, Coconut Creek, Sea Ranch Lakes, Lauderdale-By-The-Sea, and Hillsboro Beach. Zone 1 is bounded on the north by the Broward County/Palm Beach County boundary line from State Road 7 to the Atlantic Ocean; on the south along and including McNab Road from the Florida Turnpike to the Intracoastal Waterway south along the waterway to the Fort Lauderdale/Lauderdale-By-The-Sea boundary line; on the east along the Atlantic Ocean from the Broward County/Palm Beach County boundary line to the Fort Lauderdale/Lauderdale-By-The-Sea boundary line; on the west along State Road 7 but not including Margate, North Lauderdale, and Tamarac to McNab Road;
  - (2) Zone No. 2: Zone 2 comprises the following cities and unincorporated areas: Parkland, Coral Springs, Margate, Tamarac, North Lauderdale, Sunrise, Conservation Area 2-A, and the unincorporated area at the vertex

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of State Road 7 and the Florida Turnpike. Zone 2 is bounded on the north by the Broward County/Palm Beach County boundary line from State Road 7 to the Conservation Area 2-A; on the south by the City of Lauderhill/Plantation boundary line from State Road 7 to the Conservation Area 2-B; on the east along and including State Road 7, including the areas of Margate, North Lauderdale, and Tamarac situated east of State Road 7 from the Broward County/Palm Beach County boundary line to Commercial Boulevard; on the west along the Conservation Area 2-A from the Broward County/Palm Beach County boundary line to the Sunrise/Davie boundary line;

(3)Zone No. 3: Zone 3 comprises the following cities and unincorporated Davie, Cooper City, Pembroke Pines, Miramar, Plantation, areas: Weston, Southwest Ranches, and Conservation Areas 2-B and 3-A, also known as the Everglades. Zone 3 is bounded on the north by the Plantation/Sunrise city boundary line from State Road 7 to Conservation Area 2-B; on the west along Conservation Area 2-A to the Hendry County/Broward County boundary line; on the south along the Broward County/Miami-Dade County boundary line from State Road 7 to the Collier County/Broward County boundary line; on the east along the Seaboard Railroad tracks from State Road 84 to Stirling Road, along but excluding State Road 7 from Stirling Road to the Broward County/Miami-Dade County boundary line and excluding that section of Hollywood situated west of State Road 7 along the Broward County/Collier-Hendry County boundary line from the Broward County/Miami-Dade County boundary line

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to the Broward County/Palm Beach County Conservation Area 2-A boundary line;

- (4) Zone No. 4: Zone 4 comprises the following cities and unincorporated areas: Fort Lauderdale, Oakland Park, Wilton Manors, Dania Beach, Lazy Lake, Lauderdale Lakes, and Lauderhill. Zone 4 is bounded on the north along and to exclude McNab Road from the Florida Turnpike to the Intracoastal Waterway south along the waterway to the Fort Lauderdale/Lauderdale-By-The-Sea boundary line; on the south from State Road 7 along and inclusive of State Road 84 to I-95; on the south along the Seaboard Railroad tracks to Stirling Road, following the City of Hollywood boundary line from Stirling Road inclusive of Port Everglades to the Atlantic Ocean; on the east along the Atlantic Ocean from Port Everglades entrance to Lauderdale-By-The-Sea boundary line; on the west along and including State Road 7 including the areas of Lauderdale Lakes/Lauderhill from Commercial Boulevard to State Road 84 and excluding that portion of Tamarac situated east of State Road 7; and
- (5) Zone No. 5: Zone 5 comprises the following cities and unincorporated areas: Hollywood, Hallandale Beach, West Park, and Pembroke Park. Zone 5 is bounded on the north by the City of Hollywood boundary line from Davie Road extension to the Atlantic Ocean including Stirling Road and Sheridan Street but excluding Port Everglades; on the south along the Broward County/Miami-Dade County boundary line from State Road 7 to the Atlantic Ocean; on the east along the Atlantic Ocean from the Broward County/Miami-Dade County boundary line to Port Everglades; on the west

along the western boundary line of Hollywood along and including State Road 7 from the southern boundary line of Hollywood to the Broward County/Miami-Dade County boundary line.

- (b) A map of the emergency call zones is attached hereto and made a part hereof as Exhibit A.
- (c) A nongovernmental EMS provider that holds a Class 3 BLS transport certificate may provide emergency backup service outside of its respective emergency call zone pursuant to a contract with a governmental entity.
- (d) The nongovernmental EMS provider must station a vehicle within the serviced emergency zone.

# Sec. 3½-6. Applications and Certificates for ALS Service and BLS Service.

- (a) All potential EMS providers (individually referred to as "applicant" within this section) desiring to hold a County certificate must obtain a certificate from the Board pursuant to the provisions herein and subject to such rules and regulations as may be promulgated by the County.
- (b) An applicant desiring to obtain a County certificate must submit an application to the County Administrator using the forms required by the County and accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee in the amount established by resolution of the Board.
- (c) Applications. All applications for ALS Service and BLS Service must include the following information:
  - (1) The specific geographic area or emergency zone ("area") and approximate population of the area that the applicant desires to serve;

The name under which the applicant will operate the ALS Service or BLS

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- The financial responsibility of the applicant to maintain insurance for d. the payment of personal injury, death, and property damage claims;
- Certificates of insurance or certificates of self-insurance in compliance with (7) this chapter;
- (8) The length of time the applicant has been providing EMS services in Broward County, if the applicant is seeking a renewal certificate;
- (9)The addresses of the applicant's present and proposed base station and all substations;
- (10)The year, model, type, Florida Department of Health permit number, mileage, vehicle license number, Federal Aviation Administration (FAA) registration number, passenger capacity, and air hours of each EMS transport vehicle and air ambulance used by the applicant;
- (11)A description of the applicant's telephone and radio communications system including, but not limited to its assigned frequency, call numbers, and hospital communications capabilities;
- (12)The number of units that are in-service fully equipped, staffed, and operational twenty-four (24) hours a day, the number of units that are fully equipped, but reserved for emergency response, and the maximum number of units that would be placed in the area requested to respond to emergency calls and routine transfers;
  - Applicants for Class 1 ALS rescue must identify the minimum a. number of vehicles used for the provision of ALS rescue (transport and nontransport) on a twenty-four (24) hour per day, seven (7) day per week basis;

Words in struck-through type are deletions from existing text. Words in underscored type are additions.

2		be used for this type of service;
3	(13)	The names and certification numbers of all EMTs and paramedics
4		employed by the applicant;
5	(14)	Written evidence that the applicant has employed or contracted with a
6		medical director if required by Florida law;
7	(15)	A statement from an applicant seeking to perform ALS Services and signed
8		by its medical director attesting that all the applicant's EMTs and
9		paramedics are certified, qualified, and authorized to perform basic and
10		advanced life support;
11	(16)	Other information as may be deemed necessary by the County
12		Administrator or designee;
13	(17)	A sworn statement signed by the applicant or its authorized representative
14		stating that all the information provided by the applicant is true and correct
15		under the penalty of perjury; and
16	(18)	For new applicants, subsections (6)d, (7), (8), (9), (10), (11), (12), (12)b,
17		and (14) of Section $3\frac{1}{2}$ -6(c) must be identified in the application as
18		proposed items because such items are not requirements until such time
19		that the applicants are awarded a certificate by the Board.
20	(d)	Subsequent to receiving the application and application fee, the County will
21	consider the	following information, as applicable, for a certificate:
22	(1)	The application submitted by the applicant.
23	(2)	The approximate number of monthly emergency calls within the applicable
24		area.
	Coding	: Words in struck-through type are deletions from existing text. Words in underscored type are additions.

Applicants for Class 2 - ALS transfer must identify which vehicles will

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- (3) The response times of existing EMS providers, excluding Class 1 ALS rescue and Class 4 ALS air rescue, as compared with the benchmark response times as stated in each EMS provider's most recent application.
- (4) The past performance and service record of the applicant obtained from sources such as hospitals, local public safety agencies, and the State of Florida, Emergency Medical Services Section.
- (5) A County-conducted survey of the community's needs for Class 2 ALS transfer and Class 3 - BLS transport classifications.
- (6) The overall need for the proposed service in the area.
- (7) Other information the County may deem necessary.
- (e) The EMS Review Committee, as established in Section 3½-7 below, must review all new applications for certificates, consider the items in Section 3½-6(d), and make recommendations for approval or denial to the Board through the County Administrator. The EMS Review Committee will review renewal applications for certificates in accordance with Section 3½-8 and make recommendations for approval or denial to the Board through the County Administrator. Based upon the information received in the applications and the recommendation of the EMS Review Committee, and after completion of any appropriate investigation, the County Administrator shall recommend to the Board the granting or denial of certificates reviewed by the EMS Review Committee.
- (f) Subsequent to receiving the recommendation of the County Administrator, the Board must hold a public hearing to consider pending applications for certificates. The County Administrator must provide thirty (30) days' written notice of the public hearing by U.S. mail, or e-mail, or facsimile when authorized, to all applicants, current certificate

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- (i) If the Board denies a certificate, the Division may not accept the same or substantially the same application for a period of twelve (12) months after the date of the denial by the Board. The Board may waive this Section 3½-6(i) if it determines that accepting an application is in the best interests of the County.
- (j) Subsequent to the Board's approval of, but prior to the issuance of, a certificate by the County Administrator, the EMS provider must pay to the County a certificate fee in the amount set by resolution of the Board. The fee will be used to defray the cost of monitoring compliance with this chapter and the rules and regulations promulgated by the County Administrator.
- (k) A certificate for ALS rescue, ALS transfer, and ALS air rescue granted by the Board is valid for the time period established by the Board but not to exceed five (5) years, unless otherwise revoked, suspended, or modified.
- (I) A certificate for BLS transport granted by the Board is valid for the time period established by the Board but not to exceed five (5) years, unless otherwise revoked, suspended, or modified. The County, in its sole discretion, may elect to extend the certificate for additional five (5) year terms upon a finding that the EMS provider has substantially complied with the requirements of this chapter, all applicable rules and regulations, and any contract that the County enters into with the EMS provider. The County must furnish the EMS provider with written notice, at least ninety (90) days prior to the end of the applicable period, of the County's intent to extend the certificate for an additional five-year term.

#### Sec. 3½-7. EMS Review Committee.

(a) The EMS Review Committee is a standing committee established by the Broward Regional Emergency Medical Services Council ("EMS Council") to review new

- (b) The EMS Review Committee shall be composed of seven (7) members from the EMS Council as follows:
  - (1) A representative from the Broward County Sheriff's Office, Fire Rescue Department;
  - (2) A representative from a municipal EMS provider;
  - (3) A representative from a nongovernmental EMS provider;
  - (4) A physician or nurse; and
  - (5) Any three (3) other members of the EMS Council.
  - (c) A quorum for the EMS Review Committee shall be four (4) members.

#### Sec. 3½-8. Renewal of certificates.

- (a) Applications for renewal of certificates must be submitted to the Division using the forms required by the County and accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee in the amount established by resolution of the Board. Applications will not be processed prior to receipt of the applicable fee.
- (b) The Division will review renewal applications for certificates. If the Division has not received any complaints against a current EMS provider within the past certificate period and has investigated the application pursuant to Section 3½-6(d) above, the Division must renew the certificate. If the Division has received a complaint against a current EMS provider within the past certificate period, the Division must forward the

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renewal application to the EMS Review Committee for its review and recommendation to the Board, through the County Administrator. Subsequent to receiving the recommendation of the County Administrator, the Board must hold a public hearing in accordance with Section 3½-6 to consider the renewal application.

## Sec. 3½-9. Transfer or assignment of certificate.

- (a) Certificates issued pursuant to this chapter are not assignable or transferable except upon approval by the Board and subject to the same application, investigation, fees, and public hearing as original applications for certificates.
- (b) A change in a majority of the ownership or a controlling interest of the EMS provider will be deemed a transfer or assignment. This section does not apply to governmental EMS providers.

#### Sec. $3\frac{1}{2}$ -10. Insurance.

(a) Every nongovernmental EMS provider must carry bodily injury and property damage insurance with an insurance carrier or company qualified as an insurance company authorized to transact insurance in the State of Florida to secure payment for any loss or damage resulting from any occurrence arising out of or caused by the operation or use of any of the provider's EMS transport vehicles. Each EMS transport vehicle, including owned, hired, and nonowned vehicles, must be insured for a minimum of One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000) for each occurrence, combined single limit bodily injury, death, or property damage liability. Each EMS provider that employs medical personnel must maintain malpractice insurance in an amount not less than One Million Dollars (\$1,000,000) per person. If an EMS provider does not employ medical personnel, the provider must provide the County with satisfactory evidence of

- (b) Every insurance policy or contract for insurance must provide for the payment and satisfaction of any financial judgment entered against the provider or against any person driving a vehicle of the provider. Certificates of insurance or certified copies of such policies must be filed with the Division. All such insurance policies, certificates of insurance, and certified copies of such insurance policies shall provide for a thirty (30) day notice of cancellation to the County. All such certificates of insurance must show the County as a certificate of insurance holder and that the County is listed and endorsed as an additional insured on all policies required under this section. Thirty (30) days prior to the policy's expiration date, the EMS provider must provide the County with a renewal certificate of insurance.
- (c) Every governmental provider must either furnish evidence of bodily injury, property damage, and malpractice insurance in an amount equal to that for which it would be liable pursuant to the provisions of Section 768.28, Florida Statutes, as amended from time to time, or such governmental provider may furnish a certificate of self-insurance evidencing that it has established an adequate self-insurance plan to cover such risks and that the Florida Department of Insurance has approved the plan. A certificate of self-insurance issued by the Florida Department of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicles is not acceptable evidence of insurance.

#### Sec. 3½-11. Rates.

(a) All certificate holders must provide the Division with a schedule of the rates that they charge for services rendered to patients as part of their application and when new rates are proposed.

(b) All certificate holders must itemize all amounts charged for services rendered when billing or notifying users of their services.

# Sec. 3½-12. Rules, regulations, and reporting.

- (a) EMS providers must comply with all applicable laws, rules, and regulations set forth in Florida law, the Florida Administrative Code, the Broward County Code of Ordinances, and the Broward County Administrative Code.
  - (b) Personnel.
  - (1) An EMS provider must submit in writing the name, level of certification, and expiration date of such certification for each of its employees to the Division and provide written updates of any personnel changes on an annual basis.
  - (2) No EMS provider will permit an EMT, paramedic, or driver to provide patient care if the EMT, paramedic, or driver has pled guilty or nolo contendere or has been convicted, even if adjudication was withheld, of a misdemeanor or felony involving murder, manslaughter, sexual battery, grand theft, or the sale or possession of illegal drugs and has not been discharged from probation or parole or released from incarceration within the past five (5) years. Any person who meets the criteria of a habitual offender under Section 775.084, Florida Statutes, shall not be employed by any EMS provider awarded a certificate by the Board.
  - (3) An EMS provider's personnel records, books, and other records pertaining to its operations must be available for inspection by County representatives at all reasonable times during business hours.

- (4) An EMS provider's personnel must follow and comply with all applicable Florida law, the Florida Administrative Code, and the Broward County Code of Ordinances. In addition, no EMT or paramedic employed by an EMS provider shall:
  - Fail or refuse, after responding to a call, to promptly attend or transport any sick or injured person to the appropriate medical facility;
  - b. Demand or receive compensation other than the established and prescribed fee for service or fail to give a receipt for monies received:
  - c. At any time induce or seek to induce any person engaging an ambulance to patronize or retain the services of any hospital, convalescent home, mortuary, cemetery, attorney, accident investigation agency, nurse, medical doctor, or other service occupation or profession;
  - d. At any time use sirens or emergency lighting unless in route to an emergency call or in transit to a medical care facility with a patient whose condition warrants rapid transportation; or
  - e. Use abusive or obscene language or fail to act in a professional manner.
- (c) General Operations.

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(1) A patient must not be transported from the scene of an emergency call prior to the arrival of a local ALS rescue provider except as directed by a communications center.

Each EMS transport vehicle must be equipped with the medical and

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- f. Persons in an observing capacity who are being trained as paramedics or EMTS; and
- g. Officials authorized by the EMS provider.
- (6) All governmental EMS providers' books and records related to their operations must be kept in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles and are required to be open for inspection by the County's authorized representative upon request. Financial statements must contain the following information as applicable:
  - A balance sheet, income statement, and statement on changes in financial position; and
  - b. Supplemental schedules including detail of revenue expenditures for emergency services; detail of revenues and expenditures for nonemergency service; current period provisions for bad debts and method of write off for receivables, the standards of which are established in the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants (AICPA) Statement on Standards for Accounting and Review Services; loans to or from an entity; and changes of more than ten percent (10%) ownership.
- (d) Standards and Requirements for EMS Providers Providing ALS Services.
- (1) Each ALS rescue vehicle (other than an air ambulance) must be staffed with a minimum of two (2) State licensed paramedics. When ALS is being performed on a patient whose medical condition is so unstable that there is a significant risk of the patient's condition deteriorating while in route to

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an emergency facility, the patient compartment of the ALS rescue vehicle must be staffed by at least one (1) paramedic or licensed physician and either an EMT, an additional physician, or an additional paramedic during transportation to an emergency facility.

- (2) EMS providers must employ or contract with a medical director.
- (3) The EMS providers' medical directors must develop and issue standing orders that are provided to all of the EMS providers' paramedics and all emergency departments to which the entities routinely transport patients, and must be maintained in each of the EMS providers' ALS ground rescue vehicles.
- (4) EMS providers must immediately notify the Division, in writing, of any change in their ALS capability if such change causes the EMS providers to be out of compliance with this chapter or Florida law. The written notice must be submitted at least thirty (30) days after an unanticipated change.
- (5) EMS providers must maintain accurate records of the emergency care and transportation provided to each patient as required by Florida law and the Florida Administrative Code.
- (6) ALS communications:
  - EMS providers must provide continuous telephone access to the public, including telephone communications between the location where they operate or receive calls and the local communications center;

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- EMS providers must provide and maintain the capability for twoway radio communication between the location where they operate or receive calls and each of their transport vehicles;
- c. EMS providers must provide and maintain the capability for UHF two-way radio communication between each of their ALS rescue vehicles and Broward County hospitals in accordance with Florida and County Emergency Medical Service Communication Plans, as well as any additional communication devices as may be reasonably required by the County Administrator or Section 401.015, Florida Statutes; and
- d. EMS providers must maintain the capability to communicate medical information as needed with local and regional hospitals as required by Section 401.015, Florida Statutes.
- (e) Standards and Requirements for EMS Providers Providing BLS Services.
- (1) All emergency calls must be processed in the following manner:
  - a. All pertinent information must be obtained from the caller. At a minimum, the information required to be obtained is the name of the caller, location of the patient, nature of the emergency, and a callback number; and
  - b. Upon receipt of the information, it must be relayed to the applicable communications center.

All emergency calls answered by an EMS provider must be documented, including but not limited to, time clock documentation of the time the call was received and submitted upon request to the Division.

- (2) If circumstances arise that prevent an EMS provider from promptly responding to an emergency backup ambulance call due to unavoidable reasons, the EMS provider's dispatcher must immediately advise the applicable communications center that the requested unit cannot respond. The communications center will dispatch an appropriate emergency backup unit.
- (3) EMS providers must maintain a sufficient number of ambulances to provide prompt routine service.
- (4) Each ambulance that is used for BLS Service must be staffed with a minimum of one (1) State of Florida certified EMT or paramedic and a driver. The driver must either be a State of Florida certified EMT or paramedic or must enroll in a State of Florida certified EMT program within ninety (90) days after commencement of employment or in the first available offered course, and must successfully complete the course to remain eligible to be counted toward the staffing requirement.
- (5) BLS communications:
  - a. EMS providers shall provide continuous telephone access by and to the public including telephone communications between the location where they operate or receive calls and the local communications centers;
  - b. EMS providers must provide and maintain the capability for twoway radio communications between the location where they operate or receive calls and each of their ambulances; and

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- (1) The total number of calls;
  - (2) The total number of patients transported;
  - (3) The total number of routine transfers;
  - (4) For each routine transfer, the origination point, end point, and the length of time of the trip. For example, from hospital to hospital, hospital to home, assisted living facility to hospital, etc.;
  - (5) Response times; and
  - (6) Other information as the County Administrator or designee may deem necessary, as approved by the Board.

# Sec. 3½-13. Issuance of temporary certificates.

(a) In the event that any certificate holder, for any reason or cause, ceases or refuses to provide EMS service within any area or emergency call zone within Broward County, the Board may immediately issue or direct the County Administrator to issue one (1) or more temporary certificates for a period of time not to exceed ninety (90) days, upon such emergency conditions as the Board may require. This time period may be extended for an additional ninety (90) days for any applicant who agrees to make prompt application to become licensed as a State ALS or BLS Service, subject to Board determination that there is no other EMS provider holding the required certificate for that area or emergency call zone, and that the public interest, health, safety, welfare, or convenience will be served by such extension. As a condition for the issuance of a temporary certificate, the applicant must promptly initiate and take the necessary steps to obtain a certificate in accordance with the provisions of this chapter.

In the event there is no reasonably satisfactory applicant for a temporary (b) certificate, the Board may direct the County Administrator to cause the County to perform the necessary ambulance service in compliance with Florida law.

The County Administrator is authorized to grant extensions to certificates for a

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- Complaints. The Division will investigate, in its sole discretion, any and all complaints received concerning the services of EMS providers operating in Broward
  - *Violations*. The following are violations of this chapter:
  - Failing to comply with any provision of this chapter or any rules and
  - Operating, providing, representing to the public, or participating in the business of providing ALS Service or BLS Service without first obtaining
  - Operating an air ambulance, ALS rescue vehicle, or EMS transport vehicle to provide ALS Service or BLS Service if the vehicle does not meet the requirements of this chapter and any rules and regulations promulgated
    - Obtaining a certificate by omitting or falsely stating any material fact on

Obstructing, barring, or otherwise interfering with an inspection,

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- (1) Hearings will be conducted in accordance with Chapter 8½ of the Broward County Code of Ordinances.
- (2) At the conclusion of the hearing, the hearing officer must issue an order stating whether the greater weight of the evidence supports a finding that a violation has occurred and whether revocation, suspension, modification, or a fine is warranted. If a violation is not supported by the greater weight of the evidence, the hearing officer must issue an order stating that no violation has been proven.
- (3) A hearing officer's final determination is reviewable by filing a petition for writ of certiorari to the Circuit Court of the Seventeenth Judicial Circuit in and for Broward County within thirty (30) days after the date of rendition of the hearing officer as provided by and in accordance with the Florida Rules of Appellate Procedure.

# ARTICLE II. NONEMERGENCY MEDICAL TRANSPORTATION Sec. 3½-16. License required.

Every person, firm, corporation, association, local government, or other entity desiring to provide nonemergency medical transportation must obtain a license from the Division pursuant to the provisions herein and subject to such rules and regulations as may be promulgated by the County Administrator pursuant to this chapter, except for vehicles that are exempt from this chapter under Section 3½-3.

# Sec. 3½-17. Application and license for nonemergency medical transportation.

(a) All potential nonemergency medical transportation service providers (individually referred to as "applicant" within this section) desiring to hold a license must

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obtain a license from the Division pursuant to the provisions herein and subject to such rules and regulations as may be promulgated by the County.

- (b) An applicant desiring to obtain a license or renew a license in Broward County must submit an application to the Division on the forms required by the County and accompanied by a nonrefundable application fee in the amount established by resolution of the Board. Applications will not be processed prior to the receipt of the applicable fee.
- (c) Throughout the application process, the applicant must maintain at least one (1) business office located in Broward County at which mail can be received and daily telephone communication is available with an agent of the applicant. If a license is approved, the licensee must maintain one (1) or more business offices in Broward County while providing nonemergency medical transportation service.
- (d) *Applications*. All applications for licenses must include the following information:
  - (1) The geographic area that the applicant desires to serve;
  - (2) The name under which the applicant will operate the nonemergency medical transportation service;
  - (3) The date of incorporation or formation of the local government, firm, corporation, association, or other entity;
  - (4) If the applicant is a corporation, the type and number of shares outstanding and the name and address of all shareholders;
  - (5) The name, address, telephone number, e-mail address, and title of the appropriate government official or, as applicable, the general manager,

owner, officers, and directors of the firm, corporation, association, or other

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- (13) The financial information of a nongovernmental applicant to ensure its financial ability to provide and continue to provide service in a safe, comfortable, and reliable manner to the area. Financial information includes, but is not limited to:
  - a. The applicant's most recent two (2) years of Medicare audits, if any;
  - b. The most recent three (3) years of audited financial statements of the entity and its parent company or holding company, if any. For purposes of this subsection, a parent company or holding company shall mean any person or entity holding, owning, or in control of more than ten percent (10%) of the stock or ownership interest in the applicant's entity;
  - c. If the applicant is a corporation, the type and number of shares outstanding and the name and address of all shareholders; and
  - d. The financial ability of the applicant to pay or have paid any valid claims for personal injury, death, and property damage, including but not limited to providing certificates of insurance or selfinsurance in compliance with this chapter;
- (14) Other information as may be deemed necessary by the County Administrator or designee;
- (15) A sworn statement signed by the applicant or its authorized representative stating that all information provided by the applicant is true and correct under the penalty of perjury; and
- (16) For new applicants, subsections (8), (9), and (10) of Section 3½-17 must be identified in the application as proposed items because such items are

not requirements until such time that the applicant is awarded a license by

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(i) An applicant may appeal the denial of a license. The appeal of a license denial must be in writing and delivered to the Division within ten (10) calendar days after the denial of the license, and must state the factual basis for the appeal. The County Administrator, or designee, must provide a decision on the appeal within thirty (30) days after receipt.

## Sec. 3½-18. Transfer or assignment of license.

- (a) Licenses issued pursuant to this chapter are not assignable or transferable except upon written approval by the Division, and such assignment or transfer is subject to the same application, investigations, fees, and process as original applications for licenses.
- (b) A change in a majority of the ownership or a controlling interest in the nonemergency medical transportation provider constitutes a transfer or assignment.

## Sec. $3\frac{1}{2}$ -19. Insurance.

(a) Every nonemergency medical transportation service provider must carry bodily injury and property damage insurance with an insurance carrier or company qualified as an insurance company authorized to transact insurance in the State of Florida to secure payment for any loss or damage resulting from any occurrence arising out of or caused by the operation or use of any of the nonemergency medical transportation service provider's vehicles. Each transporting vehicle, including owned, hired, and nonowned vehicles, must be insured for a minimum limit of Five Hundred Thousand Dollars (\$500,000) for each occurrence, combined bodily injury and property damage liability. Nonemergency medical transportation service providers are not required to carry malpractice insurance.

(b) Every insurance policy or contract for insurance must provide for the payment and satisfaction of any financial judgment entered against the provider or against any person driving a vehicle of the service. Such insurance must be obtained, and certificates of insurance or certified copies of such policies must be filed with the Division. All such insurance policies, certificates of insurance, and certified copies of such insurance policies must provide for a thirty (30) day notice of cancellation to the County. All such certificates of insurance must show the County as a certificate of insurance holder and that the County is listed and endorsed as an additional insured on all policies required under this section. Thirty (30) days prior to the policy's expiration date, the nonemergency medical transportation service provider must provide the County with a renewal certificate of insurance.

## Sec. 3½-20. Rules, regulations, and reporting.

- (a) Nonemergency medical transportation service providers must comply with all applicable laws, rules, and regulations set forth in Florida law, the Florida Administrative Code, the Broward County Code of Ordinances, and the Broward County Administrative Code.
  - (b) Personnel.
  - (1) Nonemergency medical transportation service providers must ensure that each person employed to drive a nonemergency medical transportation service vehicle is trained, experienced, and otherwise qualified to drive the vehicle.
  - (2) Nonemergency medical transportation service providers must document that each of their drivers of a nonemergency medical transportation vehicle:

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1	a.	Is at least eighteen (18) years old;	
2	b.	Certifies under oath that the driver is not addicted to alcohol or any	
3		controlled substance;	
4	C.	Certifies under oath that he or she is free from any physical or	
5		mental defect or disease that might impair the driver's ability to drive	
6		a nonemergency medical transportation service vehicle;	
7	d.	Has not, within the past three (3) years, pled guilty or nolo	
8		contendere or has been convicted of reckless driving, or driving	
9		under the influence of alcohol or controlled substances, and has not	
10		had a driver's license suspended under the point system provided	
11		for in Chapter 322, Florida Statutes;	
12	e.	Possesses a valid Florida driver's license issued under	
13		Chapter 322, Florida Statutes, and a valid Broward County	
14		Chauffeur's Registration;	
15	f.	Is trained in the appropriate and correct use of special equipment	
16		required for wheelchair and stretcher transport;	
17	g.	Is trained in the National Safety Council's Defensive Driving course	
18		or an equivalent defensive driving course;	
19	h.	Possesses a valid American Red Cross Standard First Aid and	
20		Personal Safety Card or an equivalent first aid and personal safety	
21		card; and	
22	i.	Possesses a valid American Red Cross or American Heart	
23		Association Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation card.	
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- (3) Nonemergency medical transportation service vehicles must be staffed by personnel sufficient for safe loading and unloading of passengers, and an attendant must be present in the passenger compartment at all times when transporting a passenger who is incapacitated or who is on a stretcher or other device in a reclining position.
- (c) Vehicles.
- (1) Prior to issuing a license or a renewal license for the provision of nonemergency medical transportation services and on at least an annual basis, the Division must inspect each vehicle to determine whether it meets all requirements of vehicle design, construction, communications, equipment and supplies, and sanitation in accordance with this chapter. Vehicle permits shall be issued by the Division for vehicles successfully passing such inspections. A vehicle will be removed from service if it is found to be in an unsafe condition. If any vehicle is taken out of service for a safety or equipment violation, it will not be placed back into service until approval is granted by the Division.
- (2) Maintenance and Sanitation. All nonemergency transportation service vehicles must:
  - a. Have interior equipment that is smooth and easily cleaned;
  - b. Have all electrical systems functioning properly;
  - Be free of all hazards including, but not limited to slippery floors, sharp edges, unpadded interior door head clearances, cleaning supplies, and vehicle fluids;

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- Be free of dents and rust that interfere with the safe operation of the vehicles;
- e. At all times meet the requirements of all motor vehicle and traffic laws and regulations of the State of Florida;
- f. Have all equipment in the passenger compartment safely and adequately secured;
- g. Have all doors, latches, and handles in proper working order;
- When transporting passengers on stretchers, have enough clean blankets, linens, or disposable sheets to be used for each passenger; and
- i. Always be maintained in a sanitary manner.
- (3) Vehicle Design. Nonemergency medical transportation service vehicles are required to comply with vehicle design criteria for accessibility under the Americans with Disabilities Act (ADA) as required by federal laws, rules, and regulations, and any other criteria established by Broward County pursuant to ordinance or resolution.
  - a. Nonemergency medical transportation service vehicles intended to be used for, or that are used for, the transportation of individuals in wheelchairs shall be designed and equipped as follows:
    - Each vehicle must have a lift with enough capacity to safely and smoothly lift passengers into the vehicle and meet wheelchair lift/ramp requirements under the ADA;
    - 2. Each vehicle, for each passenger transported, must have two (2) positive means of securely latching or locking the

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wheelchair to the vehicle. The latching or locking device must be designed to prevent any lateral, longitudinal, or vertical motion of the passenger during transport;

- Each vehicle must have, for each passenger transported, restraining belts or straps designed to securely confine the passenger to the wheelchair;
- Each vehicle must have, in addition to the rear-view mirror required by Chapter 316, Florida Statutes, an inside rearview mirror that will enable the driver to view the entire passenger compartment;
- Vehicle entry and exit doors must be equipped with latching devices that prevent doors from closing on passengers during loading or unloading from the vehicle. Striker plates shall be used in conjunction with latching devices;
- Each vehicle must have a smooth floor that has a minimum of voids or pockets at the floor to side wall areas where water or moisture can become trapped;
- 7. The floor covering of the vehicle must be seamless, one (1) piece, permanently applied material and shall extend the full length and width of the passenger compartment. Where side panels and covering meet at the joints and side walls, they shall be sealed and bordered with rustproof, corrosion-resistant cove molding;

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- Each vehicle must carry in the driver's compartment a 1A:10B:C fire extinguisher readily accessible, and charged; and
- The passenger compartment of the vehicle must provide a minimum of fifty inches (50") height, measured from the finished floor to the finished ceiling.
- b. Nonemergency medical transportation service vehicles intended to be used for, or that are used for, the transportation of individuals on a stretcher must comply with Sections 3½-20(c)(3) a.4-9 in addition to the following:
  - Crash-stable side or center mounting style stretcher fasteners specifically designed and manufactured for the stretcher used; and
  - At least three (3) strap-type restraining devices shall be provided per stretcher to prevent longitudinal or transverse dislodgment of the passenger during transit.
- (d) Transportation by Stretcher.
- (1) Prior to transporting a passenger by stretcher, a nonemergency medical transportation service provider is required to obtain from the passenger who requires transport a written certification by a State of Florida licensed physician, physician assistant, or medical director for a State of Florida licensed ALS Service with emergency medical dispatching that the passenger does not need, nor is likely to need, medical attention during transport.

- (2) A nonemergency medical transportation service provider is prohibited from transporting other persons when it transports a passenger on a stretcher, unless the other persons are accompanying the stretcher passenger.
- (e) Nonemergency Medical Transportation Service Communications.
- A nonemergency medical transportation service provider must provide continuous telephone access for the public.
- (2) A nonemergency medical transportation service provider must provide and maintain the capability for two-way communications between the location from which it operates or receives calls and each of its transportation vehicles. This may be accomplished with the use of cellular telephones.
- (f) Advertising. All advertising or other solicitation for business by a nonemergency medical transportation service provider must emphasize in a conspicuous manner that the service does not provide medical attention, and that the service provided is designed for those persons whose physical impairments render it impractical to use regular common carrier or taxi services. The term "ambulance" cannot be used to identify any nonemergency medical transportation service vehicle or service or be used in any service advertisement.
  - (g) Records.
  - (1) Nonemergency medical transportation service providers must maintain in a readily accessible format the following information:
    - a. Current personnel records for each employee indicating the date of employment and qualifications held by each employee with yearly updates for criminal and traffic-related background checks as provided for in this chapter;

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Records of each nonemergency medical transportation service

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1 (4) Other information as the County Administrator or designee may deem 2 necessary, as approved by the Board. 3 Sec. 3½-21. Complaints, Violations, Penalties, Hearings. Complaints. The Division will investigate, in its sole discretion, any 4 (a) 5 complaints it receives concerning the services of nonemergency medical transportation 6 providers operating in Broward County. 7 (b) Violations. The following are violations of Article II, Nonemergency 8 Medical Transportation, of this chapter: 9 (1) Failing to comply with any provision of Article II of this chapter or the rules 10 and regulations promulgated pursuant to this chapter; (2) Operating, providing, representing to the public, or participating in the 11 12 business of providing nonemergency medical transportation services 13 without first obtaining a license from the County; 14 (3)Operating a vehicle providing nonemergency medical transportation 15 services if the vehicle does not meet the requirements of Article II of this 16 chapter and the rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this 17 chapter; 18 (4) Obtaining a license by omitting or falsely stating any material fact on the 19 application for the license; 20 (5) Obstructing, barring, or otherwise interfering with an inspection, 21 assessment, or review conducted under Article II of this chapter or the 22 rules and regulations promulgated pursuant to this chapter; 23 24 Words in struck-through type are deletions from existing text. Words in Coding: underscored type are additions.

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Ordinance. If any court determines that this Ordinance, in whole or in part, cannot be

legally applied to any individual, group, entity, property, or circumstance, such 2 determination will not affect the applicability of this Ordinance to any other individual, 3 group, entity, property, or circumstance. Section 3. Inclusion in the Broward County Code of Ordinances. 4 5 It is the intention of the Board of County Commissioners that the provisions of this 6 Ordinance become part of the Broward County Code of Ordinances as of the effective 7 date. The sections of this Ordinance may be renumbered or relettered and the word 8 "ordinance" may be changed to "section," "article," or such other appropriate word or 9 phrase to the extent necessary in order to accomplish such intention. 10 Section 4. Effective Date. This Ordinance is effective as of the date provided by law. 11 12 13 **ENACTED** FILED WITH THE DEPARTMENT OF STATE 14 15 **EFFECTIVE** 16 17 Approved as to form and legal sufficiency: Andrew J. Meyers, County Attorney 18 19 00/00/19 By /s/ (in italics) Adam Katzman (date) 20 Senior Assistant County Attorney 21 By /s/ (in italics) 00/00/19 22 René D. Harrod (date) Deputy County Attorney 23 24

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AMK/tb **Emergency Medical Services Ordinance** 8/27/19 Words in struck-through type are deletions from existing text. Words in underscored type are additions. Coding: