

Before Starting the CoC Application

You must submit all three of the following parts in order for us to consider your Consolidated Application complete:

1. the CoC Application,
2. the CoC Priority Listing, and
3. all the CoC's project applications that were either approved and ranked, or rejected.

As the Collaborative Applicant, you are responsible for reviewing the following:

1. The FY 2021 CoC Program Competition Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) for specific application and program requirements.
2. The FY 2021 CoC Application Detailed Instructions which provide additional information and guidance for completing the application.
3. All information provided to ensure it is correct and current.
4. Responses provided by project applicants in their Project Applications.
5. The application to ensure all documentation, including attachment are provided.

Your CoC Must Approve the Consolidated Application before You Submit It
- 24 CFR 578.9 requires you to compile and submit the CoC Consolidated Application for the FY 2021 CoC Program Competition on behalf of your CoC.

- 24 CFR 578.9(b) requires you to obtain approval from your CoC before you submit the Consolidated Application into e-snaps.

Answering Multi-Part Narrative Questions

Many questions require you to address multiple elements in a single text box. Number your responses to correspond with multi-element questions using the same numbers in the question. This will help you organize your responses to ensure they are complete and help us to review and score your responses.

Attachments

Questions requiring attachments to receive points state, "You Must Upload an Attachment to the 4B. Attachments Screen." Only upload documents responsive to the questions posed—including other material slows down the review process, which ultimately slows down the funding process. Include a cover page with the attachment name.

- Attachments must match the questions they are associated with—if we do not award points for evidence you upload and associate with the wrong question, this is not a valid reason for you to appeal HUD's funding determination.

- We must be able to read the date and time on attachments requiring system-generated dates and times, (e.g., a screenshot displaying the time and date of the public posting using your desktop calendar; screenshot of a webpage that indicates date and time).

1A. Continuum of Care (CoC) Identification

To help you complete the CoC Application, HUD published resources at https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/comm_planning/coc/competition, including:

- Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 Continuum of Care Program Competition
- FY 2021 CoC Application Detailed Instructions—essential in helping you maximize your CoC Application score by giving specific guidance on how to respond to many questions and providing specific information about attachments you must upload
- 24 CFR part 578

1A-1. CoC Name and Number: FL-601 - Ft Lauderdale/Broward County CoC

1A-2. Collaborative Applicant Name: Broward County, Florida

1A-3. CoC Designation: CA

1A-4. HMIS Lead: Broward County, Florida

1B. Coordination and Engagement–Inclusive Structure and Participation

To help you complete the CoC Application, HUD published resources at https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/comm_planning/coc/competition, including:
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1B-1.	Inclusive Structure and Participation–Participation in Coordinated Entry.	
	NOFO Sections VII.B.1.a.(1), VII.B.1.e., VII.B.1.n., and VII.B.1.p.	

In the chart below for the period from May 1, 2020 to April 30, 2021:	
1.	select yes or no in the chart below if the entity listed participates in CoC meetings, voted—including selecting CoC Board members, and participated in your CoC’s coordinated entry system; or
2.	select Nonexistent if the organization does not exist in your CoC’s geographic area:

	Organization/Person	Participated in CoC Meetings	Voted, Including Electing of CoC Board Members	Participated in CoC’s Coordinated Entry System
1.	Affordable Housing Developer(s)	No	No	No
2.	Agencies serving survivors of human trafficking	Yes	Yes	No
3.	CDBG/HOME/ESG Entitlement Jurisdiction	Yes	Yes	Yes
4.	CoC-Funded Victim Service Providers	Yes	Yes	No
5.	CoC-Funded Youth Homeless Organizations	Yes	No	Yes
6.	Disability Advocates	Yes	No	Yes
7.	Disability Service Organizations	Yes	No	No
8.	Domestic Violence Advocates	Yes	Yes	Yes
9.	EMS/Crisis Response Team(s)	Yes	No	No
10.	Homeless or Formerly Homeless Persons	Yes	Yes	Yes
11.	Hospital(s)	Yes	Yes	Yes
12.	Indian Tribes and Tribally Designated Housing Entities (TDHEs) (Tribal Organizations)	No	No	No
13.	Law Enforcement	Yes	Yes	Yes
14.	Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender (LGBT) Advocates	Yes	No	Yes
15.	LGBT Service Organizations	Yes	No	No
16.	Local Government Staff/Officials	Yes	Yes	Yes
17.	Local Jail(s)	Yes	Yes	Yes
18.	Mental Health Service Organizations	Yes	No	Yes

19.	Mental Illness Advocates	Yes	No	No
20.	Non-CoC Funded Youth Homeless Organizations	Yes	Yes	No
21.	Non-CoC-Funded Victim Service Providers	Yes	No	No
22.	Organizations led by and serving Black, Brown, Indigenous and other People of Color	Yes	No	Yes
23.	Organizations led by and serving LGBT persons	Yes	No	Yes
24.	Organizations led by and serving people with disabilities	Yes	No	Yes
25.	Other homeless subpopulation advocates	Yes	Yes	No
26.	Public Housing Authorities	Yes	Yes	Yes
27.	School Administrators/Homeless Liaisons	Yes	Yes	Yes
28.	Street Outreach Team(s)	Yes	No	Yes
29.	Substance Abuse Advocates	Yes	No	No
30.	Substance Abuse Service Organizations	Yes	No	No
31.	Youth Advocates	Yes	Yes	Yes
32.	Youth Service Providers	Yes	Yes	Yes
Other:(limit 50 characters)				
33.	Chamber of Commerce	Yes	Yes	No
34.	Business Council on Homelessness	Yes	Yes	No

1B-2.	Open Invitation for New Members.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.a.(2)	

Describe in the field below how your CoC:	
1.	communicated the invitation process annually to solicit new members to join the CoC;
2.	ensured effective communication with individuals with disabilities, including the availability of accessible electronic formats;
3.	conducted outreach to ensure persons experiencing homelessness or formerly homeless persons are encouraged to join your CoC; and
4.	invited organizations serving culturally specific communities experiencing homelessness in the geographic area to address equity (e.g., Black, Latino, Indigenous, persons with disabilities).

(limit 2,000 characters)

- 1.The Broward CoC solicits new members through several methods. These include inviting prospective members to the CoC board meetings, participate in focus groups, and building one on one relationships. Each current Homeless Continuum of Care (“HCoC”) Board Member is charged with the responsibility to recruit new members to either the advisory board or to the CoC network of providers. Member who may be subject matter experts are also recruited to participate in one of the HCoC Committees. The committees include the Performance Outcomes Needs and Gap, HMIS Data, the Housing Action Committee, Homeless Providers and Stakeholders Council.
2. All CoC meetings are noticed publicly and open to the general public to attend and participate.
Public notifications that are posted on the County and HIP website must be ADA compliant.
- 3.Through our shelter intakes and interaction with the street outreach team, individuals experiencing homelessness are encouraged to attend and participate in all meetings. Each year the CoC hold a Homeless Symposium that is facilitated by the County Office of Learning and Development. At the

Symposium individuals who live on the street are invited to have discussions around accessibility and service delivery. Additionally, individuals who are experiencing homelessness attend the Consumer Advocacy Committee meetings monthly to provide feedback on an array of topics to help improve the system of care.

4. Organizations serving culturally specific communities are actively recruited to participate in the CoC meetings as well as apply for funding through the Collaborative Applicant (“CA”). The (“CA”) is an entity within Broward County Government. The past two years intentional efforts have been made to ensure all staff attend Diversity Racial Inequity training. This past year this requirement was added to all contracts for sub recipients as well.

1B-3.	CoC’s Strategy to Solicit/Consider Opinions on Preventing and Ending Homelessness.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.a.(3)	

Describe in the field below how your CoC:

1.	solicited and considered opinions from a broad array of organizations and individuals that have knowledge of homelessness, or an interest in preventing and ending homelessness;
2.	communicated information during public meetings or other forums your CoC uses to solicit public information; and
3.	took into consideration information gathered in public meetings or forums to address improvements or new approaches to preventing and ending homelessness.

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. Broward's CoC has adopted several strategies for both preventing and addressing street homelessness. This past year with the pandemics proved to be challenging due to the increase in first time street homeless. The strategies include the active engagement with the 31 municipalities throughout Broward County. Both elected officials and staff in each municipality is invited to the CoC or met with to discuss the impact of homelessness in their community. The Point in Time data is aggregated by municipality and distributed to educate and raise awareness street homelessness. The service delivery model for the funded street outreach team has been updated to include more intensive case management from the street, rather than wait for individuals to reach shelter.

2. The Broward CoC communicates information during public meetings and/or committee meetings, as well as solicits other strategies from the public. This is done throughout the year (monthly).

3. Individuals living on the street are actively engaged for their input on accessibility and service delivery through informal meetings on the street, quarterly questions asked by the street outreach team and the annual symposium's facilitation of individuals residing on the street. This information is used to create services to address basic health and safety were initiated during the pandemic. The implementation of fully functional portable restrooms and mobile showers was a direct result of input from these venues. Prevention is always a discussion that is brought up, especially during the pandemic this past year. The Family Success Administration Division is the homeless prevention division that works collaborative with the CA. They are distributing the 59K of Cares Act funds for prevention. This is consistently noted in all written material, through the Homeless Helpline, social media, the CA's webpage, and all County media sources.

1B-4.	Public Notification for Proposals from Organizations Not Previously Funded.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.a.(4)	

	Describe in the field below how your CoC notified the public:
1.	that your CoC's local competition was open and accepting project applications;
2.	that your CoC will consider project applications from organizations that have not previously received CoC Program funding;
3.	about how project applicants must submit their project applications;
4.	about how your CoC would determine which project applications it would submit to HUD for funding; and
5.	how your CoC effectively communicated with individuals with disabilities, including making information accessible in electronic formats.

(limit 2,000 characters)

1.The CoC actively solicits proposals from organizations that have not been previously funded. In 2021, the County had one of its largest Request for Proposals (“RFP”) published for all services offered by the CA. The results yielded two new smaller providers who had not been funded by the County. 2.There have been intentional efforts by the Collaborative Applicant (“CA”) to reach out to smaller, new or project previously not funded. Notice is also posted on social media. The NOFO was published in the local newspaper, posted on multiple websites, and sent out via list serve. Additionally, all board and committee members were asked to distribute the RFP. This resulted in 3 new applications from providers previously not funded, 1 of which is being submitted with the CA package for the 2021 NOFO bonus project. 3.The applications are submitted electronically via email to the Grants Coordinator. This is discussed during all RFP workshops and the email address is posted to the CA website and emailed out. 4.The rating and ranking tool is reviewed and approved by the HCoC Board and posted to the County and HIP website prior to the closing of the RFP to allow for transparency and fairness. The projects are ranked by a committee made up of QA subject matter experts, a financial subject matter expert, and two CA staff to help with technical assistance. The projects are rated on a scale 1-100 and then ranked according to the score. The results are presented to the PONG committee and the HCoC Board and subjected to review and a vote for the results. 5.The CoC effectively communicates with individuals with disabilities through all communication venues. All material is ADA compliant; the workshop is also presented in Close Caption (“CC”) as well as recorded with CC. If any special accommodations are requested that are immediately met. On 10/19/2021, the Broward County Board of County Commissioners approved the submission of the 2021 NOFO (item number 21-1734).

1C. Coordination and Engagement–Coordination with Federal, State, Local, Private, and Other Organiza

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1C-1.	Coordination with Federal, State, Local, Private, and Other Organizations.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.b.	

In the chart below:

- | | |
|----|--|
| 1. | select yes or no for entities listed that are included in your CoC’s coordination, planning, and operations of projects that serve individuals, families, unaccompanied youth, persons who are fleeing domestic violence who are experiencing homelessness, or those at risk of homelessness; or |
| 2. | select Nonexistent if the organization does not exist within your CoC’s geographic area. |

	Entities or Organizations Your CoC Coordinates with for Planning or Operations of Projects	Coordinates with Planning or Operations of Projects
1.	Funding Collaboratives	Yes
2.	Head Start Program	No
3.	Housing and services programs funded through Local Government	Yes
4.	Housing and services programs funded through other Federal Resources (non-CoC)	Yes
5.	Housing and services programs funded through private entities, including Foundations	Yes
6.	Housing and services programs funded through State Government	Yes
7.	Housing and services programs funded through U.S. Department of Health and Human Services (HHS)	Yes
8.	Housing and services programs funded through U.S. Department of Justice (DOJ)	Yes
9.	Housing Opportunities for Persons with AIDS (HOPWA)	Yes
10.	Indian Tribes and Tribally Designated Housing Entities (TDHEs) (Tribal Organizations)	No
11.	Organizations led by and serving Black, Brown, Indigenous and other People of Color	Yes
12.	Organizations led by and serving LGBT persons	Yes
13.	Organizations led by and serving people with disabilities	Yes
14.	Private Foundations	Yes
15.	Public Housing Authorities	Yes
16.	Runaway and Homeless Youth (RHY)	Yes
17.	Temporary Assistance for Needy Families (TANF)	Yes
	Other:(limit 50 characters)	

18.	Business Council on Homelessness	Yes
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1C-2.	CoC Consultation with ESG Program Recipients.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.b.	

Describe in the field below how your CoC:

1.	consulted with ESG Program recipients in planning and allocating ESG and ESG-CV funds;
2.	participated in evaluating and reporting performance of ESG Program recipients and subrecipients;
3.	provided Point-in-Time (PIT) count and Housing Inventory Count (HIC) data to the Consolidated Plan jurisdictions within its geographic area; and
4.	provided information to Consolidated Plan Jurisdictions within your CoC's geographic area so it could be addressed in Consolidated Plan update.

(limit 2,000 characters)

On an annual basis, the CoC's Performance Outcomes Needs Gaps (PONG) Committee reviews ESG programmatic rules and the CoC's need for housing using data from street outreach and the PIT and HIC Count to determine gaps and needs in services for all funding streams. This year the PIT count was held in March and extended for 10 days due to the pandemic. Instead of volunteer's staff was hired to complete the count. Once the data is reviewed through an extensive QA process, it is provided to ESG providers and ESG funders for incorporation into their consolidated plans. Additionally, ESG providers and funders are all invited to attend HCoC committee meetings, the Local Homeless Provider/Stakeholders meetings, and the HCoC Board meetings. Needs and Gaps are a standing agenda items that are discussed. This year Broward County received over 5 million dollars in ESG- CV funding. The data from needs and gaps discussion was used to craft contracts for services needed due to the pandemic. These included mobile showers, fully functional portable bathrooms, rapid rehousing, essential shelter services and street outreach. A clear need to engage COVID testing and vaccinations for street homeless and those in shelter. Funds were used to support these initiatives.

1C-3.	Ensuring Families are not Separated.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.c.	

Select yes or no in the chart below to indicate how your CoC ensures emergency shelter, transitional housing, and permanent housing (PSH and RRH) do not deny admission or separate family members regardless of each family member's self-reported gender:

1.	Conducted mandatory training for all CoC- and ESG-funded service providers to ensure families are not separated.	Yes
2.	Conducted optional training for all CoC- and ESG-funded service providers to ensure families are not separated.	Yes
3.	Worked with ESG recipient(s) to adopt uniform anti-discrimination policies for all subrecipients.	No
4.	Worked with ESG recipient(s) to identify both CoC- and ESG-funded facilities within your CoC's geographic area that might be out of compliance and took steps to work directly with those facilities to bring them into compliance.	Yes
5.	Sought assistance from HUD by submitting AAQs or requesting technical assistance to resolve noncompliance of service providers.	Yes

6. Other. (limit 150 characters)	
Work with the local Department of Children and Families community based child welfare lead agency	Yes

1C-4.	CoC Collaboration Related to Children and Youth–SEAs, LEAs, Local Liaisons & State Coordinators.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.d.	

Describe in the field below:

1.	how your CoC collaborates with youth education providers;
2.	your CoC's formal partnerships with youth education providers;
3.	how your CoC collaborates with State Education Agency (SEA) and Local Education Agency (LEA);
4.	your CoC's formal partnerships with SEAs and LEAs;
5.	how your CoC collaborates with school districts; and
6.	your CoC's formal partnerships with school districts.

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. The CoC collaborates with the Broward County School Board through the committee meetings, attendance at staffing, and the Heart Education Assistance Coordinator (“HEART”). The HEART Coordinator who is employed by the School Board of Broward County, the Local Education Agency, (“LEA”), holds a seat on the HCoC Board. She provides monthly updates on the status of homeless youth in the school system and communicates and trends or needs to the board so that they can be considered during the design of any RFP’s.
2. The emergency shelter system works closely to ensure students do not fall through the cracks and that parents are made aware of the educational right of children while staying at an emergency shelter. Registration in schools as well as the transportation, supplies, uniforms, and equipment are all addressed with families upon admission to a shelter. If a family resides on the street the CoC has a Family Crisis waitlist that is managed by the CA. Once identified all efforts are made to ensure education needs are assessed and address.
3. The State Educational Agency is the Florida Department of Education (“SEA”). The main collaboration is done through the Local Education Agency (“LEA”) which is the Broward County Board of Education and Heart Coordinator to ensure the needs of local family and children are addressed. This is done through staffing’s, the HCoC meeting and the Youth and Families Committee meeting which the HEART Coordinator chairs.
4. The LEA is the Broward County School District as described above there are several formal and informal collaboration. 5&6 The CA collaborates with the school district through staffing’s, the Youth and Family Committee meetings chaired by an employee of the school board, the HCoC Advisory Board meeting, and the Point in Time Count. During the past year a demonstration of HMIS was provided to members of the school district. They are working with the Attorneys to move implementation forward.

1C-4a.	CoC Collaboration Related to Children and Youth–Educational Services–Informing Individuals and Families Experiencing Homelessness about Eligibility.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.d.	

Describe in the field below written policies and procedures your CoC adopted to inform individuals and families who become homeless of their eligibility for educational services.

(limit 2,000 characters)

Currently, the CoC has not formal written plans that inform individuals or families experiencing homelessness about eligibility. This is however a common conversation with those experiencing homelessness.

1C-4b.	CoC Collaboration Related to Children and Youth–Educational Services–Written/Formal Agreements or Partnerships with Early Childhood Services Providers.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.d.	

Select yes or no in the chart below to indicate whether your CoC has written formal agreements or partnerships with the listed providers of early childhood services:

	MOU/MOA	Other Formal Agreement
1. Birth to 3 years	No	No
2. Child Care and Development Fund	No	No
3. Early Childhood Providers	No	No
4. Early Head Start	No	No
5. Federal Home Visiting Program–(including Maternal, Infant and Early Childhood Home and Visiting or MIECHV)	No	No
6. Head Start	No	No
7. Healthy Start	No	Yes
8. Public Pre-K	No	Yes
9. Tribal Home Visiting Program	No	No
Other (limit 150 characters)		
10. Broward County Board of Education	No	Yes

1C-5.	Addressing Needs of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking Survivors–Annual Training–Best Practices.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.e.	

Describe in the field below how your CoC coordinates to provide training for:

1.	Project staff that addresses safety and best practices (e.g., trauma-informed, victim-centered) on safety and planning protocols in serving survivors of domestic violence and indicate the frequency of the training in your response (e.g., monthly, semi-annually); and
2.	Coordinated Entry staff that addresses safety and best practices (e.g., trauma informed care) on safety and planning protocols in serving survivors of domestic violence and indicate the frequency of the training in your response (e.g., monthly, semi-annually).

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. The CoC coordinates domestic violence training, dating violence, sexual assault and stalking training through the only certified domestic violence provider in Broward County. These trainings follow best practices. Trainings are coordinated annually and held at a partner's location throughout Broward County. Two sessions were sponsored by the CoC and facilitated by the DV provider. Subtopics included: types of domestic violence, why victims return, economic challenges faced by domestic violence victims and safety and confidentiality in the homeless system. Providers and Coordinated entry staff

were in attendance. DV training has also become required quarterly in meetings each year.

2.The CoC’s CEA team is housed within the CA. The work closely with the domestic violence provider to address all safety protocols and best practices regarding trauma informed care when work with the DV shelter to housing a client in PSH or RRH. In 2018, the CA implemented mandatory training in the provider handbook. There are 40 hours of topics that must be completed annually and are monitored annually during the annual monitoring. The topics include; HIPPA, Security Awareness, Domestic Violence, HMIS, 16 hours of assigned webinars from the NAEH, Civil Rights, Racial Equity, HIV/AIDs, and attending the CA annual 8 hour workshop. Trainings to address special sub populations are held during this workshop.

1C-5a.	Addressing Needs of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking Survivors–Using De-identified Aggregate Data.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.e.	

Describe in the field below how your CoC uses de-identified aggregate data from a comparable database to assess the special needs related to domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, and stalking survivors.

(limit 2,000 characters)

Our certified Domestic Violence provider uses a “Osniun” which is a comparable data base. They are required to submit quarterly outcome performance measures per contract. The outcomes that are formally addressed include 1) percentage of individuals who obtain permanent housing, 2) percental of individuals who increase income all sources, and 3) percentage of individuals who maintain permanent housing 6 months post program discharge. If these outcomes are not met, a narrative is provided as to the barriers and a discussion is had quarterly to address barriers to obtainment. The project also submits a basic demographic report that reviews the numbers serviced broken out by gender, age, and ethnicity. Additionally, they participate in weekly shelter calls, the monthly Homeless Provider Stakeholder’s meeting where needs and gaps in services are routinely addressed.

1C-5b.	Addressing Needs of Domestic Violence, Dating Violence, Sexual Assault, and Stalking Survivors–Coordinated Assessment–Safety, Planning, and Confidentiality Protocols.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.e.	

Describe in the field below how your CoC’s coordinated entry system protocols incorporate trauma-informed, victim-centered approaches while maximizing client choice for housing and services that:

- | | |
|----|----------------------------------|
| 1. | prioritize safety; |
| 2. | use emergency transfer plan; and |
| 3. | ensure confidentiality. |

(limit 2,000 characters)

1.The certified Domestic Violence Provider (“DVP”) does not make referrals through the Homeless Management Information System (“HMIS”). Shelter referrals are made via phone from other shelters, the Homeless Helpline or the

individuals are referral to the DVP's own confidential helpline for intakes. The provider does use the Coordinated Entry and Assessment ("CEA") team at the County who is part of the CA. The process for the domestic violence providers referrals is completed via phone. The staff at the DVP complete a housing barrier assessment and then provide that data to the CEA team so that the appropriate and desired housing intervention can be made. The referral is then made to the housing and case management provider via phone. 3
 2.The providers are provided the Violence Against Women Act ("VAWA") emergency transfer plan process which they incorporate into their policies. When and if a treat of imminent harm for violence is noted by the client, the provider immediately works to get the client rehoused and ensure the proper documentation is made. Depending up on the circumstances that documentation is either in a comparable data base or HMIS. If it is deemed necessary due to the circumstances the information is not entered in HMIS.
 3.All measures are taken to ensure clients confidentiality. This year the DVP was awarded a housing project through the General Funds RFP process. This will allow enhanced ability to help house and serve those individuals who are victims of domestic violence while protecting confidentiality.

1C-6.	Addressing the Needs of Lesbian, Gay, Bisexual, Transgender–Anti-Discrimination Policy and Training.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.f.	

	1. Did your CoC implement a written CoC-wide anti-discrimination policy ensuring that LGBT individuals and families receive supportive services, shelter, and housing free from discrimination?	Yes
	2. Did your CoC conduct annual CoC-wide training with providers on how to effectively implement the Equal Access to Housing in HUD Programs Regardless of Sexual Orientation or Gender Identity (Equal Access Final Rule)?	No
	3. Did your CoC conduct annual CoC-wide training with providers on how to effectively implement Equal Access to Housing in HUD Programs in Accordance with an Individual's Gender Identity (Gender Identity Final Rule)?	Yes

1C-7.	Public Housing Agencies within Your CoC's Geographic Area–New Admissions–General/Limited Preference–Moving On Strategy. You Must Upload an Attachment(s) to the 4B. Attachments Screen.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.g.	

Enter information in the chart below for the two largest PHAs highlighted in gray on the CoC-PHA Crosswalk Report at <https://files.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/FY-2020-CoC-PHA-Crosswalk-Report.pdf> or the two PHAs your CoC has a working relationship with—if there is only one PHA in your CoC's geographic area, provide information on the one:

Public Housing Agency Name	Enter the Percent of New Admissions into Public Housing and Housing Choice Voucher Program During FY 2020 who were experiencing homelessness at entry	Does the PHA have a General or Limited Homeless Preference?	Does the PHA have a Preference for current PSH program participants no longer needing intensive supportive services, e.g., Moving On?
The City of Fort Lauderdale Public Housing Authority	1%	Yes-Both	Yes
Dania Beach Public Housing Authority	1%	Yes-Both	Yes

1C-7a.	Written Policies on Homeless Admission Preferences with PHAs.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.g.	
	Describe in the field below:	
1.	steps your CoC has taken, with the two largest PHAs within your CoC's geographic area or the two PHAs your CoC has working relationships with, to adopt a homeless admission preference—if your CoC only has one PHA within its geographic area, you may respond for the one; or	
2.	state that your CoC has not worked with the PHAs in its geographic area to adopt a homeless admission preference.	

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. For the past two year, the CoC and CA have been working with the City of Fort Lauderdale Public Housing Authority (“COFLHA”), Broward County Housing Authority (“BCHA”) and Dania Beach Public Housing Authority to adopt a homeless admission preference. Each PHA has a 5-year strategic plan that outlines the mission to provide preference to individuals experiencing homelessness. The City of Fort Lauderdale and BCHA are the two largest PHA in Broward County. During the first year, the CoC was able to obtain main 30 Mainstream Vouchers (“MSV”) from COFLHA and 10 MSV from the Dania Beach Housing Authority. We now have a formal MOU and continue to receive MSV from both PHA’s annually. These are reserved for individuals experiencing homeless who are participating in our “Move On” project. Additionally, in June of 2021, BCHA and COFLA received the Emergency Housing Vouchers (“EHV”) from HUD. The COC entered into a formal MOU agreement with both PHA and provides the coordination of access points and the CEA process for all EHV referrals. Referrals are submitted in HMIS to the CEA team who then review and screen the referrals and prioritize them for submission to BCHA and COFLHA. The CoC hired housing navigators to expedite the move in for individuals in this project. Out of the 271 vouchers 80 have been process and sent to PHA and XXXX have been leased up.
2.N/A

1C-7b.	Moving On Strategy with Affordable Housing Providers.	
	Not Scored–For Information Only	

Select yes or no in the chart below to indicate affordable housing providers in your CoC's jurisdiction that your recipients use to move program participants to other subsidized housing:

1.	Multifamily assisted housing owners	No
2.	PHA	Yes
3.	Low Income Tax Credit (LIHTC) developments	Yes
4.	Local low-income housing programs	Yes
	Other (limit 150 characters)	
5.		

1C-7c.	Including PHA-Funded Units in Your CoC's Coordinated Entry System.	
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NOFO Section VII.B.1.g.

Does your CoC include PHA-funded units in the CoC's coordinated entry process?	Yes
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1C-7c.1. Method for Including PHA-Funded Units in Your CoC's Coordinated Entry System.	
NOFO Section VII.B.1.g.	

If you selected yes in question 1C-7c., describe in the field below:

- | |
|--|
| 1. how your CoC includes the units in its Coordinated Entry process; and |
| 2. whether your CoC's practices are formalized in written agreements with the PHA, e.g., MOUs. |

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. Broward's CoC has formal MOU's with BCHA, COFLHA and Dania Beach Housing Authority. Both projects are coordinated through the CEA team at Broward County. Referrals are made from providers or access points to the CEA team through HMIS. The referrals are then processed in accordance with the CEA Written Standards of Care. The CEA Written Standards of Care are reviewed annually by the CEA workgroup which is made up of providers, advocates, formally homeless, and other stakeholders. They are then reviewed and voted on by the Housing Action Committee, the Performance Outcome Needs and Gap Committee and then finally by the HCoC Board.

2. Broward's CoC has formal MOU's with BCHA, COFLHA and Dania Beach Housing Authority. There are currently two types of vouchers used from the PHAs. The MSV program for the "Move On" has vouchers provided by the Dania Beach Housing Authority and COFLHA. There is an average of 40 MSV annually. The second type of voucher is the EHV project. The EHV's are from BCHA and COFLHA.

1C-7d. Submitting CoC and PHA Joint Applications for Funding for People Experiencing Homelessness.	
NOFO Section VII.B.1.g.	

Did your CoC coordinate with a PHA(s) to submit a joint application(s) for funding of projects serving families experiencing homelessness (e.g., applications for mainstream vouchers, Family Unification Program (FUP), other non-federal programs)?	No
---	----

1C-7d.1. CoC and PHA Joint Application—Experience—Benefits.	
NOFO Section VII.B.1.g.	

If you selected yes to question 1C-7d, describe in the field below:

- | |
|---|
| 1. the type of joint project applied for; |
| 2. whether the application was approved; and |
| 3. how your CoC and families experiencing homelessness benefited from the coordination. |

(limit 2,000 characters)

N/A

1C-7e.	Coordinating with PHA(s) to Apply for or Implement HCV Dedicated to Homelessness Including American Rescue Plan Vouchers.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.g.	

Did your CoC coordinate with any PHA to apply for or implement funding provided for Housing Choice Vouchers dedicated to homelessness, including vouchers provided through the American Rescue Plan?	Yes
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1C-7e.1.	Coordinating with PHA(s) to Administer Emergency Housing Voucher (EHV) Program–List of PHAs with MOUs.	
	Not Scored–For Information Only	

Did your CoC enter into a Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with any PHA to administer the EHV Program?	Yes
---	-----

If you select yes, you must use the list feature below to enter the name of every PHA your CoC has entered into a MOU with to administer the Emergency Housing Voucher Program.

PHA
Broward County Ho...
City of Fort Laud...
Dania Beach Publi...

1C-7e.1. List of PHAs with MOUs

Name of PHA: Broward County Housing Authority

1C-7e.1. List of PHAs with MOUs

Name of PHA: City of Fort Lauderdale Housing Authority

1C-7e.1. List of PHAs with MOUs

Name of PHA: Dania Beach Public Housing Authority.

1C. Coordination and Engagement–Coordination with Federal, State, Local, Private, and Other Organiza

1C-8.	Discharge Planning Coordination.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.h.	

Select yes or no in the chart below to indicate whether your CoC actively coordinates with the systems of care listed to ensure persons who have resided in them longer than 90 days are not discharged directly to the streets, emergency shelters, or other homeless assistance programs.

1. Foster Care	Yes
2. Health Care	Yes
3. Mental Health Care	Yes
4. Correctional Facilities	Yes

1C-9.	Housing First–Lowering Barriers to Entry.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.i.	

1.	Enter the total number of new and renewal CoC Program-funded PSH, RRH, SSO non-coordinated entry, Safe-Haven, and Transitional Housing projects your CoC is applying for in FY 2021 CoC Program Competition.	28
2.	Enter the total number of new and renewal CoC Program-funded PSH, RRH, SSO non-coordinated entry, Safe-Haven, and Transitional Housing projects your CoC is applying for in FY 2021 CoC Program Competition that have adopted the Housing First approach.	28
3.	This number is a calculation of the percentage of new and renewal PSH, RRH, Safe-Haven, SSO non-coordinated entry projects the CoC has ranked in its CoC Priority Listing in the FY 2021 CoC Program Competition that reported that they are lowering barriers to entry and prioritizing rapid placement and stabilization to permanent housing.	100%

1C-9a.	Housing First–Project Evaluation.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.i.	

Describe in the field below how your CoC regularly evaluates projects to ensure those that commit to using a Housing First approach are prioritizing rapid placement and stabilization in permanent housing and are not requiring service participation or preconditions of program participants.

(limit 2,000 characters)

The Written Standard of Care authored by the CEA workgroup and annually reviewed and updated outlines the tenants of the Housing First Model. Referrals for housing are made from over 42 access points to ensure that not only those in Emergency Shelter have access to permanent housing. In 2018 the Broward

CoC moved from a “Housing Readiness” model to a “Housing First” model ensuring that permanent housing happens from those living on the street. There are no service prerequisites for housing. The prioritization utilized in the Written Standards of Care outlines a standardized assessment of housing needs. Assessments are based on participants strengths, goals, risk, and protective factors. The Written Standards of Care outline 24 policy that comply with HUD’s regulations. The CEA team evaluates each referral in accordance with the Written Standards of Care and investigates any concerns expressed about the integrity of the process. Providers are given strict timeline in which to respond to referrals. The HMIS Coordinated Entry system provide documentation of timeliness to address referrals, attempts to contact and engage a participant and reasons for denial of a referral. All denied referrals are staffed to ensure all of the tenets of the Written Standards of Care were adhered to. During the rating and ranking of the annual NOFO the rating tool used has a section on the use of the Housing First Model and the projects implementation of it for renewals.

1C-9b.	Housing First–Veterans.	
	Not Scored–For Information Only	

Does your CoC have sufficient resources to ensure each Veteran experiencing homelessness is assisted to quickly move into permanent housing using a Housing First approach?	Yes
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1C-10.	Street Outreach–Scope.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.j.	

Describe in the field below:	
1.	your CoC’s street outreach efforts, including the methods it uses to ensure all persons experiencing unsheltered homelessness are identified and engaged;
2.	whether your CoC’s Street Outreach covers 100 percent of the CoC’s geographic area;
3.	how often your CoC conducts street outreach; and
4.	how your CoC tailored its street outreach to persons experiencing homelessness who are least likely to request assistance.

(limit 2,000 characters)

Broward’s CoC has one street outreach provider, Taskforce for Ending Homelessness. This provider covers the entire geographic area, which is all of Broward County. Street outreach services are available from 7:00 a.m. until 7:00 p.m.; 7 days a week. Additionally, the CoC has a Homeless Helpline that is available to answer questions and make referrals Monday-Friday, 8AM to 6PM, Saturday and Sunday.

The efforts utilized by the street outreach team include schedule stops at large meal sharing opportunities, routine visits to encampments and “hot” spots throughout the County, visits to parks, under bridges, and other areas frequented by individuals experiencing homelessness. The street outreach team monitors “by-name” lists of those individuals who we are actively working to get permanently housed. They also have “by-name” lists for individuals and families for areas throughout the County. These lists are used to engage those who we know have been on the street for long periods of time and also track first time homeless individuals. The street outreach workers utilize problem-

solving techniques to identify strengths and existing support networks, explore possible safe housing options outside the homelessness continuum of care, such as reunification with family, and connect the individual to community supports and services. Each year our street outreach team engages and serves over 3,000 unduplicated individuals. The street outreach team also takes the lead on the annual Point in Time count. For those individuals who are either resistant to services or are least likely to request assistance, routine visits are made to engage through bus pass referrals, hygiene kits and rain coats.

1C-11.	Criminalization of Homelessness.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.k.	

Select yes or no in the chart below to indicate strategies your CoC implemented to prevent the criminalization of homelessness in your CoC's geographic area:

1.	Engaged/educated local policymakers	Yes
2.	Engaged/educated law enforcement	Yes
3.	Engaged/educated local business leaders	Yes
4.	Implemented communitywide plans	Yes
5.	Other:(limit 500 characters)	
	Pillars of Prosperity	Yes

1C-12.	Rapid Rehousing–RRH Beds as Reported in the Housing Inventory Count (HIC).	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.I.	

	2020	2021
Enter the total number of RRH beds available to serve all populations as reported in the HIC—only enter bed data for projects that have an inventory type of “Current.”	527	335

1C-13.	Mainstream Benefits and Other Assistance–Healthcare–Enrollment/Effective Utilization.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.m.	

Indicate in the chart below whether your CoC assists persons experiencing homelessness with enrolling in health insurance and effectively using Medicaid and other benefits.

	Type of Health Care	Assist with Enrollment?	Assist with Utilization of Benefits?
1.	Public Health Care Benefits (State or Federal benefits, Medicaid, Indian Health Services)	Yes	Yes
2.	Private Insurers	Yes	Yes
3.	Nonprofit, Philanthropic	Yes	Yes
4.	Other (limit 150 characters)		

Disability, Medicaid, Medicare	Yes	Yes
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1C-13a.	Mainstream Benefits and Other Assistance—Information and Training.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.m	

Describe in the field below how your CoC provides information and training to CoC Program-funded projects by:

- | | |
|----|--|
| 1. | systemically providing up to date information on mainstream resources available for program participants (e.g., Food Stamps, SSI, TANF, substance abuse programs) within your CoC’s geographic area; |
| 2. | communicating information about available mainstream resources and other assistance and how often your CoC communicates this information; |
| 3. | working with projects to collaborate with healthcare organizations to assist program participants with enrolling in health insurance; and |
| 4. | providing assistance with the effective use of Medicaid and other benefits. |

(limit 2,000 characters)

The Broward CoC has workshops and training on the SSI/SSDA Outreach, Access, and Recovery (“SOAR”) Process. In 2018 the managing entity in Broward County, Broward Behavioral Health Coalition assisted the CoC by providing funding for an exclusive SOAR team to expedite the process for those individuals experiencing homeless to gain access to benefits. The SOAR model is designed to assist children and adults in applying for Social Security disability benefits, including those returning to their communities from jails and hospitals and youth aging out of the foster care system. The Emergency Crisis shelters also have in place, the SOAR application process or make an immediate referral for those individuals and families. This is part of the intake process for CoC providers. The requirement to refer individuals and families to either a SOAR trained representative or complete the benefits application themselves is a contract requirement for all CoC providers. Broward CoC has an MOU with one of the hospital districts, Broward Health to help with health care issues. This hospital district also operates several clinics that serve individuals experiencing homelessness. The Broward CoC’s street outreach provider also has a Projects for Assistance in Transition from m Homelessness (“PATH”) program that is active in our HMIS.

1C-14.	Centralized or Coordinated Entry System—Assessment Tool. You Must Upload an Attachment to the 4B. Attachments Screen.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.n.	

Describe in the field below how your CoC’s coordinated entry system:

- | | |
|----|--|
| 1. | covers 100 percent of your CoC’s geographic area; |
| 2. | reaches people who are least likely to apply for homeless assistance in the absence of special outreach; |
| 3. | prioritizes people most in need of assistance; and |
| 4. | ensures people most in need of assistance receive assistance in a timely manner. |

(limit 2,000 characters)

The Broward CoC’s Coordinated Entry and Assessment process is adapted by 100% of all funded providers as well as those “service only” providers in HMIS who make referrals for housing, and it covers 100% of the geographic area. The street outreach team and the CEA team at Broward County, the, CA also

provide assessments both in person and over the phone. Currently, the VI-SPDAT and the SPDAT are still being used, however the Broward CoC is researching a customized assessment to better serve those in our community. The street outreach team has an outcome that specifically targets 70% of individuals engage will receive a VI-SPDAT and that 75% of individuals see will receive a housing barrier assessment and basic client assessment. When the street outreach team encounters an individual who is “first time homeless” they are required to complete a client assessment and housing barrier assessment in HMIS. All assessments are done in HMIS; therefore a report can be pulled to monitor and evaluate the number of assessments completed monthly. The provider is required to submit both the APR with the outcome report and other HMIS reports with monthly invoices.

1C-15.	Promoting Racial Equity in Homelessness–Assessing Racial Disparities.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.o.	

Did your CoC conduct an assessment of whether disparities in the provision or outcome of homeless assistance exists within the last 3 years?	Yes
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1C-15a.	Racial Disparities Assessment Results.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.o.	

Select yes or no in the chart below to indicate the findings from your CoC’s most recent racial disparities assessment.

1.	People of different races or ethnicities are more likely to receive homeless assistance.	Yes
2.	People of different races or ethnicities are less likely to receive homeless assistance.	No
3.	People of different races or ethnicities are more likely to receive a positive outcome from homeless assistance.	Yes
4.	People of different races or ethnicities are less likely to receive a positive outcome from homeless assistance.	No
5.	There are no racial or ethnic disparities in the provision or outcome of homeless assistance.	Yes
6.	The results are inconclusive for racial or ethnic disparities in the provision or outcome of homeless assistance.	Yes

1C-15b.	Strategies to Address Racial Disparities.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.o.	

Select yes or no in the chart below to indicate the strategies your CoC is using to address any racial disparities.

1.	The CoC’s board and decisionmaking bodies are representative of the population served in the CoC.	No
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2.	The CoC has identified steps it will take to help the CoC board and decisionmaking bodies better reflect the population served in the CoC.	Yes
3.	The CoC is expanding outreach in geographic areas with higher concentrations of underrepresented groups.	Yes
4.	The CoC has communication, such as flyers, websites, or other materials, inclusive of underrepresented groups.	Yes
5.	The CoC is training staff working in the homeless services sector to better understand racism and the intersection of racism and homelessness.	Yes
6.	The CoC is establishing professional development opportunities to identify and invest in emerging leaders of different races and ethnicities in the homelessness sector.	No
7.	The CoC has staff, committees, or other resources charged with analyzing and addressing racial disparities related to homelessness.	Yes
8.	The CoC is educating organizations, stakeholders, boards of directors for local and national nonprofit organizations working on homelessness on the topic of creating greater racial and ethnic diversity.	Yes
9.	The CoC reviewed coordinated entry processes to understand their impact on people of different races and ethnicities experiencing homelessness.	Yes
10.	The CoC is collecting data to better understand the pattern of program use for people of different races and ethnicities in its homeless services system.	Yes
11.	The CoC is conducting additional research to understand the scope and needs of different races or ethnicities experiencing homelessness.	Yes
	Other:(limit 500 characters)	
12.		

1C-15c.	Promoting Racial Equity in Homelessness Beyond Areas Identified in Racial Disparity Assessment.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.o.	

Describe in the field below the steps your CoC and homeless providers have taken to improve racial equity in the provision and outcomes of assistance beyond just those areas identified in the racial disparity assessment.

(limit 2,000 characters)

Advancing racial equity is an ongoing collaborative effort in the Broward CoC along with homeless providers and stakeholders. Racial Equity has been the commitment in providing services that identify and reflect racial disparity. The HCoC lead (Broward County) has provided training supports for Dismantling Racism for stakeholders and providers. This also includes the most recent request for proposition (RFP) in which applicants/providers are asked to address how they plan on providing services through the lens of racial equity. Additionally, agreements for the current funding year have been executed to include outcomes of assistance exhibiting racial equity as the driving factor for services rendered.

1C-16.	Persons with Lived Experience–Active CoC Participation.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.p.	

Enter in the chart below the number of people with lived experience who currently participate in your CoC under the five categories listed:

	Level of Active Participation	Number of People with Lived Experience Within the Last 7 Years or Current Program Participant	Number of People with Lived Experience Coming from Unsheltered Situations
1.	Included and provide input that is incorporated in the local planning process.	1	0
2.	Review and recommend revisions to local policies addressing homelessness related to coordinated entry, services, and housing.	1	0
3.	Participate on CoC committees, subcommittees, or workgroups.	1	0
4.	Included in the decisionmaking processes related to addressing homelessness.	1	0
5.	Included in the development or revision of your CoC's local competition rating factors.	1	0

1C-17.	Promoting Volunteerism and Community Service.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.r.	

Select yes or no in the chart below to indicate steps your CoC has taken to promote and support community engagement among people experiencing homelessness in the CoC's geographic area:

1.	The CoC trains provider organization staff on connecting program participants and people experiencing homelessness with education and job training opportunities.	Yes
2.	The CoC trains provider organization staff on facilitating informal employment opportunities for program participants and people experiencing homelessness (e.g., babysitting, housekeeping, food delivery, data entry).	Yes
3.	The CoC works with organizations to create volunteer opportunities for program participants.	Yes
4.	The CoC works with community organizations to create opportunities for civic participation for people experiencing homelessness (e.g., townhall forums, meeting with public officials).	Yes
5.	Provider organizations within the CoC have incentives for employment and/or volunteerism.	No
6.	Other:(limit 500 characters)	

1D. Addressing COVID-19 in the CoC’s Geographic Area

To help you complete the CoC Application, HUD published resources at https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/comm_planning/coc/competition, including:

- Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 Continuum of Care Program Competition
- FY 2021 CoC Application Detailed Instructions—essential in helping you maximize your CoC Application score by giving specific guidance on how to respond to many questions and providing specific information about attachments you must upload
- 24 CFR part 578

1D-1.	Safety Protocols Implemented to Address Immediate Needs of People Experiencing Unsheltered, Congregate Emergency Shelter, Transitional Housing Homelessness.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.q.	
	Describe in the field below protocols your CoC implemented during the COVID-19 pandemic to address immediate safety needs for individuals and families living in:	
1.	unsheltered situations;	
2.	congregate emergency shelters; and	
3.	transitional housing.	

(limit 2,000 characters)

1.The Broward CoC implemented several emergency procedures in February of 2020. For individuals on the street, a fully functional portable restrooms, mobile showers, and hand washing stations were open throughout the County. These remain open to this day. Additionally, the street outreach team hand out masks and hand sanitizer routinely. Walk up COVID testing sites were opened throughout the County. The sites coordinators would make referrals to the Non-Congregate Shelter (“NCS”) for positive results or those who believed they had been exposed. They were then transported via ambulance to the NCS. Staffing of cases regarding both individuals and areas that demonstrated “Hot Spots” were done daily to plan for the remediation of COVID. Centers for Disease Control (“CDC”) protocols were distributed routinely and education regarding those protocols were conducted daily.

2.The Emergency Shelters all followed uniform procedures outlined by the CDC and the Florida Department of Health that included, decrease of census, all congregate areas such as the cafeteria and computer labs were closed, mask mandates and social distancing were implemented and intensive and ongoing staff and Client training on universal precautions and cleanliness were implemented. All still are in place as of today. Weekly shelter calls were held with all providers to problem solve disseminate information and ensure commination remained open.

3.The Broward CoC opened a NCS in June of 2020. This was a motel that was approved by the FDOH and managed by the County. The shelter was a safe place for individuals who were positive or exposed to quarantine until cleared. Each participant had their own room/restroom. Meals, snacks and laundry were all accommodated so that there was not a need to leave the room.

Arrangements were made to discharge cleared individuals and families to one of the 4 Emergency Crisis Shelters.

1D-2.	Improving Readiness for Future Public Health Emergencies.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.q.	

Describe in the field below how your CoC improved readiness for future public health emergencies.

(limit 2,000 characters)

The Broward CoC learned many lessons from the pandemic. Each year providers must submit a Continuity of Operations (“COOP”) plan. The template has been updated to include pandemic preparedness, implementation of protocols, communication, and debriefing. The weekly shelter and housing calls during the pandemic extensive notes were taken and recorded to help memorialize all of the planning and actions taken to help prepare a guide for future use. A strong relationship with the Department of Health, Hospital Districts and medical clinics was forged and remains strong to this day.

1D-3.	CoC Coordination to Distribute ESG Cares Act (ESG-CV) Funds.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.q	

Describe in the field below how your CoC coordinated with ESG-CV recipients to distribute funds to address:

1.	safety measures;
2.	housing assistance;
3.	eviction prevention;
4.	healthcare supplies; and
5.	sanitary supplies.

(limit 2,000 characters)

1.The Broward CoC took extensive safety measures for staff and those served. In total the Coc received \$4,035,920 in ESG COVID I and II funding. These funds were used to open mobile showers, handwashing stations, and fully functional restrooms. Additionally, PPE supplies were purchased and distributed to providers and those served. Both County staff and providers began alternate schedule which included working remotely. However, measures were put in place to ensure Client needs were met and clients were still able to meet in person with staff. This included protective panels and sheets, limited staff and clients in the offices, mask mandates, and social distancing. Temperatures were taken at entrance for all shelter and recorded.
2.Approximately 1.2 million of the ESG CV funds were also used for RRH and the 1.5 million was set aside for the NCS. The CoC also provided funding to the City of Fort Lauderdale for a NCS once their funding expired so that 42 individuals would not return to the street.
3.The County’s sister division Family Administration Success Division was provided 59 million dollars of CARES funds to help lessen the impact of evictions, a mediation project was also set up between landlords and residents to help prevent evictions. Communication about all projects and programs was

communicated through the Homeless Helpline, media, social media, Emergency Shelters, and street outreach.

4.CV Funds were also used to purchased COVID testing kits and to establish ongoing testing sites. Testing was also done routinely in the Emergency Shelters to ensure outbreaks were discover and addressed quickly. Each week a percentage of the shelter census and all staff were tested. Positive result led to quarantine protocols.

5.The Broward CoC purchased cleaning supplies, bleach, disinfectants, masks, hand sanitizer, and any other cleaning supplies needed by providers to ensure facilities were cleaned hourly.

1D-4.	CoC Coordination with Mainstream Health.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.q.	

Describe in the field below how your CoC coordinated with mainstream health (e.g., local and state health agencies, hospitals) during the COVID-19 pandemic to:

1.	decrease the spread of COVID-19; and
2.	ensure safety measures were implemented (e.g., social distancing, hand washing/sanitizing, masks).

(limit 2,000 characters)

1.The Broward CoC collaborated with Broward Health, one of largest hospital districts in Broward, to complete COVID-19 testing in the Emergency shelters on a weekly basis. Additionally, the CoC provided a place for patients who were experiencing homelessness and COVID positive a safe place to quarantine. The Broward CoC also partnered with the Florida Department of Health (“FDOH”) to open the NCS and ensure testing and retesting protocols were crafted and in place. Additionally, there were week calls to check in on the status of testing that the FDOH was conducting with street homeless to track trends, monitor capacity for service, and make adjustments as necessary. Daily contact was made with both the hospital district and the FDOH to coordinate intakes and discharges to the NCS. The CoC also consulted consistently with the FDOH to ensure the most up to date protocols were being followed. If certain areas became “hot spots” then strategies were discussed to remediate for the spread of COVID. These included increased testing or increased provision of handwashing stations and admission to the NCS.

2.Throughout the Broward CoC safety measures were implemented in February of 2020. The FDOH, hospitals, providers, and individuals on the street discussed the CDC guidelines and adopted them as common practice. These included social distancing, mask mandates, handwashing protocol, and distribution of both masks and hand sanitizer. Additionally, the CoC purchased PPE, cleaning supplies, and other items to ensure there was not shortage of supplies. The CoC also set up mobile showers, hand washing stations, and fully functional rest rooms.

1D-5.	Communicating Information to Homeless Service Providers.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.q.	

Describe in the field below how your CoC communicated information to homeless service providers during the COVID-19 pandemic on:

1.	safety measures;
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2.	changing local restrictions; and
3.	vaccine implementation.

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. Since February of 2020, the Broward CoC has held weekly shelter and housing calls to discuss health and safety strategies regarding the pandemic. These calls included information update from the CDC and FDOH, as well as Executive Orders from local municipalities and the Broward County Administrator. There were also weekly calls with the Emergency Management Center to ensure information was communicated throughout the CoC from the State. Safety measure expectations were standardized throughout the continuum to ensure monitoring of all facilities, street outreach and offices followed the set protocols. If any resources were needed to address safety measures those were also discussed, and an implementation plan was immediately (within 24 hours) was crafted to address.

2. Communication regarding federal, state, and local restrictions is communicated via emails and phone calls are conducted almost daily. There are weekly zoom or TEAMS meetings with shelter, street outreach and housing providers to ensure the dissemination of information is consistent done live and understood. Confirmation of implementation plans are provided in writing and random site visits are conducted by the Homeless Initiative Partnership (“HIP”) staff.

3. The Broward CoC has a robust and continuous vaccination communication plan. Incentives have been provided to motivate participation for those on the street. The vaccination events were advertised via our street outreach team, FDOH, HIP staff, flyers, social media, through the meal sharing locations, day respite, and word of mouth. When possible vaccination events are scheduled at large meal sharing opportunities to alert those individuals who take advantage of that service. This can be between 100-300 individuals at any given time.

1D-6.	Identifying Eligible Persons Experiencing Homelessness for COVID-19 Vaccination.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.q.	

Describe in the field below how your CoC identified eligible individuals and families experiencing homelessness for COVID-19 vaccination based on local protocol.

(limit 2,000 characters)

The Broward CoC takes a “no wrong access” approach to the vaccination events. Every encounter with individuals experiencing homelessness is an opportunity engage in education and awareness about COVID vaccination. Events are scheduled at areas where services are delivery such as, meal sharing, churches, street outreach pickups, emergency shelters, day respites, high traffic areas downtown and any venue who requests an event to be hosted.

1D-7.	Addressing Possible Increases in Domestic Violence.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.e.	

Describe in the field below how your CoC addressed possible increases in domestic violence calls for assistance due to requirements to stay at home, increased unemployment, etc. during the COVID-19 pandemic.

(limit 2,000 characters)

The certified domestic violence provider works closely with all providers and is part of the CoC. During all communications, discussions include the trend to their hotline on domestic violence calls. The Broward CoC collaborates with law enforcement’s Multi-Disciplinary Homeless Outreach Team. This team is a collaborative group of law enforcement from all 31 municipalities. Regular communication via phone and face to face meetings ensure clear and consistent exchange of needs in the community. This includes the tracking of domestic violence calls and the need to increase resources when necessary. The Broward CoC provided CV funding to the domestic violence provider to help address any programmatic needs. Additionally, there were collaborations with the local Department of Children and Families regarding child abuse calls, which could be an indicator of domestic violence. Tracking the need is paramount so that resources can be redirected to assist as determined.

1D-8.	Adjusting Centralized or Coordinated Entry System.	
NOFO Section VII.B.1.n.		

Describe in the field below how your CoC adjusted its coordinated entry system to account for rapid changes related to the onset and continuation of the COVID-19 pandemic.

(limit 2,000 characters)

The Broward CoC lead HMIS agency is housed within Broward County with the CA. This aided in the quick exchange of information to create programs, adjust reports, provide technical assistance to providers, and ensure all required reports for HUD, DCF, and Broward County were implemented, staff trained, and information viewed through the lens of quality assurance. For the NCS a separate program was created to ensure the entry and exits were accurately accounted for and track where individuals came from and went to so that a continuum of services could be provided. During the pandemic, the Broward CoC engaged WellSky to complete an assessment on the visibility issues within HMIS and then move forward with addressing these issue so that a flow of information was more consistent with quality client care. Additional temporary staff have been hired to assist with workload both on the programmatic side and technical assistance and data quality side of HMIS. The CA hired housing navigators to assist with the prioritization and dissemination of Emergency Housing Vouchers (“EHV”) and ensure that individuals and families did not just get a voucher, but also gained assistance in securing housing. Since July 79 EHV’s have been issued and 10 households have lease up.

1E. Project Capacity, Review, and Ranking–Local Competition

To help you complete the CoC Application, HUD published resources at https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/comm_planning/coc/competition, including:

- Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 Continuum of Care Program Competition
- FY 2021 CoC Application Detailed Instructions–essential in helping you maximize your CoC Application score by giving specific guidance on how to respond to many questions and providing specific information about attachments you must upload
- 24 CFR part 578

1E-1.	Announcement of 30-Day Local Competition Deadline–Advance Public Notice of How Your CoC Would Review, Rank, and Select Projects. You Must Upload an Attachment to the 4B. Attachments Screen.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.2.a. and 2.g.	

1.	Enter the date your CoC published the 30-day submission deadline for project applications for your CoC's local competition.	08/31/2021
2.	Enter the date your CoC publicly posted its local scoring and rating criteria, including point values, in advance of the local review and ranking process.	10/29/2021

1E-2.	Project Review and Ranking Process Your CoC Used in Its Local Competition. You Must Upload an Attachment to the 4B. Attachments Screen. We use the response to this question as a factor when determining your CoC's eligibility for bonus funds and for other NOFO criteria listed below.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.2.a., 2.b., 2.c., and 2.d.	

Select yes or no in the chart below to indicate how your CoC ranked and selected project applications during your local competition:

1.	Established total points available for each project application type.	Yes
2.	At least 33 percent of the total points were based on objective criteria for the project application (e.g., cost effectiveness, timely draws, utilization rate, match, leverage), performance data, type of population served (e.g., DV, youth, Veterans, chronic homelessness), or type of housing proposed (e.g., PSH, RRH).	Yes
3.	At least 20 percent of the total points were based on system performance criteria for the project application (e.g., exits to permanent housing destinations, retention of permanent housing, length of time homeless, returns to homelessness).	Yes
4.	Used data from a comparable database to score projects submitted by victim service providers.	Yes
5.	Used objective criteria to evaluate how projects submitted by victim service providers improved safety for the population they serve.	Yes
6.	Used a specific method for evaluating projects based on the CoC's analysis of rapid returns to permanent housing.	Yes

1E-2a.	Project Review and Ranking Process–Addressing Severity of Needs and Vulnerabilities.	
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NOFO Section VII.B.2.d.

Describe in the field below how your CoC reviewed, scored, and selected projects based on:

1.	the specific severity of needs and vulnerabilities your CoC considered when ranking and selecting projects; and
2.	considerations your CoC gave to projects that provide housing and services to the hardest to serve populations that could result in lower performance levels but are projects your CoC needs in its geographic area.

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. As determined by the Department of Housing and Urban Development and the Continuum of Care Governance Board, community priority was given to eligible projects in the following order: (1) Permanent Housing (PH) (including Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) and Rapid Rehousing (RRH), (2) Joint Transitional Housing and Permanent Housing-Rapid Rehousing component (Joint TH and PH-RRH component), (3) Supportive Services Only (SSO-) (4) Dedicated Homelessness Management Information System (HMIS). This order of priority is consistent with the needs of the Broward Community. Further, our threshold review requires projects to use a low-barrier & Housing First approach, which prohibits projects from denying services to with severe needs and vulnerabilities, including individuals with no income and those with a history of substance abuse.
2. In recognition of the many challenges Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) projects face as they provide services strictly to individuals that meet HUD's definition of chronic homelessness and the CoC's growing need for such projects, PSH projects were automatically prioritized over projects that are not required to solely serve this highly vulnerable population. Further, projects were awarded points in the rating and ranking process for demonstrating a commitment to Housing First principles.

1E-3.	Promoting Racial Equity in the Local Review and Ranking Process.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.2.e.	

Describe in the field below how your CoC:

1.	obtained input and included persons of different races, particularly those over-represented in the local homelessness population, when determining the rating factors used to review project applications;
2.	included persons of different races, particularly those over-represented in the local homelessness population, in the review, selection, and ranking process;
3.	rated and ranked projects based on the degree to which their program participants mirror the homeless population demographics (e.g., considers how a project promotes racial equity where individuals and families of different races are over-represented).

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. The Broward CoC requested input from the Performance Outcome Needs and Gaps (PONG) and the HCoC Advisory Board who are comprised of diverse racial backgrounds. Additionally, a committee of quality assurance subject matter experts who are also comprised of a diverse racial composition assisted with the creation of tool, rating and ranking of all projects. They also reviewed and updated the rating and ranking policy. There was opportunity for providers to make public comment on the tool and process.
2. The Broward CoC's committee comprised of subject matter experts were 50% persons of color and both the PONG and the HCoC advisory board are comprised of people of different races and ethnicities, socio-economic

backgrounds and a variety of professions. There three formally homeless persons of color hold voting seats on the HCoC Advisory Board and provide invaluable input to decisions that are made.

3.The rating and ranking tool provided an opportunity for the provider network to demonstrate their commitment to racial equity and provision of homeless services. There was a bonus question on the tool that provided an opportunity for providers to showcase their commitment through their policies and procedures that address racial equity in the provision of services and hiring of staff. In the Request for Proposal (“RFP”) in spring of 2021, there were specific questions of providers that addressed their policies, procedures and practices regarding racial equity for program and hiring practices, as well as the composition of the board make up.

1E-4.	Reallocation–Reviewing Performance of Existing Projects. We use the response to this question as a factor when determining your CoC’s eligibility for bonus funds and for other NOFO criterion below.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.2.f.	

Describe in the field below:	
1.	your CoC’s reallocation process, including how your CoC determined which projects are candidates for reallocation because they are low performing or less needed;
2.	whether your CoC identified any projects through this process during your local competition this year;
3.	whether your CoC reallocated any low performing or less needed projects during its local competition this year;
4.	why your CoC did not reallocate low performing or less needed projects during its local competition this year, if applicable; and
5.	how your CoC communicated the reallocation process to project applicants.

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. Broward HCoC will evaluate the performance of low-ranking projects when reallocation is being considered. This process is initiated in January each year. Broward HCoC will evaluate the low-ranking projects based on the National Alliance to End Homelessness (NAEH) in evaluating low-ranking projects for reallocation. Broward HCoC will reallocate funding from one PSH project to another high-performing PSH project, which can absorb the service operations without displacing clients.

Any funds reallocated as part of recapturing unspent funds, voluntary or involuntary reallocation, will be made available to create new projects during the local solicitation process. The HCoC will utilize the guidance from the United States Interagency Council on Homelessness.

New projects and expansions will be ranked based on the score produced by the New Project Scoring Tool and adjusted as appropriate by the Scoring Committee to address Broward CoC and HUD priorities to maximize potential funding for the Broward CoC.

2.For the 2021 NOFO, the Broward CoC did not decide to reallocate funds for any projects due to the pandemic’s continuing impact of on landlord recruitment and the expanded time from intake to move in.

3.For the 2021 NOFO, there was no reallocation for low performing or less needed projects during this local competition.

4.For the 2021 NOFO the no projects had funding reallocated due to the impact of COVID. However, for the 2022 NOFO the assessment for the reallocation process will begin in January of 2022.

5.N/A

1E-4a.	Reallocation Between FY 2016 and FY 2021. We use the response to this question as a factor when determining your CoC's eligibility for bonus funds and for other NOFO criterion below.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.2.f.	

Did your CoC cumulatively reallocate at least 20 percent of its ARD between FY 2016 and FY 2021?	No
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1E-5.	Projects Rejected/Reduced–Public Posting. You Must Upload an Attachment to the 4B. Attachments Screen if You Select Yes.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.2.g.	

1.	Did your CoC reject or reduce any project application(s)?	No
2.	If you selected yes, enter the date your CoC notified applicants that their project applications were being rejected or reduced, in writing, outside of e-snaps.	

1E-5a.	Projects Accepted–Public Posting. You Must Upload an Attachment to the 4B. Attachments Screen.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.2.g.	

Enter the date your CoC notified project applicants that their project applications were accepted and ranked on the New and Renewal Priority Listings in writing, outside of e-snaps.	11/29/2021
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1E-6.	Web Posting of CoC-Approved Consolidated Application. You Must Upload an Attachment to the 4B. Attachments Screen.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.2.g.	

Enter the date your CoC's Consolidated Application was posted on the CoC's website or affiliate's website—which included: 1. the CoC Application; 2. Priority Listings; and 3. all projects accepted, ranked where required, or rejected.	11/12/2021
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2A. Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) Implementation

To help you complete the CoC Application, HUD published resources at https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/comm_planning/coc/competition, including:
 - Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 Continuum of Care Program Competition
 - FY 2021 CoC Application Detailed Instructions—essential in helping you maximize your CoC Application score by giving specific guidance on how to respond to many questions and providing specific information about attachments you must upload
 - 24 CFR part 578

2A-1.	HMIS Vendor.	
	Not Scored—For Information Only	

Enter the name of the HMIS Vendor your CoC is currently using.	Wellsky
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2A-2.	HMIS Implementation Coverage Area.	
	Not Scored—For Information Only	

Select from dropdown menu your CoC's HMIS coverage area.	Single CoC
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2A-3.	HIC Data Submission in HDX.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.3.a.	

Enter the date your CoC submitted its 2021 HIC data into HDX.	03/20/2021
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2A-4.	HMIS Implementation—Comparable Database for DV.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.3.b.	

Describe in the field below actions your CoC and HMIS Lead have taken to ensure DV housing and service providers in your CoC:

- | | |
|----|---|
| 1. | have a comparable database that collects the same data elements required in the HUD-published 2020 HMIS Data Standards; and |
| 2. | submit de-identified aggregated system performance measures data for each project in the comparable database to your CoC and HMIS lead. |

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. The Broward CoC works closely with the local certified domestic violence provider to ensure their comparable data base Onium complies with the publish 2020 HMIS Data Standards. The organization, CA, and HMIS lead work to ensure the needed data that other providers submit is readily available and easy to access. This is done through individual technical support, agency admin meetings, and contract requirements. The providers contract clearly outlines the need to have a comparable data base. The quarterly outcomes and demographies must align with the CoC's requirements of other providers and these are also outlined in the contract.

2 Each quarter the DV provider is expected to submit de-identified aggregated data for the system performance measure, quarterly outcomes, and demographics per the provider contract. The current provider had complied and worked closely to ensure the aggregated data mirrors those expected from all providers. If any special or extra data is required, they provide this easily without much notice.

2A-5.	Bed Coverage Rate—Using HIC, HMIS Data—CoC Merger Bonus Points.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.3.c. and VII.B.7.	

Enter 2021 HIC and HMIS data in the chart below by project type:

Project Type	Total Beds 2021 HIC	Total Beds in HIC Dedicated for DV	Total Beds in HMIS	HMIS Bed Coverage Rate
1. Emergency Shelter (ES) beds	858	65	793	100.00%
2. Safe Haven (SH) beds	35	0	35	100.00%
3. Transitional Housing (TH) beds	251	0	250	99.60%
4. Rapid Re-Housing (RRH) beds	315	0	315	100.00%
5. Permanent Supportive Housing	317	0	317	100.00%
6. Other Permanent Housing (OPH)	1	1	1	0.00%

2A-5a.	Partial Credit for Bed Coverage Rates at or Below 84.99 for Any Project Type in Question 2A-5.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.3.c.	

For each project type with a bed coverage rate that is at or below 84.99 percent in question 2A-5, describe:

1.	steps your CoC will take over the next 12 months to increase the bed coverage rate to at least 85 percent for that project type; and
2.	how your CoC will implement the steps described to increase bed coverage to at least 85 percent.

(limit 2,000 characters)

N/A

2A-5b.	Bed Coverage Rate in Comparable Databases.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.3.c.	

Enter the percentage of beds covered in comparable databases in your CoC's geographic area.	100.00%
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2A-5b.1.	Partial Credit for Bed Coverage Rates at or Below 84.99 for Question 2A-5b.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.3.c.	

If the bed coverage rate entered in question 2A-5b. is 84.99 percent or less, describe in the field below:

- | | |
|----|--|
| 1. | steps your CoC will take over the next 12 months to increase the bed coverage rate to at least 85 percent; and |
| 2. | how your CoC will implement the steps described to increase bed coverage to at least 85 percent. |

(limit 2,000 characters)

N/A

2A-6.	Longitudinal System Analysis (LSA) Submission in HDX 2.0.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.3.d.	

Did your CoC submit LSA data to HUD in HDX 2.0 by January 15, 2021, 8 p.m. EST?	Yes
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2B. Continuum of Care (CoC) Point-in-Time (PIT) Count

To help you complete the CoC Application, HUD published resources at https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/comm_planning/coc/competition, including:

- Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 Continuum of Care Program Competition
- FY 2021 CoC Application Detailed Instructions—essential in helping you maximize your CoC Application score by giving specific guidance on how to respond to many questions and providing specific information about attachments you must upload
- 24 CFR part 578

2B-1.	Sheltered and Unsheltered PIT Count—Commitment for Calendar Year 2022	
	NOFO Section VII.B.4.b.	

Does your CoC commit to conducting a sheltered and unsheltered PIT count in Calendar Year 2022?	Yes
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2B-2.	Unsheltered Youth PIT Count—Commitment for Calendar Year 2022.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.4.b.	

Does your CoC commit to implementing an unsheltered youth PIT count in Calendar Year 2022 that includes consultation and participation from youth serving organizations and youth with lived experience?	Yes
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2C. System Performance

To help you complete the CoC Application, HUD published resources at https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/comm_planning/coc/competition, including:

- Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 Continuum of Care Program Competition
- FY 2021 CoC Application Detailed Instructions—essential in helping you maximize your CoC Application score by giving specific guidance on how to respond to many questions and providing specific information about attachments you must upload
- 24 CFR part 578

2C-1.	Reduction in the Number of First Time Homeless—Risk Factors.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.5.b.	

Describe in the field below:	
1.	how your CoC determined which risk factors your CoC uses to identify persons becoming homeless for the first time;
2.	how your CoC addresses individuals and families at risk of becoming homeless; and
3.	provide the name of the organization or position title that is responsible for overseeing your CoC’s strategy to reduce the number of individuals and families experiencing homelessness for the first time or to end homelessness for individuals and families.

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. The Broward CoC uses the following risk factors when working with individuals who are first time homeless; lack of stable housing, lack of stable income, history of child abuse or domestic violence, and substance use history. These risk factors are determined by assessing the client profiles of actual clients who are homeless and/or all first time homeless. Broward County has a lack of affordable housing and problems with employment and paying a “livable wage”. Together these two issues contribute to both the first time homeless and situational homelessness. By looking at historical trends we are able to help our partner division Family Administration Success Division (“FSAD”) divert individuals and families from homelessness and implement strong diversion and prevention projects.
2. Families and individuals who are risk of being homeless are immediately referred to the prevention division, FSAD in an effort to keep them housed and off the street. The division has a number of rental assistance projects, client incidental funds, and programs to help with employment improvement, education and budgeting.
3. The Family Success Administration Division (“FSAD”) is responsible for the diversion and prevention services for homelessness. Additionally, there are a number of nonprofits who specialize in homeless prevention through employment training and placement, meal sharing, client incentive assistance for rent, utilities, and other basic needs. A coordinated effort with FSAD is pivotal in our mission to individuals and families off the street. The CoC works with the school board to identify those families who are at risk of homelessness and actively make referrals to FSAD. FSAD also utilizes HMIS in key projects so that information and data can be shared.

2C-2.	Length of Time Homeless–Strategy to Reduce.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.5.c.	
	Describe in the field below:	
1.	your CoC’s strategy to reduce the length of time individuals and persons in families remain homeless;	
2.	how your CoC identifies and houses individuals and persons in families with the longest lengths of time homeless; and	
3.	provide the name of the organization or position title that is responsible for overseeing your CoC’s strategy to reduce the length of time individuals and families remain homeless.	

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. The Broward CoC has several strategies to reduce the length of time individuals and families are homeless. The “front end” of the system is continuously evaluated to see what resources can be enhanced or added to address diversion strategies. This has been done through engagement of the judges who do evictions, law enforcement, enhanced outreach strategies, and increased funding to reunification project. Once an individual or family becomes homeless, upon initial engagement by any access point, a housing barrier assessment is completed in HMIS. The Shelter Coordinated Entry reviews availability in all shelters or provides referrals to outside sources for assistance. Once the individual or family enters the shelter system, they are assigned a case manager during intake who crafts the housing plan immediately (with 48 hours). The expectations are the housing plans are monitored weekly and any housing barriers are addressed through housing navigation or case management services.

2. Individuals or families who have the longest lengths of time homeless, are prioritized during monthly “by name” list meetings and individual strategies and plans are evaluated and monitored by the CA. This labor-intensive process helps house the most difficult through innovative funding and planning.

3. The CA uses the CEA team to track and schedule staffing’s for those individuals who are difficult to house and have the longest length of time homeless. The team is made up of an Administrator Officer and Program/Project Coordinator. Both are subject matter experts on homelessness, HMIS and the system of care. Both have the authority to make decisions to support providers to implement plans that may not be as traditional as most.

2C-3.	Exits to Permanent Housing Destinations/Retention of Permanent Housing.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.5.d.	
	Describe in the field below how your CoC will increase the rate that individuals and persons in families residing in:	
1.	emergency shelter, safe havens, transitional housing, and rapid rehousing exit to permanent housing destinations; and	
2.	permanent housing projects retain their permanent housing or exit to permanent housing destinations.	

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. The Broward CoC increased the number of persons residing in emergency shelter, safe havens, transitional housing and rapid rehousing who obtain permanent housing by 16 from FY 2019 to FY 2020 improving by 6% from FY 2019 to FY 20. The CoC will continue to use the strategies of staffing difficult to serve clients and those with the longest length of time in temporary placements,

increase the use of by name lists, and monitoring the entry and exits of all shelters and temporary facilities. This is also an outcome for all shelter and housing providers that is reported to the CA quarterly. Should an issue be discovered in review of the quarterly outcomes, a meeting will be held with the provider and each client reviewed to determine the barriers to retention.

2. The Broward CoC has been able to increase the number of individuals and families who retain permanent housing or exit to a permanent housing destination. This number increased by 75 from FY 19 to FY 20. The Coc will continue to monitor the exits and follow up at 6 months and 9 months to ensure permanent housing is retained. The is also an outcome for all housing providers that is reported to the CA quarterly. Should an issue be discovered in review of the quarterly outcomes, a meeting will be held with the provider and each client reviewed to determine the barriers to retention.

2C-4.	Returns to Homelessness–CoC’s Strategy to Reduce Rate.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.5.e.	

Describe in the field below:		
1.	how your CoC identifies individuals and families who return to homelessness;	
2.	your CoC’s strategy to reduce the rate of additional returns to homelessness; and	
3.	provide the name of the organization or position title that is responsible for overseeing your CoC’s strategy to reduce the rate individuals and persons in families return to homelessness.	

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. The Broward CoC closely monitors those individuals who have been housed in emergency shelter, transitional housing, safe havens, or any permanent housing who are at risk of or return to homelessness. If an individual or family who was successfully housed, touches street outreach, emergency shelter, meal sharing, mobile showers, or any other CoC service that documents in HMIS, the CEA team immediately reaches out to see why this person has returned to homelessness. The provider network is also responsible for monitoring and checking HMIS upon each entry of a client service in HMIS. Each quarter a review of the system performance measures will provide data on this measure so that the team can monitor and reach out to find out the barriers as to why they returned to homelessness.

2. The strategies used to reduce the return to homelessness include the consistent and persistent engage of clients who are in permanent housing. Although services are voluntary, we still ask providers to help motivate and engage clients at least every 6 months to see how they are maintaining. Engagement includes invitations to any activity or event hosted by the CoC, permanent housing providers review HMIS data to see if any significant situations are happening that may impact permanent housing. Phone calls 6 months post successful exit from a program and word of mouth.

3. The CEA Team housed within the CA hold the primary responsibly to monitor all by name lists, entry and exits from housing schedules and conducts staffing’s regarding clients who demonstrate high risk factors for a return to homelessness.

2C-5.	Increasing Employment Cash Income-Strategy.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.5.f.	

	Describe in the field below:
1.	your CoC's strategy to increase employment income;
2.	how your CoC works with mainstream employment organizations to help individuals and families increase their cash income; and
3.	provide the organization name or position title that is responsible for overseeing your CoC's strategy to increase income from employment.

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. The Broward CoC uses several strategies to increase employment income for those individuals and families access services. The main strategy is to ensure they are actively seeking employment for which they are qualified. Each provider has some type of employment specialist to assist with resume creation and building, has a liaison with Career Source Broward, of which the CEO holds voting seat on the HCoC Board, and actively works with employers in the community to help place individuals and other family members. The Broward CoC has partnered with local colleges and university to engage them in certificate programs, workshops, and classes for those individuals who are under employed.

2. The Broward CoC works with the community and employment agencies to build a working relationship and educate them regarding the opportunities to hire individuals or family members. The focus is not just on obtain employment but working to improve the employment status of those who are under employed. Providers have hosted job fairs, had their employment specialist work in the community to build agreements and relationships so employers will know there are services in place to support the individuals. HMIS has an employment assessment that is administered to individuals with either street outreach, shelter or intake for permanent housing.

3. The Broward CoC has drafted an employment plan that has been approved by the HCoC Board. This plan includes the hiring of Employment Navigators hired by the CA to work with providers throughout the CoC network to standardize and ensure employment education and monitoring begins almost immediately upon entry to shelter or upon a referral from street outreach.

2C-5a.	Increasing Employment Cash Income–Workforce Development–Education–Training.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.5.f.	

	Describe in the field below how your CoC:
1.	promoted partnerships and access to employment opportunities with private employers and private employment organizations, such as holding job fairs, outreach to employers, and partnering with staffing agencies; and
2.	is working with public and private organizations to provide meaningful education and training, on-the-job training, internships, and employment opportunities for program participants.

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. The Broward CoC promotes and collaborate with Career Source Broward to help work with private employers, temp agencies, and day labor companies to help increase awareness about the work force available to them. The CoC providers have held job fairs, had one on one outreach with employers, and engaged the local colleges and universities to help raise awareness of the available workforce with those individuals' experiencing homelessness. The Broward CoC will be moving to an Employment First model to work along side the Housing First model to expedite those experiencing homeless employment

process.

2. The Broward CoC uses several strategies to help build relationships with organizations and local community colleges and university to implement adult education bridge programs, sector-based training, and contextualized basic adult education. Additionally, the providers use an individualized placement support approach when assisting individuals with placement by private employers and organizations. Broward College has initiated a "Broward UP" project offers free educational opportunities, workforce training, and support services directly in neighborhoods throughout Broward County.

2C-5b.	Increasing Non-employment Cash Income.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.5.f.	

Describe in the field below:

1.	your CoC's strategy to increase non-employment cash income;
2.	your CoC's strategy to increase access to non-employment cash sources; and
3.	provide the organization name or position title that is responsible for overseeing your CoC's strategy to increase non-employment cash income.

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. The Broward CoC has a SSI/SSDI Outreach, Access, and Recovery ("SOAR") team who processes the SSI/SSDI applications. The SOAR team has a 95% success rate for approvals. Additionally, the Broward CoC funds services for appeals and applications for SSI/SSDI through the local Legal Aid exclusively for individuals experiencing homelessness.

2. The Broward CoC has a contract with the local Legal Aid organization to assist individuals experiencing homeless obtain inheritances, gifts, bequests, alimony payments, child support, fund that are disabused from qualifying adoptions, and most healthcare benefits. The Broward CoC has also networked with several local attorneys and firms to provide pro bono services mentioned above.

3. The Broward CoC charged each provider with the responsibility to ensure those they serve are referred and connected to either Legal Aid or a local attorney or firm to assist with obtaining non-employment cash benefits. This is one of the first questions that is asked during CoC staffing's held by the CEA team.

3A. Coordination with Housing and Healthcare Bonus Points

To help you complete the CoC Application, HUD published resources at https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/comm_planning/coc/competition, including:
- Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 Continuum of Care Program Competition
- FY 2021 CoC Application Detailed Instructions—essential in helping you maximize your CoC Application score by giving specific guidance on how to respond to many questions and providing specific information about attachments you must upload
- 24 CFR part 578

3A-1.	New PH-PSH/PH-RRH Project—Leveraging Housing Resources.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.6.a.	

Is your CoC applying for a new PSH or RRH project(s) that uses housing subsidies or subsidized housing units which are not funded through the CoC or ESG Programs to help individuals and families experiencing homelessness?	Yes
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3A-1a.	New PH-PSH/PH-RRH Project—Leveraging Housing Commitment. You Must Upload an Attachment to the 4B. Attachments Screen.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.6.a.	

Select yes or no in the chart below to indicate the organization(s) that provided the subsidies or subsidized housing units for the proposed new PH-PSH or PH-RRH project(s).

1.	Private organizations	Yes
2.	State or local government	Yes
3.	Public Housing Agencies, including use of a set aside or limited preference	Yes
4.	Faith-based organizations	Yes
5.	Federal programs other than the CoC or ESG Programs	Yes

3A-2.	New PSH/RRH Project—Leveraging Healthcare Resources.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.6.b.	

Is your CoC applying for a new PSH or RRH project that uses healthcare resources to help individuals and families experiencing homelessness?	No
--	----

3A-2a.	Formal Written Agreements–Value of Commitment–Project Restrictions. You Must Upload an Attachment to the 4B. Attachments Screen.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.6.b.	

1.	Did your CoC obtain a formal written agreement that includes: (a) the project name; (b) value of the commitment; and (c) specific dates that healthcare resources will be provided (e.g., 1-year, term of grant, etc.)?	No
2.	Is project eligibility for program participants in the new PH-PSH or PH-RRH project based on CoC Program fair housing requirements and not restricted by the health care service provider?	No

3A-3.	Leveraging Housing Resources–Leveraging Healthcare Resources–List of Projects.	
	NOFO Sections VII.B.6.a. and VII.B.6.b.	

If you selected yes to question 3A-1. or 3A-2., use the list feature icon to enter information on each project you intend for HUD to evaluate to determine if they meet the bonus points criteria.

Project Name	Project Type	Rank Number	Leverage Type
This list contains no items			

3B. New Projects With Rehabilitation/New Construction Costs

To help you complete the CoC Application, HUD published resources at https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/comm_planning/coc/competition, including:
- Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 Continuum of Care Program Competition
- FY 2021 CoC Application Detailed Instructions—essential in helping you maximize your CoC Application score by giving specific guidance on how to respond to many questions and providing specific information about attachments you must upload
- 24 CFR part 578

3B-1.	Rehabilitation/New Construction Costs–New Projects.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.r.	

Is your CoC requesting funding for any new project application requesting \$200,000 or more in funding for housing rehabilitation or new construction?	No
--	----

3B-2.	Rehabilitation/New Construction Costs–New Projects.	
	NOFO Section VII.B.1.s.	

If you answered yes to question 3B-1, describe in the field below actions CoC Program-funded project applicants will take to comply with:

- | | |
|----|---|
| 1. | Section 3 of the Housing and Urban Development Act of 1968 (12 U.S.C. 1701u); and |
| 2. | HUD’s implementing rules at 24 CFR part 75 to provide employment and training opportunities for low- and very-low-income persons, as well as contracting and other economic opportunities for businesses that provide economic opportunities to low- and very-low-income persons. |

(limit 2,000 characters)

N/A

3C. Serving Persons Experiencing Homelessness as Defined by Other Federal Statutes

To help you complete the CoC Application, HUD published resources at https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/comm_planning/coc/competition, including:
- Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 Continuum of Care Program Competition
- FY 2021 CoC Application Detailed Instructions—essential in helping you maximize your CoC Application score by giving specific guidance on how to respond to many questions and providing specific information about attachments you must upload
- 24 CFR part 578

3C-1.	Designating SSO/TH/Joint TH and PH-RRH Component Projects to Serving Persons Experiencing Homelessness as Defined by Other Federal Statutes.	
	NOFO Section VII.C.	

Is your CoC requesting to designate one or more of its SSO, TH, or Joint TH and PH-RRH component projects to serve families with children or youth experiencing homelessness as defined by other Federal statutes?	No
--	----

3C-2.	Serving Persons Experiencing Homelessness as Defined by Other Federal Statutes. You Must Upload an Attachment to the 4B. Attachments Screen.	
	NOFO Section VII.C.	

If you answered yes to question 3C-1, describe in the field below:

- | | |
|----|---|
| 1. | how serving this population is of equal or greater priority, which means that it is equally or more cost effective in meeting the overall goals and objectives of the plan submitted under Section 427(b)(1)(B) of the Act, especially with respect to children and unaccompanied youth than serving the homeless as defined in paragraphs (1), (2), and (4) of the definition of homeless in 24 CFR 578.3; and |
| 2. | how your CoC will meet requirements described in Section 427(b)(1)(F) of the Act. |

(limit 2,000 characters)

N/A

4A. DV Bonus Application

To help you complete the CoC Application, HUD published resources at https://www.hud.gov/program_offices/comm_planning/coc/competition, including:
 - Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO) for Fiscal Year (FY) 2021 Continuum of Care Program Competition
 - FY 2021 CoC Application Detailed Instructions—essential in helping you maximize your CoC Application score by giving specific guidance on how to respond to many questions and providing specific information about attachments you must upload
 - 24 CFR part 578

4A-1.	New DV Bonus Project Applications.	
	NOFO Section II.B.11.e.	

Did your CoC submit one or more new project applications for DV Bonus Funding?	Yes
--	-----

4A-1a.	DV Bonus Project Types.	
	NOFO Section II.B.11.	

Select yes or no in the chart below to indicate the type(s) of new DV Bonus project(s) your CoC included in its FY 2021 Priority Listing.

	Project Type	
1.	SSO Coordinated Entry	No
2.	PH-RRH or Joint TH/RRH Component	Yes

You must click “Save” after selecting Yes for element 1 SSO Coordinated Entry to view questions 4A-3 and 4A-3a.

4A-2.	Number of Domestic Violence Survivors in Your CoC's Geographic Area.	
	NOFO Section II.B.11.	

1.	Enter the number of survivors that need housing or services:	3,282
2.	Enter the number of survivors your CoC is currently serving:	1,245
3.	Unmet Need:	2,037

4A-2a.	Calculating Local Need for New DV Projects.	
	NOFO Section II.B.11.	

Describe in the field below:

1.	how your CoC calculated the number of DV survivors needing housing or services in question 4A-2 element 1 and element 2; and
2.	the data source (e.g. comparable database, other administrative data, external data source, HMIS for non-DV projects); or
3.	if your CoC is unable to meet the needs of all survivors please explain in your response all barriers to meeting those needs.

(limit 2,000 characters)

The numbers the Broward CoC used to calculate the number of domestic violence survivors needing housing or services were those calls to the Domestic Violence Hotline or case management that requested housing or service assistant. The database used is a proprietary database system The Department of Children and Services in Florida mandates. This data base is called Osnum.

2. The data based used by the certified domestic violence provider applying for the Rapid Rehousing DV Bonus, is a comparable database called Osnum which is mandated by the Florida Department of Children and Families.

3. The barriers to serving all survivors throughout the Broward CoC is a lack of resources. The resources include a lack of funding, specifically for domestic violence services in Broward County. Other barriers include the lack of affordable housing in South Florida and the high demand for rental property, which has driven up the prices sometime beyond the fair market rent and rent reasonableness threshold. DV survivors also need to be vigilant that where they are moving is safe for them and their children and most need it to be accessible to mass transit. This exacerbates the problems of participants finding housing. Finally, most DV is a system of control of one person over another, often not allowing the victims to hold employment, have their own bank accounts and credit cards, and reestablishing their credit worthiness for landlords is thus nearly impossible for them without assistance.

4A-4.	New PH-RRH and Joint TH and PH-RRH Component DV Bonus Projects–Project Applicant Information.	
	NOFO Section II.B.11.	

Use the list feature icon to enter information on each unique project applicant applying for New PH-RRH and Joint TH and PH-RRH Component DV Bonus projects–only enter project applicant information once, regardless of how many DV Bonus projects that applicant is applying for.

Applicant Name
Women In Distress

Project Applicants Applying for New PH-RRH and Joint TH and PH-RRH DV Bonus Projects

4A-4.	New PH-RRH and Joint TH and PH-RRH Component DV Bonus Projects–Project Applicant Information–Rate of Housing Placement and Rate of Housing Retention–Project Applicant Experience.	
	NOFO Section II.B.11.	

Enter information in the chart below on the project applicant applying for one or more New PH-RRH and Joint TH and PH-RRH Component DV Bonus Projects included on your CoC’s FY 2021 Priority Listing:

1.	Applicant Name	Women In Distress
2.	Rate of Housing Placement of DV Survivors–Percentage	77.00%
3.	Rate of Housing Retention of DV Survivors–Percentage	38.00%

4A-4a.	Calculating the Rate of Housing Placement and the Rate of Housing Retention–Project Applicant Experience.	
	NOFO Section II.B.11.	

Describe in the field below:

1.	how the project applicant calculated the rate of housing placement and rate of housing retention reported in question 4A-4; and
2.	the data source (e.g. comparable database, other administrative data, external data source, HMIS for non-DV projects).

(limit 1,000 characters)

1.The rate of housing placement was calculated by taking the number of households placed (1245)/ the number of calls to the domestic violence helpline, inquiring about housing (1627). The rate of housing retention was calculated by the number individuals placed (1245)/the number of individuals on record who were still housed.

2.The database used by the certified domestic violence provider applying for the Rapid Rehousing DV Bonus, is a comparable database called Osnum which is mandated by the Florida Department of Children and Families.

4A-4b.	Providing Housing to DV Survivor–Project Applicant Experience.	
	NOFO Section II.B.11.	

Describe in the field below how the project applicant:

1.	ensured DV survivors experiencing homelessness were assisted to quickly move into safe affordable housing;
2.	prioritized survivors—you must address the process the project applicant used, e.g., Coordinated Entry, prioritization list, CoC’s emergency transfer plan, etc.;
3.	connected survivors to supportive services; and
4.	moved clients from assisted housing to housing they could sustain—address housing stability after the housing subsidy ends.

(limit 2,000 characters)

1. The Domestic Violence Center (“DV”) screens survivors upon entry into the shelter. This screening will allow the DV center to quickly assess the housing needs of each survivor. In addition, relationships will be built with local landlords to facilitate easy and rapid placement.
2. The DV Center uses a combination of coordinated entry and prioritization by intake into the shelter.
3. All survivors will receive case management, which includes providing and connecting survivors to services in the community for supportive services. Women In Distress (“WID”) has MOUs for services not available on campus such as drug/alcohol treatment services. They also have several programs now in which they work with survivors to find permanent housing. Some of these programs are in conjunction with other community partners to assist in finding housing. In 2021, WID was awarded a contract for case management through general funds to help support the housing retention efforts.
4. The referrals to supportive services are made during the housing referral process remain in place for as long as there is an assessed need to ensure stabilization. The supportive services can remain for up to 24 months with or without rental subsidy.

4A-4c.	Ensuring DV Survivor Safety–Project Applicant Experience.	
	NOFO Section II.B.11.	

Describe in the field below examples of how the project applicant ensured the safety of DV survivors experiencing homelessness by:	
1.	training staff on safety planning;
2.	adjusting intake space to better ensure a private conversation;
3.	conducting separate interviews/intake with each member of a couple;
4.	working with survivors to have them identify what is safe for them as it relates to scattered site units and/or rental assistance;
5.	maintaining bars on windows, fixing lights in the hallways, etc. for congregate living spaces operated by the applicant; and
6.	keeping the location confidential for dedicated units and/or congregate living spaces set-aside solely for use by survivors.

(limit 5,000 characters)

1. Women In Distress has been providing domestic violence services for over 47 years. All staff who work directly with survivors are trained in providing safety plans and each survivor and their family members have a plan within 72 hours of entry into their center. When housing is discussed, the need of the housing site is determined by the safety that is necessary to keep the survivor safe. Complexes with security are preferred and their location is maintained by a high level of secrecy and security. Other than the core competency training in which advocates are given 30 hours of training which includes an in-depth review of safety planning, WID regularly update training around safety planning. WID safety plans with survivors consistently, including when they leave the shelter, or when they are planning on moving out of the residential space. They also safety plan with their outreach clients.
2. Women In Distress has been providing domestic violence services for over 47 years. They operate a 132-bed shelter and an outreach program that helps thousands of survivors and their children. When a victim is brought to shelter,

their have special, private intake rooms where they can offer them safety and a place to feel comfortable sharing their needs and history. There are many spaces on the WID campus to have confidential conversations with participants, and we will continue to do that when working with survivors as they transition. They also are able to offer respite for their children, so conversations do not need to take place in front of them.

3. The DV Center does not house couples, as they are not allowed to work with couples in the state of Florida per statute. As part of the housing intake, they will discuss the needs of the survivor and where safety is of the utmost importance. WID will maintain HUD and other standards as it relates to safety and security of all buildings. Confidentiality is one of the staples of WID will maintain the safety and confidentiality of all survivors.

4. WID works with survivors to have them identify what is safe for them as it relates to scattered site units and/or rental assistance. This includes geographic location and enhanced safety features of a specific unit to ensure safety.

5. WID works with property managers and landlords to assist in upgrading any safety features necessary for the survivor. Although for housing needs, WID does not own or operate any facilities currently. Through a robust landlord recruitment campaign sponsored by the CA (RentalNet), the availability of units has increase to ensure safety.

6. When housing is discussed, the need of the housing site is determined by the safety that is necessary to keep the survivor safe. Complexes with security are preferred and their location is maintained by a high level of secrecy and security. WID works with the CA to promote a flexible system that supports survivors. With this award, WID would be able to offer a full continuum of services from shelter, transition to permanent housing for survivors. The CA has the traditional PSH and RRH in addition to Mainstream Housing Vouchers and Emergency Housing Voucher to assist in expediting housing.

4A-4c.1.	Evaluating Ability to Ensure DV Survivor Safety–Project Applicant Experience.	
	NOFO Section II.B.11.	

Describe in the field below how the project evaluated its ability to ensure the safety of DV survivors the project served.

(limit 2,000 characters)

Women In Distress has been Broward County’s sole certified domestic violence shelter and service provider for over 47 years. They are a member of the Continuum of Care board and are the trainer for most of the nonprofit and government entities in domestic violence. They have a stellar reputation for safety and keeping their survivors secure both on their campus and off. They have just begun their first Rapid Housing program for their participants, in partnership with Broward County, and have continued to maintain safety at the forefront of their work. WID will maintain safety by providing temporary safe emergency shelter to those that need it and providing safety planning to those not in the residential setting.

4A-4d.	Trauma-Informed, Victim-Centered Approaches–Project Applicant Experience.	
	NOFO Section II.B.11.	

	Describe in the field below examples of the project applicant’s experience in using trauma-informed, victim-centered approaches to meet needs of DV survivors in each of the following areas:
1.	prioritizing program participant choice and rapid placement and stabilization in permanent housing consistent with participants’ preferences;
2.	establishing and maintaining an environment of agency and mutual respect, e.g., the project does not use punitive interventions, ensures program participant staff interactions are based on equality and minimize power differentials;
3.	providing program participants access to information on trauma, e.g., training staff on providing program participants with information on trauma;
4.	emphasizing program participants’ strengths, e.g., strength-based coaching, questionnaires and assessment tools include strength-based measures, case plans include assessments of program participants strengths and works towards goals and aspirations;
5.	centering on cultural responsiveness and inclusivity, e.g., training on equal access, cultural competence, nondiscrimination;
6.	providing opportunities for connection for program participants, e.g., groups, mentorships, peer-to-peer, spiritual needs; and
7.	offering support for parenting, e.g., parenting classes, childcare.

(limit 5,000 characters)

1. The methodology is to review the case plans and looking at goals and where those goals can be adjusted. WID staff work from the empowerment-based model as explained above. They are a very inclusive and understand the interconnectedness between culture and inclusiveness.

5. Each staff member must take a 30-hour Core Competency class before they are allowed to work directly with participants. And all staff, direct or non-direct, must take yearly classes in cultural competency. WID staff provide a person centered approach to all services. They provide both individual and group approaches to trauma therapy. They also have several methods to work with children experiencing trauma.

6.WID provides opportunities for connection for program participants, through groups, mentorships, peer-to-peer, spiritual needs; through their continuum of services.

7.Advocates and therapists work in partnership with the survivor for their needs and the needs of their children. Suggestions and guidance are offered, but it is completely understood the final decisions are the survivors alone. They provide several resources, including spiritual, socioeconomic, and others. They have both respite for childcare, and resources for childcare options. They currently offer parenting classes for both shelter survivors and provide individual coaching when needed.

4A-4e.	Meeting Service Needs of DV Survivors–Project Applicant Experience.	
	NOFO Section II.B.11.	

	Describe in the field below:
1.	supportive services the project applicant provided to domestic violence survivors experiencing homelessness while quickly moving them into permanent housing and addressing their safety needs; and
2.	provide examples of how the project applicant provided the supportive services to domestic violence survivors.

(limit 5,000 characters)

1.Women In Distress has provided domestic violence service to our community for over 47 years. The organization move those who need safety immediately into their Emergency Shelter and begin immediately to work with the survivor to

make a move into safe permanent housing. A safety plan is developed with the survivor within 72 hours of coming into the shelter and is adapted as needed while they live in shelter and when they move into permanent housing.

2. Women In Distress provides Emergency Shelter and all that the survivor needs while living at the shelter including: food, clothing, cookware, hygiene products, linens, transportation vouchers, assistance with job training and applications, financial literacy, connections with healthcare, etc. As the survivor moves into the community to permanent housing, all of these support services can continue as long as the survivor needs to reestablish their lives. In addition, the survivor and their children have their own advocates to help them as long as they need, and they may continue to take part in therapy as long as there is a need. There is not time limit on supportive services.

4A-4f.	Trauma-Informed, Victim-Centered Approaches–New Project Implementation.	
	NOFO Section II.B.11.	

Provide examples in the field below of how the new project will:

1.	prioritize program participant choice and rapid placement and stabilization in permanent housing consistent with participants’ preferences;
2.	establish and maintain an environment of agency and mutual respect, e.g., the project does not use punitive interventions, ensures program participant staff interactions are based on equality and minimize power differentials;
3.	provide program participants access to information on trauma, e.g., training staff on providing program participants with information on trauma;
4.	place emphasis on program participants’ strengths, e.g., strength-based coaching, questionnaires and assessment tools include strength-based measures, case plans include assessments of program participants strengths and works towards goals and aspirations;
5.	center on cultural responsiveness and inclusivity, e.g., training on equal access, cultural competence, nondiscrimination;
6.	provide opportunities for connection for program participants, e.g., groups, mentorships, peer-to-peer, spiritual needs; and
7.	offer support for parenting, e.g., parenting classes, childcare.

(limit 5,000 characters)

1. For the new project, Women In Distress (“WID”) will offer services in a trauma-informed, victim centered approach, and has for over 47 years. Trauma has no boundaries. The staff work off the empowerment-based model, in which staff walk alongside the survivor in the journey. The empowerment model says the survivor should have choices, the survivor is in charge of their lives and the decisions that need to be made. Advocates and therapists work in partnership with the survivor for their needs and the needs of their children. Suggestions and guidance are offered, but it is completely understood the final decisions are the survivors alone, this is also true when it comes to housing placement.

2. WID works off the empowerment-based model, in which staff walk alongside the survivor in the journey. The empowerment model imparts the survivor should have choice, and punishment is not used in any way. How someone responds to trauma is very personal. WID understands that techniques such as seclusion and restraint were once perceived as therapeutic practices; however, those types of interventions are very traumatizing. It is important to understand the importance of healing and support.

3. Not only does WID provide training on trauma, but they have a full therapy program with a focus on dealing with trauma. They provide both individual and

group approaches to trauma therapy. They also have several methods to work specifically with children experiencing trauma.

4.Their therapy plan is to discover and work in partnership of therapist and survivor and determine what the survivor’s current strengths are, and with the survivor, establish areas they determine they would want growth in and therapy focuses on those items. Part of WID’s current case planning methodology is to reassess on a consistent basis the survivor’s case plans and reexamine needs and goals and where those goals need be adjusted to continue the survivor’s growth.

5.WID is a very inclusive group, whose staff mirrors their participants in diversification. All employees must take cultural sensitivity training each year, whether they work with participants or not to maintain the ethic of inclusiveness and nonjudgment as an agency. Each employee understands the interconnectedness between culture and inclusiveness, and have set up many mechanisms to ensure this including: offering all materials in English, Spanish, Creole, and Portuguese; offering therapy in groups that are language specific, having 24/7 language interpreters on call if needed, including ASL; addressing as a staff the Black Lives Matter and Me Too Movement in employee engagement discussions, and taking part in community trainings in racism, inclusiveness, and nondiscrimination.

6.WID has partnerships with many community organizations to offer supplemental services in which they are experienced in and can provide direct benefits to their survivors. From partnerships with local law enforcement, churches, synagogues and multiple religious groups, mental health and substance abuse providers, medical and dental care providers, government assistance programs, group classes in parenting, group therapy, individual therapy, job assistance, financial literacy, dress for success and resume building. WID has also recently, with the help of private funders, established a Community Services Coordination Program, whose role is to nurture established relationships in the community that benefit the survivors, establish new relationships with service providers, and to connect survivors with those community partners who could help them with their needs.

7.Women In Distress works off the empowerment-based model, in which we walk alongside the survivor in the journey. The empowerment model says the survivor should have choice, and punishment is not used in any way: the survivor is in charge of their lives and the decisions that need to be made. Advocates and therapists work in partnership with the survivor for their needs and the needs of their children. Suggestions and guidance are offered, but it is completely understood the final decisions are the survivors alone. As stated previously, there are a multitude of services that WID offers to survivors from their staff or community partners, including parenting classes, for the survivor to choose from. Respite care is provided on campus when a survivor is taking part in services and the advocates connect them with childcare vouchers for those children not of school age. Survivors are allowed to continue with advocacy and therapy while they are in their new housing for as long as they need.

4B. Attachments Screen For All Application Questions

We prefer that you use PDF files, though other file types are supported. Please only use zip files if necessary.

Attachments must match the questions they are associated with.

Only upload documents responsive to the questions posed—including other material slows down the review process, which ultimately slows down the funding process.

We must be able to read the date and time on attachments requiring system-generated dates and times, (e.g., a screenshot displaying the time and date of the public posting using your desktop calendar; screenshot of a webpage that indicates date and time).

Document Type	Required?	Document Description	Date Attached
1C-14. CE Assessment Tool	Yes	Written Standards...	11/03/2021
1C-7. PHA Homeless Preference	No	PHA preference	11/03/2021
1C-7. PHA Moving On Preference	No	MOU Move On with ...	11/04/2021
1E-1. Local Competition Announcement	Yes	Public Notice and...	11/03/2021
1E-2. Project Review and Selection Process	Yes	RAting and Rankin...	11/04/2021
1E-5. Public Posting–Projects Rejected-Reduced	Yes	Public Posting Re...	11/10/2021
1E-5a. Public Posting–Projects Accepted	Yes	Public Posting Ac...	11/10/2021
1E-6. Web Posting–CoC-Approved Consolidated Application	Yes		
3A-1a. Housing Leveraging Commitments	No		
3A-2a. Healthcare Formal Agreements	No		
3C-2. Project List for Other Federal Statutes	No		

Attachment Details

Document Description: Written Standards CEA Tool

Attachment Details

Document Description: PHA preference

Attachment Details

Document Description: MOU Move On with COFLPHA

Attachment Details

Document Description: Public Notice and Announcement

Attachment Details

Document Description: RAting and Ranking Policy

Attachment Details

Document Description: Public Posting Reject NONE

Attachment Details

Document Description: Public Posting Accepted

Attachment Details

Document Description:

Attachment Details

Document Description:

Attachment Details

Document Description:

Attachment Details

Document Description:

Submission Summary

Ensure that the Project Priority List is complete prior to submitting.

Page	Last Updated
1A. CoC Identification	11/01/2021
1B. Inclusive Structure	11/10/2021
1C. Coordination	11/08/2021
1C. Coordination continued	11/04/2021
1D. Addressing COVID-19	11/04/2021
1E. Project Review/Ranking	11/04/2021
2A. HMIS Implementation	11/05/2021
2B. Point-in-Time (PIT) Count	11/01/2021
2C. System Performance	11/05/2021
3A. Housing/Healthcare Bonus Points	11/01/2021
3B. Rehabilitation/New Construction Costs	11/01/2021

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3C. Serving Homeless Under Other Federal Statutes	11/01/2021
4A. DV Bonus Application	11/09/2021
4B. Attachments Screen	Please Complete
Submission Summary	No Input Required



COORDINATED ENTRY WRITTEN STANDARDS OF CARE



Broward County Homeless
Continuum of Care FL-601

October 2020

Version of Document

Version	Date Released	Noted Changes
1.0	September 8, 2016	Created
2.0	August 5, 2020	Updated for HUD guidance on CEA requirements. Added complete CEA section and timeframes.
3.0	January 27, 2021	Approved by the Homeless Continuum of Care Advisory (“HCoC”) Board Meeting
4.0	May 26, 2021	Policy 19A Amendment approved by the Homeless Continuum of Care Advisory (“HCoC”) Board Meeting

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Resources:

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) requires all Continuums of Care (HCoCs) to adopt “written policies and procedures” to guide the general operations and day-to-day activities of their coordinated entry (CEA) systems. HUD detailed these requirements in its 2017 Notice Establishing Additional Requirements for a Homeless Continuum of Care Centralized or Coordinated Assessment System:

Each HCoC must incorporate additional requirements into their written policies and procedures to ensure that its coordinated entry implementation includes each of the requirements described in [Section II.B].

In the Written Standards the HUD document is referred to as HUD’s “Coordinated Entry (CEA) Notice.”

HUD intends this Outline to be used by HCoC’s as a foundation in drafting a CEA “policies and procedures” (P&P) document that documents additional requirements and operational practices that each HCoC adopts for its CEA process.

Disclaimer: The Broward Coordinated Access system uses a two-step process to first triage for the best housing intervention (Permanent Supportive [PSH] or Rapid Re-housing [RRH]), and then determines prioritization based on multiple needs which includes vulnerability. Housing programs are extremely limited, and there is no guarantee that the individual/family will meet the final eligibility requirements for – or receive a referral to- a particular housing option. A housing referral is submitted to coordinated entry is also not a guarantee for housing placement, placement is dependent upon funding and vacancy availability.

The Written Standards have been developed for the Broward FL 601 Continuum of Care, which geographically includes all of Broward County Florida and are not all evidence based. The Standards are reviewed annually and updated according to changing community needs and the HUD regulations.

Terms and Definitions

<p>Chronically Homeless</p>	<p>HUD's definition:</p> <p><i>Chronically homeless</i> means: (1) A “homeless individual with a disability,” as defined in Section 401(9) of the McKinney-Vento Homeless Assistance Act, who:</p> <p>Lives in a place not meant for human habitation, or an emergency shelter.</p> <p>AND</p> <p>Has been homeless continuously for at least twelve (12) months or on at least four separate occasions in the last three (3) years, as long as the combined occasions equal at least twelve (12) months and each break in homelessness separating the occasions included at least</p> <p>Seven (7) consecutive nights of not living as described in (i) above.</p>
<p>Case Conferencing</p>	<p>Local process for CEA staff to coordinate and discuss ongoing work with persons experiencing homelessness in the community, including the prioritization or active list. The goal of case conferencing is to provide holistic, coordinated, and integrated services across providers, and to reduce duplication.</p>
<p>Homeless Continuum of Care (HCoC)</p>	<p>Group responsible for the implementation of the requirements of HUD's HCoC Program interim rule. The HCoC is composed of representatives of organizations, including nonprofit homeless providers, victim service providers, faith-based organizations, governments, businesses, advocates, public housing agencies, school districts, social service providers, mental health agencies, hospitals, universities, affordable housing developers, law enforcement, organizations that serve homeless and formerly homeless veterans, and homeless and formerly homeless persons.</p>
<p>Homeless Continuum of Care (HCoC) Program</p>	<p>HUD funding source to (1) promote communitywide commitment to the goal of ending homelessness; (2) provide funding for efforts by nonprofit providers, and state and local governments to quickly rehouse homeless individuals and families while minimizing the trauma and dislocation caused to homeless individuals, families, and communities by homelessness; (3) promote access to and effect utilization of mainstream programs by homeless individuals and families; and (4) optimize self-sufficiency among individuals and families experiencing homelessness.</p>
<p>Emergency Shelter</p>	<p>Short-term emergency housing available to persons experiencing homelessness.</p>
<p>Emergency Solutions Grant (ESG) Program</p>	<p>HUD funding source to (1) engage homeless individuals and families living on the street; (2) improve the quantity and quality of emergency shelters for homeless individuals and families; (3) help operate these shelters; (4) provide essential services to shelter residents; (5) rapidly rehouse homeless individuals and families; and (6) prevent families and individuals from becoming homeless.</p>

Homeless Initiative Partnership (HIP)	HIP is collaborative applicant for the Broward FL 601 HCoC. as designed in ordinance by the Broward County Board of County Commissioners and is the HCoC Board Coordinator. HIP coordinates an array of funding to implement innovative, effective, performance-based approaches to alleviate homelessness and its causes in Broward County through the Homeless Continuum of Care in concert with the HEARTH Act.
Homeless Management Information System (HMIS)	Local information technology system used by a HCoC to collect participant-level data and data on the provision of housing and services to homeless individuals and families and to persons at risk of homelessness. Each HCoC is responsible for selecting an HMIS software solution that complies with HUD’s data collection, management, and reporting standards.
Projects for Assistance in Transition from Homelessness (PATH)	Substance Abuse and Mental Health Services Administration (SAMHSA)–funded program to provide outreach and services to people with serious mental illness (SMI) who are homeless, in shelter or on the street, or at imminent risk of homelessness.
Public Housing Authority (PHA)	Local entity that administers public housing and Housing Choice Vouchers (HCV) (aka Section 8 vouchers).
Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH)	Permanent housing with indefinite leasing or rental assistance paired with supportive services to assist homeless persons with a disability or families with an adult or child member with a disability achieve housing stability.
Rapid Re-housing (RRH)	Program emphasizing housing search and relocation services and short- and medium-term rental assistance to move homeless persons and families (with or without a disability) as rapidly as possible into permanent housing.
Release of Information (ROI)	Written documentation signed by a participant to release his/her personal information to authorized partners.
Transitional Housing (TH)	Program providing homeless individuals and families with the interim stability and support to successfully move to and maintain permanent housing. Transitional housing funds may be used to cover the costs of up to 24 months of housing with accompanying supportive services. Program participants must have a lease (or sublease) or occupancy agreement in place when residing in transitional housing.

System Overview

Homeless Continuum of Care Purpose

The purpose of the Homeless Continuum of Care (HCoC) is to create a collaborative, inclusive, community- based process and approach to effectively and efficiently planning and managing homeless assistance resources and programs with the ultimate goal of ending homelessness in Broward County. Broward County’s HCoC is specified by the Department of Housing and Urban Development as FL-601-HCoC, in accordance with 24, CFR Part 578, Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing Act (HEARTH Act).

The Broward County HCoC aligns its three (3) (year plan, “A Way Home Plan” updated December 2018), to End Homelessness and the goals with the HEARTH Act, the Federal Strategic Plan to End Homelessness, and the United States Interagency Council on Homelessness *Opening Doors* Plan to End Homelessness. Broward HCoC has set a path to end homelessness in Broward County by focusing its resource needs on the provision of quality best practice housing focused programs, supportive services and employment services located in strong sustainable communities.

Broward County HCoC Homeless Initiative Partnership Points of Contact:

The Broward HCoC oversees a network of housing and service agencies that work together as part of the Coordinated Entry and Assessment (CEA) system to facilitate access to services through designated coordinated entry points. Below are the identified points of contact for Coordinated Entry FL-601-HCoC.

Role	Name	Phone	Email
Human Services Administrator	Rebecca McGuire, Ph.D.	954-357-5686	RMCGUIRE@BROWARD.ORG
Human Service Manager	Kavaja Sarduy, M.S.	954-357-5392	KSARDUY@BROWARD.ORG
Senior Contract Grant Administrator	Tracie Bostick	954-357-7845	TBOSTICK@BROWARD.ORG
Program Project Coordinator	Brittany Odom, M.P.A.	954-357-7096	BODOM@BROWARD.ORG
Senior Program Project Coordinator	Vacant	954-357-9704	
HMIS Program Manager	Ricardo Moore	954-357-5882	RPMOORE@BROARD.ORG
Program Project Coordinator	Kenisha Bryant, Ed.D.	954-357-8078	KBRYANT@BROWARD.ORG
Administrative Officer	Charlesy Nance	954-357-9589	CSNANCE@BROWARD.ORG

Target Population / Defining Homelessness

Broward County HCoC’s target population includes individuals and families (family as defined by HUD) experiencing literal homelessness (categories 1 and 4 as defined by HUD). Potential clients should be homeless in Broward County at least 90 days and will be served based on availability of resources and at the discretion of the service provider. Additionally, potential clients’ current living situations must meet the definition of homelessness according to the HEARTH Act. Youth under the age of 21 who are literally homeless will meet the homeless definition for programs funded to serve this population, currently provided by Covenant House. Special consideration may be given to victims of domestic violence.

HUD’s homeless definitions and recordkeeping requirements can be accessed online at:

https://www.hudexchange.info/resources/documents/HomelessDefinition_RecordkeepingRequirement_sandCriteria.pdf

The chart below is a tool that provides a quick and simple category determination. Additional information is included in Appendix F.

CRITERIA FOR DEFINING HOMELESS			
Category 1 (LITERALLY HOMELESS)	Category 2 (IMMINENT RISK OF HOMELESSNESS)	Category 3 (HOMELESS UNDER OTHER FEDERAL STATUTES)	Category 4 (FLEEING OR ATTEMPT TO FLEE DOMESTIC VIOLENCE)
<p>Individual or family who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence, meaning:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Has a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not meant for human habitation; Is living in a publicly or privately-operated shelter designated to provide temporary living arrangements (including congregate shelters, transitional housing, and hotels and motels paid for by charitable organizations or by federal, state and local government programs); or Is exiting an institution where (s)he has resided for ninety (90) days or less and who resided in an emergency shelter or place not meant for human habitation immediately before entering that institution 	<p>Individual or family who will imminently lose their primary nighttime residence, if:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Residence will be lost within 14 days of the date of application for homeless assistance; No subsequent residence has been identified; and The individual or family lacks the resources or support networks needed to obtain other permanent housing 	<p>Unaccompanied youth under 25 years of age, or families with children and youth, who do not otherwise qualify as homeless under this definition, but who:</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Are defined as homeless under the other listed federal statutes; Have not had a lease, ownership interest, or occupancy agreement in permanent housing during the 60 days prior to the homeless assistance application; Have experienced persistent instability as measured by two or more moves during in the preceding sixty (60) days; and Can be expected to continue in such status for an extended period due to special needs or barriers 	<p>Households fleeing domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, stalking, or other dangerous or life-threatening conditions (including human trafficking)</p> <ol style="list-style-type: none"> Fleeing, or is attempting to flee, domestic violence Has no other residence Lacks the resources or support networks to obtain other permanent housing

There may be occasions that certain programs serve categories 2 and 3 as defined by HUD. Those instances will be outlined in the individual contracts and will follow the same Coordinated Entry and Assessment process.

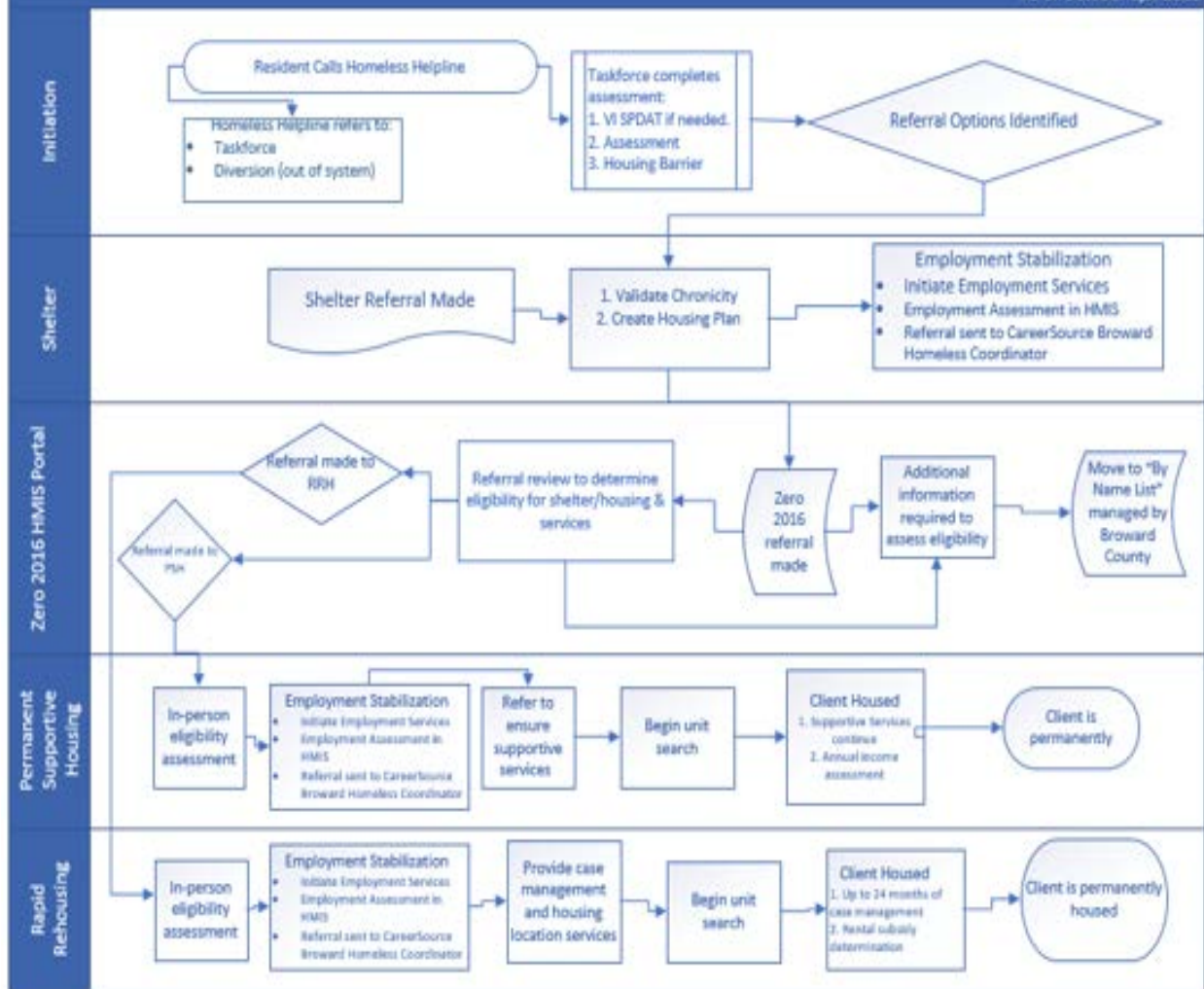
Homeless Homeless Continuum of Care Placement Process

Broward County HCoC provides a coordinated entry process and offers multiple access points that are well marketed. All access points are accessible by individuals experiencing homelessness through designated providers. The coordinated entry process may, but is not required, to include separate access points for HUD determined sub populations to the extent necessary to meet the needs of specific subpopulations. The infographic below demonstrates the process flow through the system.

Broward's CEA has multiple designated access points to help direct both individuals and families experiencing homelessness to the access point best able to meet their needs and to assist with the appropriate level of housing, a standardized decision-making process, and does not deny services to victims of domestic violence, date violence, sexual assault or stalking services. The CEA system is modeled after a Housing First approach. Housing First is an evidence- base model **that prioritizes providing permanent housing to people experiencing homelessness, thus ending their homelessness; and the ability to focus on personal goals and improve their quality of life.** This approach is guided by the belief that people need basic necessities like food and a place to live before attending to anything less critical, such as getting a job, budgeting properly, or attending to substance use issues. and has migrated from a housing readiness system of care. Additionally, the system is person centered and strengths based.

Homeless Continuum of Care Placement Process

As of October 1, 2018



Diversion

Client's Housing Situation	Intervention Used	Services Provided (In All Interventions)
AT IMMINENT RISK OF LOSING HOUSING (precariously housed and not yet homeless)	PREVENTION	Housing Search Rental Subsidy Other Financial Assistance Utility Assistance Case Management Mediation Connection to Mainstream Resources Legal Services
REQUESTING SHELTER (at the "front door" or another program/system entry point seeking a place to stay)	DIVERSION	
IN SHELTER (homeless/in the homeless assistance system)	RAPID RE-HOUSING	

According to *Closing the Front Door: Creating a Successful Diversion Program for Homeless Families*, published by the NAEH and the Center for Capacity Building, interventions include:

Diversion is a strategy that prevents homelessness for people seeking shelter by helping them identify immediate alternate housing arrangements and, if necessary, connecting them with services and financial assistance to help them return to permanent housing. According to the National Alliance to End Homelessness (NAEH), diversion targets people as they are applying for entry into shelter, while prevention targets people at imminent risk of homelessness and rapid-rehousing targets people who are already in shelter. *Broward County Diversion Services are provided by community resource agencies within FL-601-HCoC.*

Coordinated Entry into Shelter for Individuals

In October of 2018, Broward County HCoC streamlined access points for entry into emergency shelters. The Street Outreach provider coordinates entry into all HCoC funded shelter beds. Although there are multicentral access points that "feed" into Street Outreach, the single point of access into the emergency shelter system is through Street Outreach. Referrals to shelter are entered into HMIS exclusively by TaskForce Fore Ending Homelessness, Inc. to the four HCoC funded shelters, including The Salvation Army and the South, Central and North Homeless Assistance Centers. The CEA system of care monitors the status of referrals, the reason for declining a referral, and other system barriers that may need to be addressed. Other sources that feed into Street Outreach include, but are not limited to: the Homeless Helpline (helpline); a domestic violence help line (Women in Distress of Broward County); the Broward Behavioral Health Coalition; municipal police departments; three (3) Homeless Assistance Centers (HACs); a Safe Haven; and an interfaith community-based shelter network (Salvation Army and HOPE South Florida).

Referral Process: Referrals for individuals to the four HCoC shelter providers are made by the Street Outreach provider TaskForce Fore Ending Homelessness, Inc. TaskForce Outreach only submits Shelter Referrals for Individuals, for entry into emergency shelters. As of October 2, 2018, the Homeless Help Line no longer assigns beds for individuals in need of emergency shelter.

- Individuals experiencing homelessness can contact the Homeless Helpline (954.563.4357), to receive direction to TaskForce Fore Ending Homelessness (TaskForce) Street Outreach locations or meet at their designated daily locations within the community. Meeting with TaskForce ensure the Client Profile is updated, assessments that may be necessary to access shelter or to make permanent housing referrals.
- The three Homeless Assistance Centers (HACs) are strategically placed in North, Central, and South Broward County to provide services to families, single men & women who are experiencing homelessness.
- The Salvation Army provides low barrier shelter beds for individuals and families experiencing homelessness.
- Hope South Florida provides shelter to families only.

Admission into shelters is not guaranteed, as there is a waitlist and admissions are based on a prioritization matrix. Included in this matrix are the length of time homeless, physical, and mental disabilities, age, and vulnerability measured by the VI-SPDAT.

Coordinated Entry into Emergency Shelter for Families

The Administrative Officer from HIP monitors the need and process for families to create a more effective Coordinated Entry into Emergency Shelters and immediate referrals to Housing. Additionally, the Administrative Officer will ensure families have an updated profile in HMIS service point and VI-SPDAT in HMIS completed.

Referral Process: Referrals for families to the three shelter providers are made by our Homeless Helpline (954.563.4357) to the designated HIP Administrative Officer through HMIS.

1. All referrals for a family's intake into a COC Emergency Shelter must be referred to Coordinated Entry at the Homeless Initiative Partnership (HIP). All referrals should be sent via **Family Prioritization through HMIS service point**.
2. The Coordinated Entry, HIP Administrative Officer will review and accept the referral(s) and contact the family within 3 calendar days.
3. If the Family reports they are no longer in need of Emergency shelter, their referral for Emergency Shelter Prioritization will be closed.
4. The HIP Coordinated Entry, Administrative Officer will (if necessary) complete:
 - i. The Client Profile (HMIS)
 - ii. The VI- SPDAT (screening tool in HMIS)
5. Families will be prioritized based on their VI-SPDAT score, length of time homeless, other assessed vulnerability needs.
6. Upon the next shelter vacancy (based off prioritization), the family will be referred to a CoC Emergency Shelter. The Administrative will manage the wait list, and once notified by the providers regarding shelter vacancies, the Administrative Officer will send the referral by

entering the client number on service point; under the client's profile, add the ROI, select the service transaction tab and add the referral for emergency shelter to the appropriate shelter (code).

7. Once the referral has been sent in HMIS system, the CoC Emergency Shelter staff will review and accept the referral in HMIS within (2 calendar days). The Emergency Shelter provider will attempt to contact the family at least once per day for three days after the referral has been accepted to schedule an intake with the family at their facility. The CoC Emergency Shelter provider must document every attempt to contact the family in the Notes section of the client's profile in HMIS. When a family is not able to be contacted within the three-day period, the CoC Emergency Shelter provider will decline the referral in HMIS (dropdown: client unable to be located) and will notify the CEA Administrative Officer by email.
8. Once contacted by the CoC Emergency shelter, the family will have 24 hours to arrive at the CoC Emergency Shelter to complete the intake.
9. The CoC Emergency Shelter provider will make contact (via e-mal) to alert Coordinated Entry (Administrative Officer) of a family's arrival/non- arrival. Within (2 calendar days) of the referral to the shelter. If the client is a NO SHOW, the shelter must notify the Administrative Officer via at coordinatedentry@broward.org . The Administrative Officer will review and adjust the family's wait on the shelter list.
10. If the Family does not arrive at the CoC Emergency Shelter, as instructed within the agreed upon time frame, their referral will go back onto the CoC Emergency Shelter Prioritization Wait List for Families.

The Coordinated Entry and Assessment assigned Administrative Officer will set up a system that operationalizes both families into emergency shelter and also permanent housing. Families can have referrals to both types of services simultaneously.

Special Population and/or other housing options

- Covenant House: (954) 561-5559 or walk-in (Serves youth experiencing homelessness)
- Safe Haven (Henderson): Referrals are made through the HMIS (Zero 2016 virtual portal). Serves individuals who are diagnosed with severe mental illness and who are also experiencing homelessness
- Women in Distress: 24-hour crisis line (954) 761-1133 – (Serves individuals and children fleeing domestic violence)

[Coordinated Entry into Housing Programs](#)

The Coordinated Entry Assessment for Housing (CEA) system is intended to increase and streamline access to housing and services for individuals and families experiencing homelessness. The Coordinated Entry Assessment for Broward County is designed utilizing the four main tenets as recommended by the Housing and Urban Development (HUD): Access, Assessment, Prioritization, and Referral.

Coordinated Entry and Assessment utilizes a standardized assessment tools, Housing Barrier Assessment, the Vulnerability Index-Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool (VI-SPDAT, VI-F-SPDAT, Y -VI-SPDAT). These tools assist the provider in consistently evaluating the level of need of individuals and families accessing services. The assessments should only be updated every 6 months if the client is not housed, or situation changes.

These separate assessment tools are used to prioritize homeless households for entry into Permanent Supportive Housing or Rapid Re-Housing programs. The assessment tools target youth, families, and single adults. All tools focus on length of literal homelessness and residential instability, number of children, trauma history, substance abuse history, and employment history.

After the assessments are administered to a literally homeless client, the following happens:

1. The staff person who completes the assessments refers the client to the Coordinated Entry and Assessment for the appropriate housing intervention (RRH, TH, PSH) and when a shelter placement is available and appropriate the client is referred through HMIS Service Point.
 2. As housing program openings become available, Coordinated Entry prioritizes households through the CEA process, for referral to various programs based on the Housing Placement Prioritization process.
 3. Coordinated Entry and Assessment team sends the referral via HMIS to the identified housing agency. The agency is chosen based on availability and the provider who can best meet the needs of the individual.
 4. The housing agency staff begins to work with the client to find housing and appropriate support services.
 5. After appropriate housing is identified, the housing agency staff administer ongoing assessments, housing placement services and case management as appropriate.
- Housing providers must record move-in dates for the assigned program into HMIS within two calendar days of acceptance into housing program. Below are the definitions of the various dates that are tracked by the CEA team monthly in HMIS system to ensure referral timeframes to move in timeframes improve. The physical location in the assigned unit can take 60-90 days based on housing inventory. **ALL DATES MUST BE ENTERED INTO HMIS WITH THREE (3) CALENDAR DATES OF THE ACTION HAPPENING.**

Referral Date:

- Date the housing agency received the referral.

Acceptance of Referral Date:

- This is the date the housing agency accepted the referral.

Intake Date:

- This is the date the housing agency completed the initial assessment and intake.

Housing Navigation Date:

This is the date housing Search began.

Move-In Date:

- This is the date the tenant has keys and moved into the unit.

Exit Date:

- Exit date from the program is the date the individual either exited from the unit or became self-sufficient and is no longer in need of services or subsidy or has been discharged from the

program. All City and zip codes must be entered into HMIS upon the Client moving into the units.

Housing Interventions

Permanent Supportive Housing

Permanent housing that is an intervention coupled with supportive services that are appropriate to the needs and preferences of residents. Individuals have leases, must abide by rights and responsibilities, and may remain with no program-imposed time limits. Housing may include various combinations of subsidy resources and services.

Program Description	Essential Program Elements	Time Frame	Population	Desired/Expected Outcome
Rental assistance with supportive services for persons who are coming from the street or shelter/interim housing. Majority of programs serve households with a household member who has a disabled, but disability requirement will be based on subsidy source requirements.	<p>Case Management</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Assistance with lease process Provision of or linkage to: Assessment, Intervention, link to mainstream resources, community building peer to peer and all other services that assist a person in remaining stably housed Services are voluntary to the clients and are not a condition of the lease Employment assessment and assistance Employment training <p>Rental Subsidy</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Provides a rental subsidy to make the unit affordable Provide assistance in accessing housing relocation resources/supports (security deposits, utilities, furnishings, etc.) Ensure coordination between property manager or landlord <p>Health Care Access</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Wellness services Physical and mental health services 	No time frames	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> Any high needs individuals with multiple barriers to housing that is literally homeless (lease-based program) Specialized eligibility requirements for subsidies including veterans, disabled, long term homeless, or domestic violence <p>Prioritizing:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Disabling condition and long-term, multiple episodes of homelessness. Highest Vulnerability Index Score Unique Populations: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Families with Children Elderly Veterans 	<p>Outcome: Clients will remain in permanent housing.</p> <p>80% of Clients will remain in permanent housing.</p> <p>Client will increase earned income.</p> <p>Indicators:</p> <p>Threshold (increasing): 56% of all participants have non-employment income.</p> <p>Threshold (increasing): 56% of participants obtain mainstream benefits.</p> <p>Threshold</p> <p>35% of participants will increase earned income.</p>

Rapid Re-Housing

This program is to provide stabilization and assessment and subsidy assistance and case management, with an express focus securing stable housing as quickly as possible, regardless of disability or background. Although this is targeted to be a short term intervention, housing agencies may provide rental subsidy and case management for up to 24 months.

Program Description	Essential Program Elements	Time Frame	Population	Desired/Expected Outcome
Rental assistance and supportive services programs that rapidly re-houses and stabilizes persons who are homeless into appropriate permanent housing.	<p>Case Management/Housing Navigation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> Housing Location Housing stabilization planning using common tools Employment assistance Employment training Linkage to mainstream resources Linkage to mental health services as appropriate Linkage to medical services as needed Linkage to substance use treatment services as appropriate Transportation assistance Financial management Domestic designate Specific Consideration Access to crisis intervention services Safety planning Legal advocacy <p>Temporary Financial Assistance</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Rental assistance based on lease and housing stabilization plan • Need based rental assistance • Utility assistance • Childcare • Employment assessment and Referral and Job Training <p>Housing Relocation</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provision of or formalized partnership to housing referrals and placement services • Linkage to community supports and/or wraparound system of services in relation to housing placement 	<p>Up to 24 months of rent subsidy and supportive services, during which households are stabilized</p> <p>Supportive and Employment Services although voluntary may be provided indefinitely.</p>	<p>Literally homeless households or those residing in shelters. Households that show the ability to become self-sufficient in a short period of time as evidence by having income potential, and do not need intense services to remain housed; recently became homeless; no serious known disabilities</p> <p>May be used as a bridge to PSH</p> <p>Priority populations: Households with children residing on streets or in emergency shelters who are not eligible for VA-funded RRH.</p>	<p>Outcome: Households will secure and maintain appropriate, affordable permanent housing</p> <p>Households will increase earned income.</p> <p>Indicators:</p> <p>Threshold: 80% of households will exit to permanent housing.</p> <p>Threshold: 70% of households remain housed 6 months after exit.</p> <p>Threshold: 70% of households increase income during program enrollment.</p> <p>Threshold: 70% of eligible participants obtain mainstream benefits</p> <p>Threshold: 45% of eligible participants will increase earned income</p>

	<ul style="list-style-type: none">• Temporary financial assistance (security deposits, utility deposits, furniture, household supplies) <p>Harm Reduction and Housing First</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none">• All supportive housing embraces and practices Harm Reduction and Housing First• Incorporate proven best practices and evidence-based practices• Programs do not require sobriety or medication/treatment compliance as a condition of housing attainment or retention			
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Transitional Housing (TH)

Transitional housing provides interim stability and support to successfully move to maintain permanent housing. Transitional housing covers up to 24 months of housing with accompanying supportive services. Upon completion of any transitional housing program, consumers must only be referred to Rapid Re-Housing and non-chronic PSH.

Program Description	Essential Program Elements	Time Frame	Population	Desired/Expected Outcome
<p>Short-term housing and supportive, wrap around services (up to 1 yr.) to prepare individuals that are homeless to secure and maintain permanent housing at exit.</p> <p>Intended to rapidly house and stabilize without barriers to enrollment (i.e., eligibility requirements such as income, sobriety, childcare, rental history)</p>	<p>Case Management</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Housing Focused • Linkage mainstream resources and other supports as needed • Not mandatory for continued housing • Tailored to participant needs not to program and does not prescribe a standard “program” for every household. • Employment screening and assessment • Employment Training <p>Domestic Violence Specific Considerations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Access to crisis intervention services • Safety Planning • Legal Advocacy <p>Housing</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Provision of or formalized partnership to housing referrals and placement services • Primary responsibility of program is to locate permanent housing • Must be licensed or have licensed overnight if substance use, mental or physical health oriented. <p>Harm Reduction and Housing First</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Incorporate proven best practices and evidence-based practices • Program agreement does not include “zero tolerance” policies (except for physical violence or threats) for attainment or retention of housing. • Comply with Fair Housing Laws (no-single-gender programs or arbitrary caps on ages, numbers or genders of children) • Comply with HUD Equal Access Rule 	<p>Up to 24 months of housing subsidy and case management</p> <p>Up to 6 months of follow-up services provided after exit</p>	<p>Youth who cannot sign a lease (under 18 years), those fleeing domestic violence, those interested in substance use treatment and/or recovery support, and recently released from institutions, those seeking licensed medical or mental health housing</p> <p>May be used as a bridge to RRH for enrolled clients awaiting housing location or approval</p>	<p>Outcome: Exiting households will secure and maintain permanent housing.</p> <p>Households will increase earned income.</p> <p>Indicators:</p> <p>Threshold: 80% of households will exit to permanent housing.</p> <p>Threshold: 40% of participants will have (earned)employment income.</p> <p>Threshold: 10% of all participants have non-employment income</p> <p>Threshold: 35% of participants will increase earned income.</p>

Employment Initiative

During admission in to shelter, employment and income is assessed and discussed as an immediate goal in order to ensure that the client's housing placement is sustainable. Shelter providers must complete an employment assessment with in the first two engagements with the client. The employment assessment will help gain an understanding of the client's employment history, skills, competencies, and needs. Clients who are deemed unemployable should be screened for disability status and referred to a SOAR Specialist for SSI/SSDI Outreach Assessment & Recovery application assistance upon that determination being made.

The goal is from initial engagement to ensure individuals are being assessed to determine the best course of action to assist with employment stabilization. Shelter providers complete the employment assessment in HMIS and create a short-term plan and long-term service plan to address the employment needs. When completed the assessment should be forwarded to the designated CareerSource Broward Homeless Coordinator after information releases have been signed by the individual.

Coordinated Entry and Assessment (CEA) Policies and Procedures

The HCoC establishes the following guiding principles for its CEA:

- The CEA team will operate with a person-centered approach, and with person-centered outcomes.
- The CEA team will ensure that participants quickly receive access to the most appropriate services and housing resources available.
- The CEA team will reduce the stress of the experience of being homeless by limiting assessments and interviews to only the most pertinent information necessary to resolve the participant's immediate housing crisis.
- The CEA team will incorporate cultural and linguistic competencies in all engagement, assessment, and referral coordination activities.
- The CEA team will implement standard assessment tools and practices and will capture only the limited information necessary to determine the severity of the participant's needs and the best referral strategy for him or her.
- The CEA team will integrate mainstream service providers into the system, including local Public Housing Authorities and VA medical centers.
- The CEA team will utilize HMIS for the purposes of managing participant information and facilitating quick access to available HCoC resources.
- The CEA team will monitor the wait list monthly, to ensure referrals on the wait list are being referred to housing providers upon availability.

Policy 1: Coordinated Entry Expectations

All HCoC Program-and ESG Program funded projects are required to participate in the Broward CEA. The HCoC still aims to have all homeless assistance projects participating in its CEA process and will work with all local projects and funders in its geographic area to facilitate their participation in the CEA process. Source: HCoC Program interim rule: 24 CFR 578.7(a) (9); ESG interim rule: 24 CFR 576.400 (d) and (e).

As part of the annual HCoC and ESG application processes, each project must submit a report that identifies the number of participants its project referred, accepted, rejected, and /or served from the CEA process.

Policy 2: HCoC and ESG Coordination

The HCoC is committed to aligning and coordinating CEA policies and procedures governing assessment, eligibility determinations, and prioritization with its written standards for administering HCoC and ESG Programs funds. The Coordinated Entry process covers the geographical area of Broward County and is mandatory for all funded providers by the County.

At least annually the HCoC Coordinated Entry will convene to identify any changes to their written standards and present to the Homeless Continuum of Care Board for approval.

Policy 3: Geographic Coverage

The HCoC's CEA process covers the HCoC's geographic area which is the entire Broward County Florida. *HUD Coordinated Entry Notice, Section II. B. 1*

Policy 4: Non-Discrimination

The CEA system must adhere to all jurisdictionally relevant civil rights and fair housing laws and regulations. *HUD Coordinated Entry Notice: Section I.D*

Housing funded by Broward's HCoC will be available to individuals and families without regard to actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identity, or marital status in accordance with "Equal Access to Housing in HUD Programs Regardless of Sexual Orientation or Gender Identity" [24 CFR 5.105 \(a\)\(2\)](#). All recipients and sub-recipients that participate in the Broward HCoC regardless of their funding source and the type of service/housing that they provide must comply with the nondiscrimination provisions of Federal civil right laws, including, but not limited to, the Fair Housing Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, and Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act, as applicable.

The HCoC is committed to ensuring that no information is used to discriminate or prioritize households for housing and services on a protected basis such as race, color, religion, national origin, sex, age, familial status, disability, actual or perceived sexual orientation, gender identify, or marital status. *HUD Coordinated Entry Notice: Section li.B.2.g.*

The HCoC has designated the Broward County HIP CEA staff, as the entity responsible for monitoring agencies on compliance with all CEA requirements, including adherence to civil rights and fair housing laws and regulations.

- Failure to comply with these laws and regulations will result in a monitoring finding on the project, which may affect its position in the local HCoC rating and ranking process.
- Fair Housing Act – prohibits discriminatory housing practices based on race, color, religion, sex, national origin, disability, or familial status.
- Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act – prohibits discrimination on the basis of disability under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance.
- Title VI of the Civil Rights Act – prohibits discrimination on the basis of race, color, or national origin under any program or activity receiving federal financial assistance.
- Title II of the Americans with Disabilities Act – prohibits public entities, which include state and local governments and special purpose districts, from discriminating against individuals with disabilities in all their services, programs, and activities, which include housing and housing-related services such as housing search and referral assistance.
- Title III of the Americans with Disabilities Act – prohibits private entities that own, lease, and operate places of public accommodation, which include shelters, social service establishments, and other public accommodations providing housing, from discriminating on the basis of disability.

Policy 5: Affirmative Marketing and Outreach

In accordance with the Non-Discrimination Policy all persons participating in any aspect of CEA such as access, assessment, prioritization, or referral shall be afforded equal access to CEA services and resources.

- Each project participating in CEA is required to post or otherwise make publicly available a notice (provided by the HCoC) that describes coordinated entry.

- This notice should be posted in the agency waiting areas, as well as any areas where participants may congregate or receive services (e.g., dining hall). All staff at each agency are required to know which personnel within their agency can discuss and explain CEA to a participant who seeks more information.
- This information must also be provided in the intake processes to each Client regardless of acceptance into the program.

Policy 6: Privacy Protection and Disclosure of Disability or Diagnostic Information

All CEA participating agencies are required to notify and obtain participant consent for the collection, use, and disclosure of participants' personally identifiable information (PII) and must have policies and procedures that specifically address participant confidentiality. *HUD Coordinated Entry Notice: Section II.B. 12.a.*

All participant information collected, stored, or shared in the operation of CEA functions, regardless of whether or not those data are stored in HMIS, shall be considered personal and sensitive information worthy of the full force of protection and security associated with data collected, stored, or shared in HMIS. *HUD Coordinated entry Notice: Section II.B.12.a.*

Throughout the assessment process, participants must not be pressured or forced to provide CEA staff with information that they do not wish to disclose, including specific disability or medical diagnosis information. *HUD Coordinated Entry Notice: Section II.B. 12.F.*

Policy 7: Safety Planning and Risk Assessment:

All persons who are fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking shall have immediate and confidential access to available crisis services within the defined CEA geographic area. *HUD Coordinated Entry Notice: Section II.B 10*

The CEA system must include a local domestic violence hotline, which is staffed 24 hours a day, seven days a week, to ensure that all persons who are fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence or sexual assault have immediate access to crisis response services. All persons will have access to this hotline regardless of which access point they initially contact for services and assistance through Broward's CE. (Broward County DV Hotline – 954-761-1133).

The County has the Victims Against Women Act Transfer Plan that must be adhere to by all HCoC Funded projects funded by the County.

Policy 8: Approved Access Points for Broward County

The HCoC has adopted a "no-wrong door" approach to CEA. In doing so, participants are able to access CEA by appearing at any homeless assistance agency within the community. A list and map of all access points in the community is shown below. *HUD Coordinated Entry Notice: Section I.C. 3.*

The HCoC, recognizing that a growing number of families with very young children are seeking assistance through its CEA process, has designed a separate access point for families to better address the unique needs of households with dependent children. This access point through various providers listed below and monitored at the County's CEA. However, the CEA team will have a designated person to coordinate the Family Shelter process with referrals coming the multiple access points.

The Broward County HCoC has multiple access points through the continuum. Referrals are submitted and accepted through those HIP approved access points listed below:

Broward Behavioral Health Coalition
Broward County Housing Authority
Broward Housing Solutions
Broward Partnership (CHAC and NHAC)
Care Resource Community Health Center
CareerSource Broward
ChildNet
Covenant House
FLITE Center
Henderson Safe Haven
Hope South Florida
Homeless Helpline
Miami Rescue Mission/ South Homeless Assistance Center (SHAC)
North Hospital District
South Hospital District
Taskforce Fore Ending Homelessness
The Salvation Army
Volunteers of America

Policy 9: Access Coverage for Individuals and Shelters

The HCoC’s entire geographic area is accessible to CEA for Shelters processes through defined location-specific access points for TaskForce Outreach or through the Homeless Helpline community information and referral hotline that is accessible throughout the entire HCoC geography. TaskForce Outreach is accessible in public geographic regions in the county, where individuals experiencing homelessness gather and congregate. TaskForce Outreach hours of operations are Monday-Sunday from 6:30am-9:30pm. For locations individuals must call the Homeless Helpline (954-563-4357) to obtain daily information regarding emergency shelter services.

The HCoC will ensure that CEA services are physically accessible to persons with mobility barriers. All CEA providers must have policies and procedures in place to ensure that communications and documentation will be accessible to persons with limited ability to read, write, and communicate in English.

The HCoC designates the CEA coordinating entity to serve as the primary point of contact for ensuring that all CEA materials are available in English, Spanish, and Creole. In addition, CEA participating agencies will, to the greatest extent practicable, provide communication accommodation through translation services to effectively and clearly communicate with persons who have disabilities, as well as

with any person with limited English proficiency. The CEA coordinating entity (Broward County) will provide visually and audibly accessible CEA materials when requested by agencies or participants in CEA.

Policy 10: Emergency Services

CEA initial screening and assessment services for emergency shelters for individuals are only available through Broward's Street Outreach provided by TaskForce Fore Ending Homelessness. TaskForce Outreach hours of operations are Monday-Sunday from 6:30am-9:30pm. For location individuals must call the Homeless Helpline (954-563-4357) to obtain daily information regarding emergency shelter services. The Homeless Helpline hours of operations are, Monday- Friday, from 8am-6pm, and Saturday-Sunday 8am-12pm.

For Families, the CEA Team will have a designated position that will coordinate the intake of families into Emergency Shelter and ensure they have an updated Client Profile and FVI-SPDAT.

Policy 11: Prevention / Diversion Services

The CEA system will ensure that all potentially eligible Homeless Prevention participants will be screened for homelessness prevention assistance, regardless of the access point at which they initially seek assistance. *HUD Coordinated Entry Notice: Section II.B. 8.*

Screening will be completed at all access point, the Homeless Helpline and on some occasions during intake with TaskForce Fore Ending Homelessness.

Policy 12: Street Outreach

Street outreach teams (TaskForce for Ending Homelessness) will function as access points to the CEA process for Shelter for Individuals. Additionally, street outreach teams will seek to engage persons who may be served through CEA but who are not seeking assistance or are unable to seek assistance via projects that offer crisis housing or emergency shelter. Referrals will be made through the virtual portal Zero 2016. *HUD Coordinated Entry Notice: Section II.B.6.*

Policy 13: Standardized Assessment Approach

The HCoC's CEA process will provide a standardized assessment process to all CEA participants, ensuring uniform decision-making and coordination of care for persons experiencing a housing crisis. The HCoC is committed to ensuring that all staff who assist with CEA operations receive sufficient training to implement the CEA system in a manner consistent with the vision and framework of CEA, as well as in accordance with the policies and procedures of its CEA system. *HUD Coordinated Entry Notice: Section II.B. 14*

The HCoC will provide an annual training for persons who will manage access point processes and conduct assessments for CEA. Training will be offered at no cost to the agency or staff and will be delivered by an experienced and professional trainer who is identified by the HCoC. Topics for training will include the following:

- Review of HCoC's written CEA policies and procedures, including variations adopted for specific subpopulations;
- Requirements for use of assessment information to determine prioritization;
- Intensive training on the use of the CEA assessment tool; and
- Criteria for uniform decision - making and referrals.

All persons served by CEA will be assessed using the coordinated assessments. All access points must use these tools to ensure that all persons served are assessed in a consistent manner, using the same process. The coordinated assessments will documents set of participant conditions, attributes, need level, and vulnerability, allowing the access point and/or assessment staff to identify a service strategy to the CEA staffer who manages the HCoC's prioritization list. Please see *Appendix H: CPD 14-012 Federal Notice on Prioritization*

Policy 14: Participant Autonomy

It is crucial that persons served by the HCoC's CEA system have the autonomy to identify whether they are uncomfortable or unable to answer any questions during the assessment process, or to refuse a referral that has been made to them. In both instances, the refusal of the participant to respond to assessment questions or to accept a referral shall not adversely affect his or her position on the CEA's prioritization list.

Note that some funders require collection and documentation of a participant's disability or other characteristics or attributes as a condition for determining eligibility. Participants who choose not to provide information in these instances could be limiting potential referral options. *HUD Coordinated Entry Notice: Section II.B. 11*

Policy 15: Updating the Assessment:

Participant assessment information should be updated at least once a year, if the participant is served by CEA for more than 12 months. Additionally, staff should update participant records with new information as new or updated information becomes known by staff. *HUD Coordinated Entry Notice: Section II.B.12.f.*

Individuals who choose not to participate in data collection upon initial assessment or project entry may later decide that their information can be collected and entered into HMIS. Participant data in HMIS can be updated after an initial CEA data collection period and throughout project enrollment to reflect emergence of new information, corrections to previously collected information, or additions of previously unanswered questions. The Broward County HCoC will continuously work to improve participant engagement strategies to achieve completion rates of required HMIS data elements that are as high as possible.

Housing Assessment Process

The CEA utilizes a **standardized assessment for housing needs**. Assessments are based on a participant's strengths, goals, risks, and protective factors. The assessments and tools used are easily understood and sensitive to the participant's lived experiences. Broward County's HCoC uses a phased assessment process to determine the appropriate housing intervention needed that includes: Vulnerability Index – Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool (VI-SPDAT/ Y-SPDAT/ Youth SPDAT) that helps determine client(s) acuity level, Taskforce Assessment and Rapid Re-housing Barrier Assessment and Verification. Tools utilized are tested, calibrated annually and appropriate, as well as reliable, comprehensive, and culturally and linguistically competent.

For employment needs, HMIS has a screening assessment to begin to build a profile on the individuals to determine if they need technical or vocational training, basic resume and interviewing skills, and/or a referral to CareerSource Broward (CSBD) for additional employment – related services. Agencies referring customers to CSBD must complete a referral form, completed assessment and a signed release

of information form. Agencies that elect to utilize a customized employment assessment tool must include all of the elements included in the CEA's employment assessment.

Please See Appendix A for all Standardized Assessments

There are special assessments that can be utilized for the HUD-designated subpopulations. These include:

- Adults without children;
- Adults accompanied by children;
- Unaccompanied Youth;
- Households fleeing domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault stalking or other dangerous conditions (human trafficking);
- Persons at imminent risk of literal homelessness. **Applicant Rights:** Applicants have the right to complete a Coordinated Entry standardized housing assessment and have the right to request a Skilled Assessor who speaks their native language or translation services.

As needed, applicants have the right to update their Coordinated Entry Assessment either with the Skilled Assessor who originally completed the assessment with the individual or household or with any other Skilled Assessor. Applicants may call the Homeless Helpline at (954)563-4357 or visit <http://www.broward.org/Homeless/Pages/Default.aspx> to inquire about Coordinated Entry Access Points

Applicant Responsibility: As part of this process applicants will be asked to sign a Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) Release of Information that will ask what level of sharing, if any, they approve of. This consent will be explained, and the applicant has the right to ask questions related to how their data will be used or shared so that they can make an informed decision.

While completing a variety of assessments, applicants are responsible for sharing information as accurately as possible. When providers are interacting with applicants, they should always inquire about the need to update their information such as contact information, new hospitalizations or the diagnosis of a disabling condition, change in family composition, and change in income. These updates allow for a more accurate understanding of eligibility for housing programs and when matched to housing, updated contact information allows the housing agency to reach the household.

Refusals of Housing Assessment: Individuals who do not sign the Release of Information and who do not complete the assessment may delay or negatively impact their ability to access housing. When assessors encounter individuals, who do not provide a response to any of the first questions, they should stop and acknowledge that the assessment will not provide useful information. The assessor should inform the individual that referrals are not permitted to be sent to service providers without the participant's consent.

Individuals who are not able to complete either a VI-SPDAT, FSPDAT or Y-VI-SPDAT can request reasonable accommodations which may include the use of TTY: (954)831-3940. If additional assistance is needed, then they may contact the Homeless Helpline through TTY.

Applicants are responsible for responding to service providers' calls and should inform the provider if they are in need of any additional supports. Extra support may include scheduling a housing intake appointment, accessing documents, or resources within the community, and etc. The service provider must attempt to contact the applicants within five (5) calendar days of the referral and should attempt

to contact the applicants a minimum of five (5) times. All attempts should be documented in the Client Notes section in the client's HMIS record.

The assessments determine the client's service needs based on HUD's Criteria of Defining Homeless (Categories 1 and 4). Category 4 clients (victims of domestic violence) must be referred immediately to Women in Distress of Broward County.

Policy 16: Assessor Training

The HCoC is committed to ensuring that all staff who assist with CEA operations receive sufficient training to implement the CEA system in a manner consistent with the vision and framework of CEA. Training will be offered monthly by the County through both HIP staff and HMIS staff. Additionally, if training is needed for specific assessments, this will be offered semi-annually by the County. *HUD Coordinated Entry Notice: Section II.B.14*

The HCoC will provide at quarterly and/or monthly trainings for providers who manage access point processes and conduct assessments for CEA. Training will be offered at no cost to the agency and will be delivered by an experienced and professional trainer at Broward County who is identified by the HCoC. Topics for training will include the following:

- Review of HCoC's written CEA policies and procedures, including variations adopted for specific subpopulations;
- Requirements for use of assessment information to determine prioritization;
- Intensive training on the use of the CEA assessment tools; and
- Criteria for uniform decision-making and referrals.

Policy 17: Housing Prioritization

HCoC will use data collected through the CEA process to prioritize homeless persons within the HCoC's geography. Prioritization is be used for all housing intervention including PSH, RRH, Transition and shelters. *HUD Coordinated Entry Notice: Section II.B.3.*

Prioritization is the process of determining a household's priority for housing and support services. Broward utilizes several need factors to prioritize individuals experiencing homelessness. These include but are not limited to; the VI-SPDAT, the Housing Barrier Assessment, length of time homeless, number of episodes of homelessness and severity of service needs. Severity of service needs may not necessarily be based on a specific diagnosis or disability type, but only on the severity of needs of the individual or family, considering history of high utilization of crisis services e.g. emergency rooms, jails, and psychiatric facilities); significant health or behavioral health challenges, age and substance use disorder or functional impairment that require a significant level of support to maintain permanent housing. These may also include the presence of a child under the age of two (2) or two or more children under the age of five (5) who are currently living in a place not met for human habitation, and/or the presence of a pregnant woman in the household.

The housing assessments and referral process is built into the Broward HCoC Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) to promote accuracy and transparency across service providers. A Release of Information (ROI) is required from all service providers to ensure all providers have access to the individual's information and can provide a consistent level of care. The ROI must be entered into HMIS the SAME DAY the service is rendered. The ROI enforces coordination of services and is required before inputting client's information into the HMIS. **The ROI must be completed and dated the same day as the client's entry into the program, otherwise no other providers can view any information about the**

client. It is critical that the ROI is properly dated and documented in HMIS in order to avoid duplicate entries and to ensure that clients receive the correct services.

All assessments and VI-SPDAT must be recorded in the HMIS within three (3) calendar days.

Per Section [578.57 \(a\)\(3\)](#) of the HCoC Program Interim Rule, the primary purposes of using HMIS for CEA is to store client data and enable case management direct service personnel to use HMIS as a referral platform for housing and services providers.

Additionally, HMIS is also used in this process to provide data on client outcomes to case management activities, housing service providers activities, and shelter staff service providers to monitor homeless prevention and housing.

Finally, HMIS serves as a communication platform for coordinated entry sites to view client placements, share information on the households they serve and reduce duplication. Critical documents are uploaded in the system to assist with the Clients housing process.

This also applies to the ESG Projects that are within the Broward HCoC. Broward HCoC has adopted the provisions and requirements set out in HUD Notice [CPD-16-11](#) and [CPD-17-01](#) for prioritizing housing placement for persons experiencing chronic homelessness and other vulnerable homeless persons in its PSH program.

A. Order of Prioritization

Broward County HCoC has adopted the order of priority prescribed in HUD’s Notice CPD-16-011: “Prioritizing Persons Experiencing Chronic Homelessness and Other Vulnerable Homeless Persons in Permanent Supportive Housing”

<https://www.hudexchange.info/resource/5108/notice-cpd-16-11-prioritizing-persons-experiencing-chronic-homelessness-and-other-vulnerable-homeless-persons-in-psh/>

Recipients of HCoC program funded PSH should follow the order of priority below while also considering the goals and any identified target populations served by the project. All referrals to PSH will be through Coordinated Entry based on the following prioritization:

A. Order of Priority for HCoC-Program funded Permanent Supportive Housing Beds Dedicated or Prioritized for Occupancy by Persons Experiencing Chronic Homelessness

1. Chronically Homeless Individuals and Families with the Longest Histories Residing in Places not meant for Human Habitation, in Emergency Shelters, and in Safe Havens and with the Most Severe Service Needs.
2. Chronically Homeless Individuals and Families with the Longest Histories Residing in Places not meant for Human Habitation, in Emergency Shelters, and in Safe Havens
3. Chronically Homeless Individuals and Families with the Most Severe Service Needs.
4. All Other Chronically Homeless Individuals and Families.

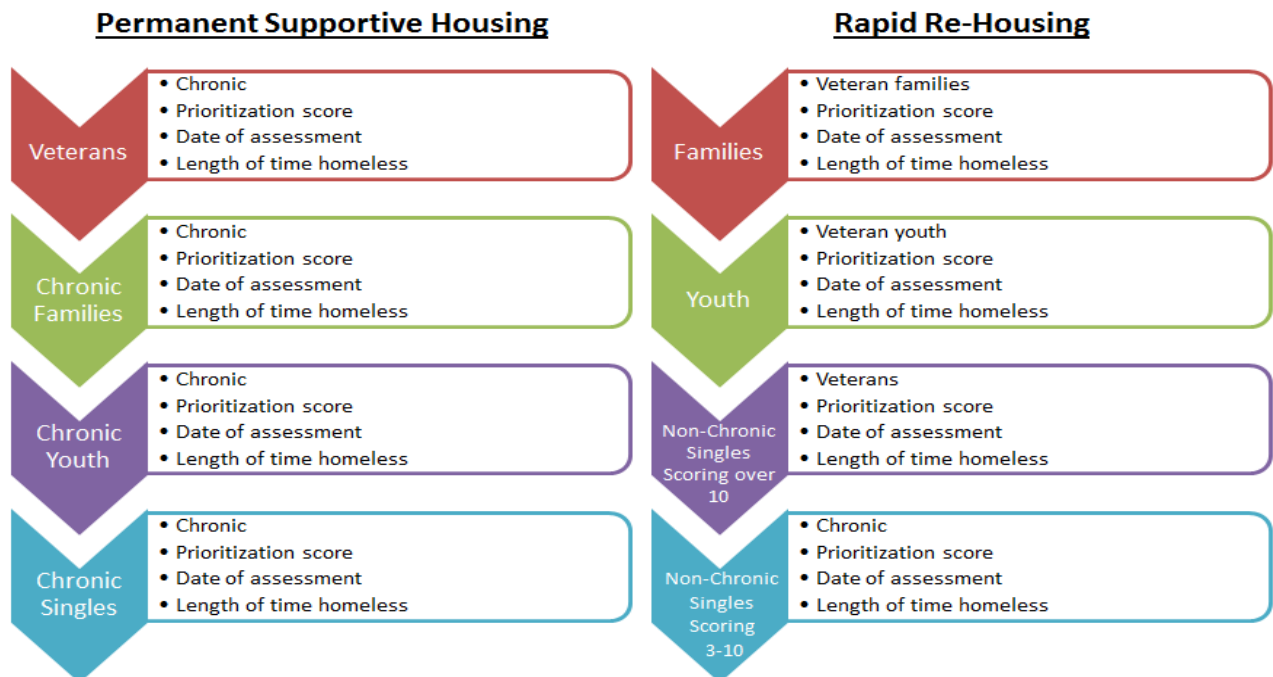
B. Order of Priority in Permanent Supportive Housing Beds Not Dedicated or Prioritized for Persons Experiencing Chronic Homelessness

1. Homeless Individuals and Families with a Disability with Long Periods of Episodic Homelessness and Severe Service Needs

- 2.Homeless Individuals and Families with a Disability with Severe Service Needs
- 3.Homeless Individuals and Families with a Disability Coming from Places Not Meant for Human Habitation, Safe Havens, or Emergency Shelter without Severe Service Needs
- 4.Homeless Individuals and Families with a Disability Coming from Transitional Housing

Persons are prioritized for PSH based on their length of time homeless and the severity of their needs following the order of priority described above. HUD and the HCoC recognize that some persons—particularly those living on the streets or in places not meant for human habitation—might require significant engagement and contacts prior to their entering housing and recipients are not required to keep units vacant indefinitely while waiting for an identified eligible individual or family to accept an offer of PSH.

- Recipients of HCoC Program-funded PSH are encouraged to follow a Housing First approach to the maximum extent practicable. Street outreach providers should continue to make attempts to engage those persons that have been resistant to accepting an offer of PSH and these individuals and families must continue to be prioritized until they are housed.
- The Priority List will be maintained via the HMIS system managed by Coordinated Entry.
- Any agency representative trained to conduct the VISPDAT may assess a client to be placed on the list.
- Under no circumstances shall the order of priority be based upon diagnosis or disability type, but instead on the length of time an individual or family has been experiencing homelessness and the severity of needs of the individual or family.



Prioritization Process for all Clients eligible for PSH and RRH:

The following criteria and timeframes will be followed by all agencies providing PSH services to all Clients eligible for any PSH program (HUD or General Funds):

- Referrals from the approved Access Point to Broward County’s CEA staff must be processed by the housing provider within three (3) calendar days.
- The Housing Provider has three (3) calendar days to note in HMIS the disposition of the referral. If a referral (individual) is declined, the case must be staffed by CEA to decide the direction on next steps for the individual/family.
- Housing agencies will hold an open unit for a period of (5) five calendar days while searching for the Client. The Housing Provider will make 5(five) attempts to contact clients and document these efforts in the Client Notes section in the client’s HMIS record.
- Search methods can include consulting existing waiting lists, contacting client’s emergency contacts listed in HMIS, contacting Street Outreach, researching last contact in HMIS, contacting local law enforcement Homeless Outreach Teams (HOT), BBHC and coordinated entry information.
- Agencies will make efforts to help clients address program requirement barriers that might otherwise exclude them from qualifying, such as, verification of Chronicity (if applicable), obtaining an ID, and documentation of disabling conditions (if applicable).
- If the Individual experiencing homelessness cannot be found within the 5 (five) calendar day timeframe, the agency needs to contact the Homeless Initiative Partnership (HIP) agency and notify the efforts made to locate. The CEA staff will verify the efforts in HMIS and place the referral back onto the respective By -Name List for the next meeting. CEA staff will then send 2 referrals to assist with filling that slot. Referrals will be sent by the County within 3 (three) calendar days of the provider’s request.
- During housing intake, the agency will ensure that an employment assessment has been completed and documented in HMIS. If the Client has not done so, the agency will include this in the intake process.
- The Broward County CEA staff will send two (2) referrals for every open slot the Housing Provider is reporting within 3 (three) calendar days of noting the opening.
- If a Housing Provider declines a referral, they must notify the County CEA staff and review efforts to locate.

CH + Longest History + Highest Level of Need

Broward HCoC will prioritize clients who are referred to the centralized PSH wait list through its coordinated intake and assessment process as follows:

1. Prioritizing PSH Beds Dedicated to Serve Chronically Homeless Clients:
 - a. Priority – Chronically Homeless clients, with the longest history of homelessness, the most severe service needs and acuity as determined by the VI-SPDAT.

- b. The type of Permanent and Supportive Housing that is available.

Homeless + Longest History + Disability + Highest Level of Need

If there are PSH beds targeted towards non-chronic and/or no chronically homeless clients that can be identified for placement, then the HCoC lead agency prioritization list will follow the process for assigning PSH Beds. Prioritizing PSH Beds that are not for Dedicated Chronic Homeless Clients

1. Priority – Homeless clients with a disability and most severe service needs (consider age) who are not Chronic,
 - a. Streets, safe havens, shelter for any period including
 - b. Clients exiting an institution where they have resided for less than ninety (90) days and were on the streets, safe have, shelter immediately before the institution.

Prioritization of Matrix for Clients with the same VI-SPDAT Score: If there are two (2) or more homeless clients that have the same VI-SPDAT score, then the following criteria will apply:

- Veteran Status
- Unsheltered Sleeping Location
- Medical Vulnerability (Those with severe medical needs who are at a greater risk of death)
- Overall Wellness (Behavior health, mental health, history of substance use, or other behavioral health conditions that mark or exacerbate medical condition)
- Length of Time of Homeless (Prioritize those experiencing homelessness the longest)
- Date of VI-SPDAT (Prioritize those experiencing homelessness the longest)
- Elderly

Housing Navigators: Clients will be referred to the HCoC Housing Navigators through BPHI, who in turn will assist individuals and families to locate and obtain permanent housing. Referrals will be made to the Housing Navigators through HMIS. The role of the Housing Navigators is:

- Provide assistance with housing search
- Maintain an ongoing and updated list of available units
- Work collaboratively with the Housing Case Manager
- Provide resources for housing units

Clients, as well as veterans who are not eligible for Supportive Services for Veteran Families (SSVF), Transition in Place (TIP), and Government Pension Offset (GPO) can be referred to RRH program if they express an interest in the program. Based on the quantity of available units, RRH placement will use the following prioritization process:

- Unsheltered Sleeping Location: Priority given to unsheltered client over sheltered client.
- Length of Time Homeless: Priority given to client that has experienced homelessness the longest.

- Date of VI-SPDAT Assessment: Priority given to the oldest date of assessment and the longest time on the By Name Lists.
- Overall Wellness: Priority given to client with medical needs when they have behavioral health conditions or histories of substance use, which may either mask or exacerbate medical conditions.
- Medical Vulnerability: Priority given to client with severe medical needs who are at greater risk of death.

HIP generates the HMIS housing placement prioritization wait lists which are reviewed by an assigned HCoC By Name workgroup to determine appropriate housing placements.

Policy 18: By Name List Process

Broward County has 5 (five) sub populations for PSH and RRH housing interventions. Each category will convene a meeting as noted below and provide updates and prioritization for each sub population. The intention of a prioritization list is to have a single, centralized list for each sub population for the entire HCoC, that includes all relevant participant-level information to identify which persons are most vulnerable and therefore most likely to be in the most immediate need for HCoC assistance prioritized through CEA. The use of a prioritization list ensures that HCoCs do not serve persons on a “first come, first served basis,” but rather according to each participant’s level of need, vulnerability, and risk of greater harm should the household not receive accelerated access to HCoC assistance.

The purpose of the By Name Lists meetings is to ensure transparency in the prioritization of five (5) sub populations for PSH and RRH Housing. These five sub populations are:

- Chronically Homeless Households
- Veterans
- Families (adult plus minor child(s))
- Youth (18-24 years)
- Adult only Households with non-chronic disability

Additionally, this process is designed to expedite referrals to housing providers and decrease the amount of time referrals are in queue and not being processed. The maximum amount of time a referral should be in queue is 5 (five) calendar days.

These meetings are held quarterly and cannot be **cancelled without the written approval of the Homeless Initiative Administrator approval**. Requests for cancellation must be made in writing at least 10 calendar days prior to the meeting and the justification for the cancellation by HIP Administrator clearly documented.

The goal of the By Name Lists meetings is to expedite the housing process and decrease the time from referral to move in for individuals experiencing homelessness from 120 days to 60 days (50%) decrease.

Broward County has five (5) By Name Lists that managed monthly by Coordinated Entry and Assessment and staffed quarterly with providers and partners. These lists include:

1. **Youth:** – review monthly youth ages 18-24 who are experiencing homelessness (literally homeless - HUD categories 1 and 4). This is a quarterly face to face meeting to discuss and prioritize the youth. During the COVID 19 pandemic these meetings are held virtually. Attendees should include:

- Covenant House
- BBHC
- ChildNet
- Sun Serve
- BCHA
- BPHI – Housing
- VOA
- BHS
- Hope South Florida
- The Salvation Army
- School Board (person who targets 1 and 4 categories)
- Lippman Shelter
- Handy
- Flite Center
- South Florida Wellness
- CareerSource Broward
- FSAD
- Camelot
- Gulf Coast
- Henderson
- CareerSource Broward

2. **Families:** This list is managed monthly by Coordinated Entry and Assessment and staffed quarterly with providers and partners to review those families identified as experiencing homeless. Family is defined as an adult with minor (under age 18) children. This is a face to face meeting to discuss and prioritize. During the COVID-19 pandemic these meetings will be held virtually. Families must be literally homeless (HUD categories 1 and 4). Attendees:

- Broward School Board
- ChildNet
- BPHI North and Central HAC
- BOC – South HAC
- BPHI Housing
- The Salvation Army
- Hope South Florida
- BCHA
- BHS
- VOA
- Flite Center
- CareerSource Broward
- FSAD
- TaskForce
- BBHC
- Camelot
- Gulf Coast
- Henderson

3. **Chronic:** This list is managed monthly by Coordinated Entry and Assessment and staffed quarterly with providers and partners discuss those individuals who are identified as chronically homeless. During the COVID-19 pandemic this meeting is held virtually This meeting will review their status and prioritize placement. Attendees:

- North Hospital District
- South Hospital District
- TaskForce
- BSO
- BCHA
- BHS
- VOA Housing
- BPHI Housing
- Fort Lauderdale PD
- Hollywood PD
- City of Pompano
- BBHC
- FSAD
- Henderson
- The Salvation Army
- BOC
- VOA Supportive Services
- ChildNet

4. **Individuals (not Chronic):** This list is managed monthly by Coordinated Entry and Assessment and staffed quarterly with providers and partners to review those individuals who are not chronic but are high multi-system users. This meeting reviews their status and prioritize them for placement. This meeting is a monthly face to face meeting, however during the COVID-19 Pandemic it is held virtually. These may at time be inclusive of encampments. Attendees:

- South Hospital District
- North Hospital District
- BBHC
- BSO
- BPHI Housing
- BPHI shelter (north and south)
- BHS
- BCHA
- BOC
- Hope South Florida
- The Salvation Army
- City of Pompano
- City of Hollywood
- Henderson
- CareerSource Broward
- FSAD
- TaskForce

5. **Veterans:** This list is managed monthly by Coordinated Entry and Assessment and staffed quarterly with providers and partners. This is to review the status of each person on the list and ensure action is being taken to house them.

- Veterans Administration (VA)
- Operation Sacred Trust (OST)
- Keystone Halls
- Mission United/ United Way
- Urban League of Broward County (SSVF)
- TaskForce
- Broward County Housing Authority (HUD-VASH)
- HOPE South Florida (HOPE 4 Vets)
- Miami Rescue Mission

Policy 19: Referral

All CEA participating providers enroll new participants only from the HCoC's CEA referral process. To facilitate prompt referrals and to reduce vacancy rates, participating providers must notify the CEA coordinating entity of any known and anticipated upcoming vacancies.

When a Emergency Shelter, TH, RRH, or PSH vacancy occurs or is expected to occur in the immediate future, the provider agency with the vacancy must alert the CEA Coordinator via email within three (3) calendar days of the vacancy becoming aware of the vacancy. The notification could include specific details of the vacancy, including the project name, unit size, location, and any funder-defined eligibility requirements who will work to identify a prioritized household to fill the vacancy during the next regularly scheduled housing referral coordination meeting.

Referrals on Active List

Emergency Shelter: Participants who have been referred for **emergency shelter** will be listed on the active wait list through Coordinated Entry and Assessment for **"families"**.

The emergency shelter (excluding Safe Haven) that has vacancies alert the Outreach Team via email Monday through Friday by 10:00 am for **"individuals"**.

Permanent Housing: Participants who have been referred for permanent housing will be listed on the active wait list through Coordinated Entry and Assessment.

1. Participants shall remain on the active waitlist for (90) calendar days.
2. Homelessness Initiative households will remain active as long as they have a minimum of one update through the HCoC every 90 days.

Participants on the **active list** will be matched to emergency shelter services and housing providers. This practice allows our community to connect participants experiencing homelessness to emergency shelter services and housing providers while accounting for the inconsistency of updates regarding participants who may no longer face homelessness or live within Broward County. A minimum of one update through the HCoC every 90 days, must be outlined within the HCoC system. Contact with Coordinated Entry Access Providers, contact with Emergency Shelter's, verifiable contact information for participants (email, telephone numbers, point of contact, and or location for contact).

Referrals on Inactive List

Emergency Shelter: Participants who have been referred for **emergency shelter** and or **permanent housing** will be listed on the inactive wait list through Coordinated Entry and Assessment and Taskforce Outreach.

1. Refusal to complete intake at an available emergency shelter as scheduled.
2. Failure to connect with any homeless program providers within (90) calendar days, will be moved to the inactive.

Participants only enrolled in the Coordinated Entry System are moved to the **inactive list** due to no contact with any HCoC providers reporting agencies and no updates to their assessment in (90) calendar days. Participants must re-engage with any part of the HCoC providers to submit a new referral to be moved back onto the active list.

Participants are removed from the wait list once they have obtained permanent housing such as TH, RRH, and PSH.

Policy 19A: Referral Amendment

The Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) is the system implemented by the Continuum of Care (CoC) in accordance with the [CoC program interim rule 24 CFR 578](#). First published by HUD in 2004, the HMIS written standards served as the foundation for software developers. HUD and other federal partners have continuously updated the standards. Broward's HCoC will implement the [FY 2020 HMIS Data Standard Version 1.7](#), as it pertains to Coordinated Entry.

Coordinated Entry (CE) Project Setup:

Coordinated entry (CE), a process that is supported by multiple agencies, will be set up a CE 'project' in HMIS that all relevant agencies can access.

CE is a system-level project, meaning that as households are triaged and identified as experiencing homelessness, they are enrolled in the CE project with the appropriate start date, and then data can be collected by different agencies, at different points in time, to populate their single enrollment record in the project.

A participant's CE project enrollment will overlap with other providers' project enrollments and the information will be supplemented by other project types. Agencies that provide CE functions along with other services (Emergency Shelter, Outreach, Supportive Services) would have HMIS access to their existing project and the CE project so they can enroll participants in one or the other and/or both.

Broward's HCoC has multiple front-doors to CE, the HMIS set-up will include one CE project. Creating a CE 'project' is simply what allows for a boundary to be drawn around the CE segment of the homeless system for reporting purposes.

CE Assessments: In addition to the Universal Data Elements, providers are expected to record in HMIS the *CE Assessments* conducted with each client. The CE assessment consist of , an

assessment date, location, and assessment results. Following the completion of the CE assessment, providers must also conduct additional assessments utilizing assessment tools that determine the client's risk, barriers, and prioritization for homeless and housing services. The current assessment tools used by the HCoC for these purposes are the housing barrier assessment (all participants), the VI-SPDAT 2.0 (for individuals), Youth VI-SPDAT 2.0 (Young Adults ages 18-24) and the Family VI-SPDAT 2.0 (for heads-of-household). All participants should be assessed utilizing the housing barrier assessment and the appropriate VI-SPDAT (either VI-SPDAT 2.0, Youth VI-SPDAT 2.0 or Family VI-SPDAT 2.0, respective to the participants household composition). The results of these assessments must be recorded at the time of enrollment in the CE project.

CE Events: Interactions in CE systems are expected to be captured using the CE Event data element. This data element is designed to be used solely by CE projects and to capture access and referral events, as well as the results of those events.

Contacts: CE projects are expected to record every direct contact made with each participant in the HMIS via data element, Current Living Situation. A contact is defined as an interaction between a worker and a participant. Contacts include activities such as a conversation between the street outreach worker and the participant.

A Current Living Situation must be recorded anytime a participant is met, including when an assessment or CE Event is recorded on the same day. On occasion, a provider, who is not funded by the County, but has a CHO agreement with the County and inputs data in HMIS by collecting and entering participant information will be a source for information about the whereabouts of a participant. The **Current Living Situation** data element will be one factor in reporting to determine whether a CE participant is still actively seeking assistance (active). As a result, the CE project will collect data from non-funded providers.

Chronicity Documentation: Eligibility for certain housing programs, like Permanent Supportive Housing, is limited to individuals and households defined by HUD as "chronically homeless". An individual is defined by HUD as "Chronically Homeless" if they have a disability and have lived in a shelter, safe haven, or place not meant for human habitation for 12 continuous months or for 4 separate occasions in the last three years (must total 12 months). Breaks in homelessness, while the individual is residing in an institutional care facility will not count as a break in homelessness. Additionally, an individual who is currently residing in an institutional care facility for less than 90 days and meets the above criteria for chronic homelessness may also be considered chronically homeless. Lastly, a family with an adult/minor head of household who meets the above-mentioned criteria may also be considered chronically homeless, despite changes in family composition (unless the chronically homeless head of household leaves the family).

Providers enrolling chronically homeless participants into the CE project must complete and upload a "chronicity packet" into HMIS. The chronicity packet consists of the Homeless Certification form and Homeless Documentation Checklist form, as well as 3rd party documentation such as entry/exit data from HMIS, written observation by an outreach worker or written referral from a housing or homeless services provider, and documentation from institutions like hospitals and correctional facilities. While it is the participants responsibility to obtain 3rd party documentation from providers and institutions, providers are expected to make

an exhaustive effort to assist participants with gathering all pertinent documents required for the completion of the chronicity packet.

A fully completed chronicity packet must be uploaded into HMIS, by the provider, in order for the participant to be prioritized for PSH. Participants without a fully completed chronicity packet in HMIS, will remain on the By-Name list until a complete packet uploaded.

A copy of the chronicity packet is available as an appendix to this addendum.

Project Exit: Project exit represents the end of a client's participation with the CE system. The exit date should coincide with the date that the client is no longer considered to be experiencing homelessness in Broward County.

Reasons to exit a client include:

- The participant has entered into a permanent housing project type (e.g., PSH and/ or RRH) or is otherwise known to have found permanent housing on their own
- The participant is known to have left Broward County to pursue other assistance or resources
- The participant is deceased
- No staff or provider in the Continuum (via appropriate case conferencing) has been able to locate the participant for an extended length of time (90 days from last contact) and there are no Current Living Situation records.

Policy 20: Participant Declined Referrals

One of the guiding principles of CEA is participant choice. This principle must be evident throughout the CEA process, including the referral phase. Participants in CEA are allowed to reject service strategies and housing options offered to them, without repercussion.

Individuals and families will be given information about the programs available to them by the referring provider and provided choices whenever feasible based on assessment information, vulnerability and need scores, preliminary eligibility pre-determinations, and available resources. Of the options available, participants will be afforded their choice of which project to be referred to. If an individual or family declines a referral to a housing program, they remain on the *prioritization list* until the next housing opportunity is available.

Policy 21: Provider Declined Referrals

There may be instances when agencies decide not to accept a referral from the CEA system. When a housing agency declines to accept a referred prioritized household into its project, the agency must notify the CEA Coordinator of the denial and the reason for the denial within (3) calendar days. The CEA team member must then notify in writing the Human Service Manager or Administrator and if deemed necessary at staffing will be convened to address the declined referral. The reason for the decline must be documented in HMIS.

Refusals by projects are acceptable only in certain situations, including these:

- The person does not meet the project's eligibility criteria as set forth by the funding stream.

- The person would be a danger to self or others if allowed to stay at this particular project.
- The services available through the project are not sufficient to address the intensity and scope of participant need.
- The project is at capacity and is not available to accept referrals at this time.
- Other justifications as specified by the “referred to” project.

***** referrals can not be rejected based on income *****

The agency must communicate the rejected referral to the CEA Coordinator within (3) calendar days of rejecting the referral. The agency must notify the CEA Coordinator as to why the referral was rejected, how the referred participant was informed, what alternative resources were made available to the participant, and whether the project staff foresee additional, similar refusals occurring in the future. This information will then be shared by the CEA Coordinator with the Human Service Manager and Administrator, which will be discussed to decide on the most appropriate next steps for both the project and the participant.

Policy 22: Evaluation of the CEA System

Regular and ongoing evaluation of the CEA system will be conducted to ensure that improvement opportunities are identified that results are shared and understood, and that the CEA system is held accountable.

The CEA will evaluate the housing agency using HMIS data on a quarterly basis. Results will be published on the County’s website, after they have been reviewed by the CEA Committee and the housing agency. The CEA Committee has selected the following as key outcomes for CEA:

1. Reduction in the length of time homeless (system and project level).
2. Reduction in the number of persons experiencing first-time homelessness (system and project level).
3. Increase in the number of placements into permanent housing (system and project level).
4. Reduction in the length of time from intake to move in date.

The Homeless Initiative Partnership will evaluate the effectiveness of its CEA System (through County, housing agency and Client feedback) using feedback gathered via a web-based survey. The housing agency requests the Clients feedback at the time of entry and exit from the project. Indicators measured via the survey will include:

- appropriateness of questions asked on assessment
- effectiveness of process to find and secure referrals; and
- satisfaction with placement.

Policy 23: Recordkeeping Requirements:

Agencies that are required by Federal, State, and County regulations and/or statutes participate in Broward HCoC must adhere to the following requirements:

- All records containing personally identifying information must be kept secure and confidential.
- Programs must have a written confidentiality/privacy policy and notice a copy of which should be made available to participants if requested.

- Documentation of homelessness (following HUDs guidelines as mentioned in CPD-16-11. Documentation of Homelessness must follow HUD’s guidance, listed below in order of preference below and explained in Appendix D:
 - Literally Homeless (Category 1): third party verification; written observation by an outreach worker; or certification by the individual or head of household seeking assistance stating he/she was living on the streets or in a shelter.
 - Imminent Risk of Homelessness (Category 2): a court order resulting from an eviction action notifying the individual or family they must leave within 14 days; OR for an individual or family leaving a hotel or motel evidence they lack the financial resources to stay; OR a documented written or oral statement that the individual or family will be literally homeless within 14 days AND self-certification or other written documentation that the individual lacks the financial resources and support needed to obtain permanent housing.
 - Chronically Homeless Individuals and Families with the most Service Needs (Category 3): third party verification; written observation by an outreach worker; or certification by the individual or head of household seeking assistance stating he/she was living on the streets or in a shelter.
 - Fleeing or Attempting to Flee Domestic Violence (Category 4): For Victim Service Providers: An oral statement by the individual or head of household seeking assistance which states: they are fleeing; they have no subsequent residence and they lack resources. Statement must be documented by a self-certification or certification by the intake worker.

For -Victim Service Providers

For Victim Service Providers an oral statement is obtain by the individual or head of household seeking assistance that they are fleeing. This statement is documented by a self-certification or by the caseworker. Where the safety of the individual or family is not jeopardized, the oral statement must be verified; and Certification by the individual or head of household that no subsequent residence has been identified; and Self-certification or other written documentation that the individual or family lacks the financial resources and support networks to obtain other permanent housing.

- A record of services and assistance provided to each participant.
- Documentation of any applicable requirements for providing services/assistance.
- Documentation of use of Coordinated Entry Assessment system.
- Documentation of use of HMIS.
- Records must be retained for the appropriate amount of time as prescribed by HUD.

Please see Appendix D for full details on Recordkeeping Requirements based on Homeless Category.

Policy 24: Financial Recordkeeping Requirements

- Documentation for all costs charged to the grant;
- Documentation that funds were spent on allowable costs;
- Documentation of the receipt and use of program income;
- Documentation of compliance with expenditure limits and deadlines;

- Retain copies of all procurement contracts as applicable; and
- Documentation of amount, source and use of resources for each match contribution.

Appendices

Appendix A VI-SPDAT

Appendix B VI-FSPDAT

Appendix C Y-SPDAT for Youth

Appendix D Taskforce Assessment

Appendix E Rapid Rehousing Barrier Assessment

Appendix F Homeless Definition

Appendix G HMIS Release of Information

Appendix H CPD 14-012 Federal Notice on Prioritization

Appendix I Employment Assessment

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**Vulnerability Index -
Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool
(VI-SPDAT)**

Prescreen Triage Tool for Single Adults

AMERICAN VERSION 2.01

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**COMMUNITY
SOLUTIONS**



Welcome to the SPDAT Line of Products

The Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool (SPDAT) has been around in various incarnations for over a decade, before being released to the public in 2010. Since its initial release, the use of the SPDAT has been expanding exponentially and is now used in over one thousand communities across the United States, Canada, and Australia.

More communities using the tool means there is an unprecedented demand for versions of the SPDAT, customized for specific client groups or types of users. With the release of SPDAT V4, there have been more current versions of SPDAT products than ever before.

VI-SPDAT Series

The Vulnerability Index – Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool (VI-SPDAT) was developed as a pre-screening tool for communities that are very busy and do not have the resources to conduct a full SPDAT assessment for every client. It was made in collaboration with Community Solutions, creators of the Vulnerability Index, as a brief survey that can be conducted to quickly determine whether a client has high, moderate, or low acuity. The use of this survey can help prioritize which clients should be given a full SPDAT assessment first. Because it is a self-reported survey, no special training is required to use the VI-SPDAT.

Current versions available:

- VI-SPDAT V 2.0 for Individuals
- VI-SPDAT V 2.0 for Families
- VI-SPDAT V 1.0 for Youth

All versions are available online at

www.orgcode.com/products/vi-spdatt/

SPDAT Series

The Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool (SPDAT) was developed as an assessment tool for front-line workers at agencies that work with homeless clients to prioritize which of those clients should receive assistance first. The SPDAT tools are also designed to help guide case management and improve housing stability outcomes. They provide an in-depth assessment that relies on the assessor's ability to interpret responses and corroborate those with evidence. As a result, this tool may only be used by those who have received proper, up-to-date training provided by OrgCode Consulting, Inc. or an OrgCode certified trainer.

Current versions available:

- SPDAT V 4.0 for Individuals
- SPDAT V 2.0 for Families
- SPDAT V 1.0 for Youth

Information about all versions is available online at

www.orgcode.com/products/spdat/

SPDAT Training Series

To use the SPDAT, training by OrgCode or an OrgCode certified trainer is required. We provide training on a wide variety of topics over a variety of mediums.

The full-day in-person SPDAT Level 1 training provides you the opportunity to bring together as many people as you want to be trained for one low fee. The webinar training allows for a maximum of 15 different computers to be logged into the training at one time. We also offer online courses for individuals that you can do at your own speed.

The training gives you the manual, case studies, application to current practice, a review of each component of the tool, conversation guidance with prospective clients – and more!

Current SPDAT training available:

- Level 0 SPDAT Training: VI-SPDAT for Frontline Workers
- Level 1 SPDAT Training: SPDAT for Frontline Workers
- Level 2 SPDAT Training: SPDAT for Supervisors
- Level 3 SPDAT Training: SPDAT for Trainers

Other related training available:

- Excellence in Housing-Based Case Management
- Coordinated Access & Common Assessment
- Motivational Interviewing
- Objective-Based Interactions

More information about SPDAT training, including pricing, is available online at

<http://www.orgcode.com/product-category/training/spdat/>



VULNERABILITY INDEX - SERVICE PRIORITIZATION DECISION ASSISTANCE TOOL (VI-SPDAT)

SINGLE ADULTS

AMERICAN VERSION 2.01

Administration

Interviewer's Name	Agency	<input type="checkbox"/> Team
_____	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Staff
		<input type="checkbox"/> Volunteer
Survey Date	Survey Time	Survey Location
DD/MM/YYYY ___/___/___	___:___	_____

Opening Script

Every assessor in your community regardless of organization completing the VI-SPDAT should use the same introductory script. In that script you should highlight the following information:

- the name of the assessor and their affiliation (organization that employs them, volunteer as part of a Point in Time Count, etc.)
- the purpose of the VI-SPDAT being completed
- that it usually takes less than 7 minutes to complete
- that only "Yes," "No," or one-word answers are being sought
- that any question can be skipped or refused
- where the information is going to be stored
- that if the participant does not understand a question or the assessor does not understand the question that clarification can be provided
- the importance of relaying accurate information to the assessor and not feeling that there is a correct or preferred answer that they need to provide, nor information they need to conceal

Basic Information

First Name	Nickname	Last Name	
_____	_____	_____	
In what language do you feel best able to express yourself? _____			
Date of Birth	Age	Social Security Number	Consent to participate
DD/MM/YYYY ___/___/___	___	_____	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No

IF THE PERSON IS 60 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER, THEN SCORE 1.

SCORE:

A. History of Housing and Homelessness

1. Where do you sleep most frequently? (check one)
- Shelters
 - Transitional Housing
 - Safe Haven
 - Outdoors**
 - Other (specify):** _____
 - Refused**

IF THE PERSON ANSWERS ANYTHING OTHER THAN "SHELTER", "TRANSITIONAL HOUSING", OR "SAFE HAVEN", THEN SCORE 1. **SCORE:**

2. How long has it been since you lived in permanent stable housing? _____ Refused
3. In the last three years, how many times have you been homeless? _____ Refused

IF THE PERSON HAS EXPERIENCED 1 OR MORE CONSECUTIVE YEARS OF HOMELESSNESS, AND/OR 4+ EPISODES OF HOMELESSNESS, THEN SCORE 1. **SCORE:**

B. Risks

4. In the past six months, how many times have you...
- a) Received health care at an emergency department/room? _____ Refused
 - b) Taken an ambulance to the hospital? _____ Refused
 - c) Been hospitalized as an inpatient? _____ Refused
 - d) Used a crisis service, including sexual assault crisis, mental health crisis, family/intimate violence, distress centers and suicide prevention hotlines? _____ Refused
 - e) Talked to police because you witnessed a crime, were the victim of a crime, or the alleged perpetrator of a crime or because the police told you that you must move along? _____ Refused
 - f) Stayed one or more nights in a holding cell, jail or prison, whether that was a short-term stay like the drunk tank, a longer stay for a more serious offence, or anything in between? _____ Refused

IF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF INTERACTIONS EQUALS 4 OR MORE, THEN SCORE 1 FOR EMERGENCY SERVICE USE. **SCORE:**

5. Have you been attacked or beaten up since you've become homeless? Y N Refused
6. Have you threatened to or tried to harm yourself or anyone else in the last year? Y N Refused

IF "YES" TO ANY OF THE ABOVE, THEN SCORE 1 FOR RISK OF HARM. **SCORE:**

VULNERABILITY INDEX - SERVICE PRIORITIZATION DECISION ASSISTANCE TOOL (VI-SPDAT)

SINGLE ADULTS

AMERICAN VERSION 2.01

7. Do you have any legal stuff going on right now that may result in you being locked up, having to pay fines, or that make it more difficult to rent a place to live? Y N Refused

IF "YES," THEN SCORE 1 FOR LEGAL ISSUES.

SCORE:

8. Does anybody force or trick you to do things that you do not want to do? Y N Refused

9. Do you ever do things that may be considered to be risky like exchange sex for money, run drugs for someone, have unprotected sex with someone you don't know, share a needle, or anything like that? Y N Refused

IF "YES" TO ANY OF THE ABOVE, THEN SCORE 1 FOR RISK OF EXPLOITATION.

SCORE:

C. Socialization & Daily Functioning

10. Is there any person, past landlord, business, bookie, dealer, or government group like the IRS that thinks you owe them money? Y N Refused

11. Do you get any money from the government, a pension, an inheritance, working under the table, a regular job, or anything like that? Y N Refused

IF "YES" TO QUESTION 10 OR "NO" TO QUESTION 11, THEN SCORE 1 FOR MONEY MANAGEMENT.

SCORE:

12. Do you have planned activities, other than just surviving, that make you feel happy and fulfilled? Y N Refused

IF "NO," THEN SCORE 1 FOR MEANINGFUL DAILY ACTIVITY.

SCORE:

13. Are you currently able to take care of basic needs like bathing, changing clothes, using a restroom, getting food and clean water and other things like that? Y N Refused

IF "NO," THEN SCORE 1 FOR SELF-CARE.

SCORE:

14. Is your current homelessness in any way caused by a relationship that broke down, an unhealthy or abusive relationship, or because family or friends caused you to become evicted? Y N Refused

IF "YES," THEN SCORE 1 FOR SOCIAL RELATIONSHIPS.

SCORE:

VULNERABILITY INDEX - SERVICE PRIORITIZATION DECISION ASSISTANCE TOOL (VI-SPDAT)

SINGLE ADULTS

AMERICAN VERSION 2.01

D. Wellness

- 15. Have you ever had to leave an apartment, shelter program, or other place you were staying because of your physical health? Y N Refused
- 16. Do you have any chronic health issues with your liver, kidneys, stomach, lungs or heart? Y N Refused
- 17. If there was space available in a program that specifically assists people that live with HIV or AIDS, would that be of interest to you? Y N Refused
- 18. Do you have any physical disabilities that would limit the type of housing you could access, or would make it hard to live independently because you'd need help? Y N Refused
- 19. When you are sick or not feeling well, do you avoid getting help? Y N Refused
- 20. **FOR FEMALE RESPONDENTS ONLY:** Are you currently pregnant? Y N N/A or Refused

IF "YES" TO ANY OF THE ABOVE, THEN SCORE 1 FOR PHYSICAL HEALTH. **SCORE:**

- 21. Has your drinking or drug use led you to being kicked out of an apartment or program where you were staying in the past? Y N Refused
- 22. Will drinking or drug use make it difficult for you to stay housed or afford your housing? Y N Refused

IF "YES" TO ANY OF THE ABOVE, THEN SCORE 1 FOR SUBSTANCE USE. **SCORE:**

- 23. Have you ever had trouble maintaining your housing, or been kicked out of an apartment, shelter program or other place you were staying, because of:
 - a) A mental health issue or concern? Y N Refused
 - b) A past head injury? Y N Refused
 - c) A learning disability, developmental disability, or other impairment? Y N Refused
- 24. Do you have any mental health or brain issues that would make it hard for you to live independently because you'd need help? Y N Refused

IF "YES" TO ANY OF THE ABOVE, THEN SCORE 1 FOR MENTAL HEALTH. **SCORE:**

IF THE RESPONDENT SCORED 1 FOR PHYSICAL HEALTH AND 1 FOR SUBSTANCE USE AND 1 FOR MENTAL HEALTH, SCORE 1 FOR TRI-MORBIDITY. **SCORE:**

VULNERABILITY INDEX - SERVICE PRIORITIZATION DECISION ASSISTANCE TOOL (VF-SPDAT)

SINGLE ADULTS

AMERICAN VERSION 2.01

25. Are there any medications that a doctor said you should be taking that, for whatever reason, you are not taking? Y N Refused

26. Are there any medications like painkillers that you don't take the way the doctor prescribed or where you sell the medication? Y N Refused

IF "YES" TO ANY OF THE ABOVE, SCORE 1 FOR MEDICATIONS.

SCORE:

27. YES OR NO: Has your current period of homelessness been caused by an experience of emotional, physical, psychological, sexual, or other type of abuse, or by any other trauma you have experienced? Y N Refused

IF "YES", SCORE 1 FOR ABUSE AND TRAUMA.

SCORE:

Scoring Summary

DOMAIN	SUBTOTAL	RESULTS
PRE-SURVEY	/1	Score: Recommendation: 0-3: no housing intervention 4-7: an assessment for Rapid Re-Housing 8+: an assessment for Permanent Supportive Housing/ Housing First
A. HISTORY OF HOUSING & HOMELESSNESS	/2	
B. RISKS	/4	
C. SOCIALIZATION & DAILY FUNCTIONS	/4	
D. WELLNESS	/6	
GRAND TOTAL:	/17	

Follow-Up Questions

On a regular day, where is it easiest to find you and what time of day is easiest to do so?	place: _____ time: ___ : ___ or _____
Is there a phone number and/or email where someone can safely get in touch with you or leave you a message?	phone: (____) _____ - _____ email: _____
Ok, now I'd like to take your picture so that it is easier to find you and confirm your identity in the future. May I do so?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Refused

Communities are encouraged to think of additional questions that may be relevant to the programs being operated or your specific local context. This may include questions related to:

- military service and nature of discharge
- ageing out of care
- mobility issues
- legal status in country
- income and source of it
- current restrictions on where a person can legally reside
- children that may reside with the adult at some point in the future
- safety planning

Appendix A: About the VI-SPDAT

The HEARTH Act and federal regulations require communities to have an assessment tool for coordinated entry - and the VI-SPDAT and SPDAT meet these requirements. Many communities have struggled to comply with this requirement, which demands an investment of considerable time, resources and expertise. Others are making it up as they go along, using "gut instincts" in lieu of solid evidence. Communities need practical, evidence-informed tools that enhance their ability to satisfy federal regulations and quickly implement an effective approach to access and assessment. The VI-SPDAT is a first-of-its-kind tool designed to fill this need, helping communities end homelessness in a quick, strategic fashion.

The VI-SPDAT

The VI-SPDAT was initially created by combining the elements of the Vulnerability Index which was created and implemented by Community Solutions broadly in the 100,000 Homes Campaign, and the SPDAT Prescreen Instrument that was part of the Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool. The combination of these two instruments was performed through extensive research and development, and testing. The development process included the direct voice of hundreds of persons with lived experience.

The VI-SPDAT examines factors of current vulnerability and future housing stability. It follows the structure of the SPDAT assessment tool, and is informed by the same research backbone that supports the SPDAT - almost 300 peer reviewed published journal articles, government reports, clinical and quasi-clinical assessment tools, and large data sets. The SPDAT has been independently tested, as well as internally reviewed. The data overwhelmingly shows that when the SPDAT is used properly, housing outcomes are better than when no assessment tool is used.

The VI-SPDAT is a triage tool. It highlights areas of higher acuity, thereby helping to inform the type of support and housing intervention that may be most beneficial to improve long term housing outcomes. It also helps inform the order - or priority - in which people should be served. The VI-SPDAT does not make decisions; it informs decisions. The VI-SPDAT provides data that communities, service providers, and people experiencing homelessness can use to help determine the best course of action next.

Version 2

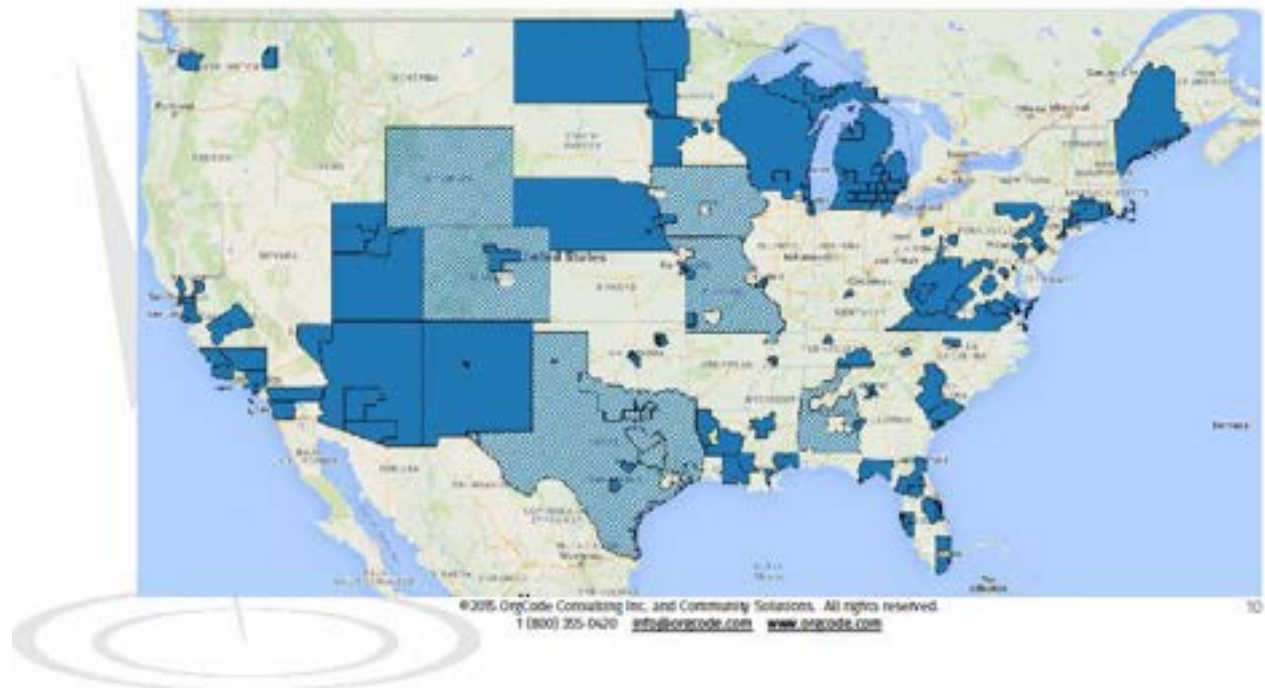
Version 2 builds upon the success of Version 1 of the VI-SPDAT with some refinements. Starting in August 2014, a survey was launched of existing VI-SPDAT users to get their input on what should be amended, improved, or maintained in the tool. Analysis was completed across all of these responses. Further research was conducted. Questions were tested and refined over several months, again including the direct voice of persons with lived experience and frontline practitioners. Input was also gathered from senior government officials that create policy and programs to help ensure alignment with guidelines and funding requirements.

You will notice some differences in Version 2 compared to Version 1. Namely:

- it is shorter, usually taking less than 7 minutes to complete;
- subjective elements through observation are now gone, which means the exact same instrument can be used over the phone or in-person;
- medical, substance use, and mental health questions are all refined;
- you can now explicitly see which component of the full SPDAT each VI-SPDAT question links to; and,
- the scoring range is slightly different (Don't worry, we can provide instructions on how these relate to results from Version 1).

Appendix B: Where the VI-SPDAT is being used in the United States

Since the VI-SPDAT is provided completely free of charge, and no training is required, any community is able to use the VI-SPDAT without the explicit permission of Community Solutions or OrgCode Consulting, Inc. As a result, the VI-SPDAT is being used in more communities than we know of. It is also being used in Canada and Australia.



A partial list of continua of care (CoCs) in the US where we know the VI-SPDAT is being used includes:

- Alabama**
 - Parts of Alabama Balance of State
- Arizona**
 - Statewide
- California**
 - San Jose/Santa Clara City & County
 - San Francisco
 - Oakland/Alameda County
 - Sacramento City & County
 - Richmond/Contra Costa County
 - Watsonville/Santa Cruz City & County
 - Fresno/Madera County
 - Napa City & County
 - Los Angeles City & County
 - San Diego
 - Santa Maria/Santa Barbara County
 - Bakersfield/Kern County
 - Pasadena
 - Riverside City & County
 - Gardena
 - San Luis Obispo County
- Colorado**
 - Metropolitan Denver Homeless Initiative
 - Parts of Colorado Balance of State
- Connecticut**
 - Hartford
 - Bridgeport/Stamford/Fairfield
 - Connecticut Balance of State
 - Norwalk/Fairfield County
 - Stamford/Greenwich
 - City of Waterbury

- District of Columbia**
 - District of Columbia
- Florida**
 - Sarasota/Bradenton/Manatee, Sarasota Counties
 - Tampa/Hillsborough County
 - St. Petersburg/Clearwater/Largo/Pinellas County
 - Tallahassee/Leon County
 - Orlando/Orange, Osceola, Seminole Counties
 - Gainesville/Alachua, Putnam Counties
 - Jacksonville-Duval, Clay Counties
 - Palm Bay/Melbourne/Brevard County
 - Ocala/Marion County
 - Miami/Dade County
 - West Palm Beach/Palm Beach County
- Georgia**
 - Atlanta County
 - Fulton County
 - Columbus-Muscogee/Russell County
 - Marietta/Cobb County
 - DeKalb County
- Hawaii**
 - Honolulu
- Illinois**
 - Rockford/Wilmette/Boggs Counties
 - Waukegan/North Chicago/Lake County
 - Chicago
 - Cook County
- Iowa**
 - Parts of Iowa Balance of State
- Kansas**
 - Kansas City/Wyandotte County
- Kentucky**
 - Louisville/Jefferson County

- Louisiana**
 - Lafayette/Acadiana
 - Shreveport/Bossier/Northeast
 - New Orleans/Jefferson Parish
 - Baton Rouge
 - Alexandria/Central Louisiana CoC
- Massachusetts**
 - Cape Cod Islands
 - Springfield/Holyoke/Chicopee/Westfield/Hampden County
- Maryland**
 - Baltimore City
 - Montgomery County
- Maine**
 - Statewide
- Michigan**
 - Statewide
- Minnesota**
 - Minneapolis/Hennepin County
 - Northwest Minnesota
 - Moorhead/West Central Minnesota
 - Southwest Minnesota
- Missouri**
 - St. Louis County
 - St. Louis City
 - Joplin/Jasper, Newton Counties
 - Kansas City/Independence/Lee's Summit/Jackson County
 - Parts of Missouri Balance of State
- Mississippi**
 - Jackson/Rankin, Madison Counties
 - Gulf Port/Gulf Coast Regional
- North Carolina**
 - Winston-Salem/Forsyth County
 - Asheville/Swain/Combs County
 - Greensboro/High Point

- North Dakota**
 - Statewide
- Nebraska**
 - Statewide
- New Mexico**
 - Statewide
- Nevada**
 - Las Vegas/Clark County
- New York**
 - New York City
 - Yonkers/Mount Vernon/New Rochelle/Westchester County
- Ohio**
 - Toledo/Lucas County
 - Canton/Masillon/Alliance/Stark County
- Oklahoma**
 - Tulsa City & County/Broken Arrow
 - Oklahoma City
 - Norman/Cleveland County
- Pennsylvania**
 - Philadelphia
 - Lower Merion/Norrisstown/Abington/Montgomery County
 - Allentown/Northeast Pennsylvania
 - Lancaster City & County
 - Allentown/Lehigh/Bucks County
 - Pittsburgh/McKeesport/Penn Hills/Allegheny County
- Rhode Island**
 - Statewide
- South Carolina**
 - Charleston/Low Country
 - Columbia/Midlands
- Tennessee**
 - Chattanooga/Southeast Tennessee
 - Memphis/Shelby County
 - Nashville/Davidson County

- Texas**
 - San Antonio/Bexar County
 - Austin/Traill County
 - Dallas City & County/Irving
 - Fort Worth/Arlington/Tarrant County
 - El Paso City and County
 - Waco/McClennan County
 - Texas Balance of State
 - Amarillo
 - Wichita Falls/Wise, Palo Pinto, Wichita, Archer Counties
 - Bryan/Colege Station/Brazos Valley
 - Beaumont/Port Arthur/South East Texas
- Utah**
 - Statewide
- Virginia**
 - Richmond/Henrico, Chesterfield, Hanover Counties
 - Roanoke City & County/Salem
 - Virginia Beach
 - Portsmouth
 - Virginia Balance of State
 - Arlington County
- Washington**
 - Seattle/King County
 - Spokane City & County
- Wisconsin**
 - Statewide
- West Virginia**
 - Statewide
- Wyoming**
 - Wyoming Statewide is in the process of implementing

**Vulnerability Index -
Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool
(VI-SPDAT)**

Prescreen Triage Tool for Families

AMERICAN VERSION 2.0

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1 (800) 355-0420 Info@orgcode.com www.orgcode.com

**COMMUNITY
SOLUTIONS**



Welcome to the SPDAT Line of Products

The Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool (SPDAT) has been around in various incarnations for over a decade, before being released to the public in 2010. Since its initial release, the use of the SPDAT has been expanding exponentially and is now used in over one thousand communities across the United States, Canada, and Australia.

More communities using the tool means there is an unprecedented demand for versions of the SPDAT, customized for specific client groups or types of users. With the release of SPDAT V4, there have been more current versions of SPDAT products than ever before.

VI-SPDAT Series

The Vulnerability Index – Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool (VI-SPDAT) was developed as a pre-screening tool for communities that are very busy and do not have the resources to conduct a full SPDAT assessment for every client. It was made in collaboration with Community Solutions, creators of the Vulnerability Index, as a brief survey that can be conducted to quickly determine whether a client has high, moderate, or low acuity. The use of this survey can help prioritize which clients should be given a full SPDAT assessment first. Because it is a self-reported survey, no special training is required to use the VI-SPDAT.

Current versions available:

- VI-SPDAT V 2.0 for Individuals
- VI-SPDAT V 2.0 for Families
- VI-SPDAT V 2.0 for Youth

All versions are available online at

www.orgcode.com/products/vi-spdatt/

SPDAT Series

The Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool (SPDAT) was developed as an assessment tool for front-line workers at agencies that work with homeless clients to prioritize which of those clients should receive assistance first. The SPDAT tools are also designed to help guide case management and improve housing stability outcomes. They provide an in-depth assessment that relies on the assessor's ability to interpret responses and corroborate those with evidence. As a result, this tool may only be used by those who have received proper, up-to-date training provided by OrgCode Consulting, Inc. or an OrgCode certified trainer.

Current versions available:

- SPDAT V 4.0 for Individuals
- SPDAT V 4.0 for Families
- SPDAT V 4.0 for Youth

Information about all versions is available online at

www.orgcode.com/products/spdat/

SPDAT Training Series

To use the SPDAT, training by OrgCode or an OrgCode certified trainer is required. We provide training on a wide variety of topics over a variety of mediums.

The full-day in-person SPDAT Level 1 training provides you the opportunity to bring together as many people as you want to be trained for one low fee. The webinar training allows for a maximum of 15 different computers to be logged into the training at one time. We also offer online courses for individuals that you can do at your own speed.

The training gives you the manual, case studies, application to current practice, a review of each component of the tool, conversation guidance with prospective clients – and more!

Current SPDAT training available:

- Level 0 SPDAT Training: VI-SPDAT for Frontline Workers
- Level 1 SPDAT Training: SPDAT for Frontline Workers
- Level 2 SPDAT Training: SPDAT for Supervisors
- Level 3 SPDAT Training: SPDAT for Trainers

Other related training available:

- Excellence in Housing-Based Case Management
- Coordinated Access & Common Assessment
- Motivational Interviewing
- Objective-Based Interactions

More information about SPDAT training, including pricing, is available online at

<http://www.orgcode.com/product-category/training/spdat/>

Administration

Interviewer's Name	Agency	<input type="checkbox"/> Team
		<input type="checkbox"/> Staff
		<input type="checkbox"/> Volunteer
Survey Date	Survey Time	Survey Location
DD/MM/YYYY ___/___/___	___:___	_____

Opening Script

Every assessor in your community regardless of organization completing the VI-SPDAT should use the same introductory script. In that script you should highlight the following information:

- the name of the assessor and their affiliation (organization that employs them, volunteer as part of a Point In Time Count, etc.)
- the purpose of the VI-SPDAT being completed
- that it usually takes less than 7 minutes to complete
- that only "Yes," "No," or one-word answers are being sought
- that any question can be skipped or refused
- where the information is going to be stored
- that if the participant does not understand a question that clarification can be provided
- the importance of relaying accurate information to the assessor and not feeling that there is a correct or preferred answer that they need to provide, nor information they need to conceal

Basic Information

PARENT 1	First Name	Nickname	Last Name

	In what language do you feel best able to express yourself? _____		
PARENT 2	Date of Birth	Age	Social Security Number
	DD/MM/YYYY ___/___/___	_____	_____
			Consent to participate
<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No			
<input type="checkbox"/> No second parent currently part of the household			
PARENT 1	First Name	Nickname	Last Name

	In what language do you feel best able to express yourself? _____		
PARENT 2	Date of Birth	Age	Social Security Number
	DD/MM/YYYY ___/___/___	_____	_____
			Consent to participate
		<input type="checkbox"/> Yes	<input type="checkbox"/> No
IF EITHER HEAD OF HOUSEHOLD IS 60 YEARS OF AGE OR OLDER, THEN SCORE 1.			SCORE:
			<input type="text"/>

VULNERABILITY INDEX - SERVICE PRIORITIZATION DECISION ASSISTANCE TOOL (VI-SPDAT)

FAMILIES

AMERICAN VERSION 2.0

Children

1. How many children under the age of 18 are currently with you? _____ Refused
2. How many children under the age of 18 are not currently with your family, but you have reason to believe they will be joining you when you get housed? _____ Refused
3. **IF HOUSEHOLD INCLUDES A FEMALE:** Is any member of the family currently pregnant? Y N Refused
4. Please provide a list of children's names and ages:

First Name	Last Name	Age	Date of Birth
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____
_____	_____	_____	_____

IF THERE IS A SINGLE PARENT WITH 2+ CHILDREN, AND/OR A CHILD AGED 11 OR YOUNGER, AND/OR A CURRENT PREGNANCY, THEN SCORE 1 FOR FAMILY SIZE. **SCORE:**

IF THERE ARE TWO PARENTS WITH 3+ CHILDREN, AND/OR A CHILD AGED 6 OR YOUNGER, AND/OR A CURRENT PREGNANCY, THEN SCORE 1 FOR FAMILY SIZE.

A. History of Housing and Homelessness

5. Where do you and your family sleep most frequently? (check one)
 - Shelters
 - Transitional Housing
 - Safe Haven
 - Outdoors**
 - Other (specify):** _____
 - Refused**

IF THE PERSON ANSWERS ANYTHING OTHER THAN "SHELTER", "TRANSITIONAL HOUSING", OR "SAFE HAVEN", THEN SCORE 1. **SCORE:**

6. How long has it been since you and your family lived in permanent stable housing? _____ Refused
7. In the last three years, how many times have you and your family been homeless? _____ Refused

IF THE FAMILY HAS EXPERIENCED 1 OR MORE CONSECUTIVE YEARS OF HOMELESSNESS, AND/OR 4+ EPISODES OF HOMELESSNESS, THEN SCORE 1. **SCORE:**

B. Risks

8. In the past six months, how many times have you or anyone in your family...

- a) Received health care at an emergency department/room? Refused
- b) Taken an ambulance to the hospital? Refused
- c) Been hospitalized as an inpatient? Refused
- d) Used a crisis service, including sexual assault crisis, mental health crisis, family/intimate violence, distress centers and suicide prevention hotlines? Refused
- e) Talked to police because they witnessed a crime, were the victim of a crime, or the alleged perpetrator of a crime or because the police told them that they must move along? Refused
- f) Stayed one or more nights in a holding cell, jail or prison, whether that was a short-term stay like the drunk tank, a longer stay for a more serious offence, or anything in between? Refused

IF THE TOTAL NUMBER OF INTERACTIONS EQUALS 4 OR MORE, THEN SCORE 1 FOR EMERGENCY SERVICE USE.

SCORE:

- 9. Have you or anyone in your family been attacked or beaten up since they've become homeless? Y N Refused
- 10. Have you or anyone in your family threatened to or tried to harm themselves or anyone else in the last year? Y N Refused

IF "YES" TO ANY OF THE ABOVE, THEN SCORE 1 FOR RISK OF HARM.

SCORE:

- 11. Do you or anyone in your family have any legal stuff going on right now that may result in them being locked up, having to pay fines, or that make it more difficult to rent a place to live? Y N Refused

IF "YES," THEN SCORE 1 FOR LEGAL ISSUES.

SCORE:

- 12. Does anybody force or trick you or anyone in your family to do things that you do not want to do? Y N Refused
- 13. Do you or anyone in your family ever do things that may be considered to be risky like exchange sex for money, run drugs for someone, have unprotected sex with someone they don't know, share a needle, or anything like that? Y N Refused

IF "YES" TO ANY OF THE ABOVE, THEN SCORE 1 FOR RISK OF EXPLOITATION.

SCORE:

C. Socialization & Daily Functioning

14. Is there any person, past landlord, business, bookie, dealer, or government group like the IRS that thinks you or anyone in your family owe them money? **Y** **N** Refused

15. Do you or anyone in your family get any money from the government, a pension, an inheritance, working under the table, a regular job, or anything like that? **Y** **N** Refused

IF "YES" TO QUESTION 14 OR "NO" TO QUESTION 15, THEN SCORE 1 FOR MONEY MANAGEMENT. **SCORE:**

16. Does everyone in your family have planned activities, other than just surviving, that make them feel happy and fulfilled? **Y** **N** Refused

IF "NO," THEN SCORE 1 FOR MEANINGFUL DAILY ACTIVITY. **SCORE:**

17. Is everyone in your family currently able to take care of basic needs like bathing, changing clothes, using a restroom, getting food and clean water and other things like that? **Y** **N** Refused

IF "NO," THEN SCORE 1 FOR SELF-CARE. **SCORE:**

18. Is your family's current homelessness in any way caused by a relationship that broke down, an unhealthy or abusive relationship, or because other family or friends caused your family to become evicted? **Y** **N** Refused

IF "YES," THEN SCORE 1 FOR SOCIAL RELATIONSHIPS. **SCORE:**

D. Wellness

19. Has your family ever had to leave an apartment, shelter program, or other place you were staying because of the physical health of you or anyone in your family? **Y** **N** Refused

20. Do you or anyone in your family have any chronic health issues with your liver, kidneys, stomach, lungs or heart? **Y** **N** Refused

21. If there was space available in a program that specifically assists people that live with HIV or AIDS, would that be of interest to you or anyone in your family? **Y** **N** Refused

22. Does anyone in your family have any physical disabilities that would limit the type of housing you could access, or would make it hard to live independently because you'd need help? **Y** **N** Refused

23. When someone in your family is sick or not feeling well, does your family avoid getting medical help? **Y** **N** Refused

IF "YES" TO ANY OF THE ABOVE, THEN SCORE 1 FOR PHYSICAL HEALTH. **SCORE:**

VULNERABILITY INDEX - SERVICE PRIORITIZATION DECISION ASSISTANCE TOOL (VI-SPDAT)

FAMILIES

AMERICAN VERSION 2.0

24. Has drinking or drug use by you or anyone in your family led your family to being kicked out of an apartment or program where you were staying in the past? Y N Refused

25. Will drinking or drug use make it difficult for your family to stay housed or afford your housing? Y N Refused

IF "YES" TO ANY OF THE ABOVE, THEN SCORE 1 FOR SUBSTANCE USE.

SCORE:

26. Has your family ever had trouble maintaining your housing, or been kicked out of an apartment, shelter program or other place you were staying, because of:

a) A mental health issue or concern? Y N Refused

b) A past head injury? Y N Refused

c) A learning disability, developmental disability, or other impairment? Y N Refused

27. Do you or anyone in your family have any mental health or brain issues that would make it hard for your family to live independently because help would be needed? Y N Refused

IF "YES" TO ANY OF THE ABOVE, THEN SCORE 1 FOR MENTAL HEALTH.

SCORE:

28. IF THE FAMILY SCORED 1 EACH FOR PHYSICAL HEALTH, SUBSTANCE USE, AND MENTAL HEALTH: Does any single member of your household have a medical condition, mental health concerns, and experience with problematic substance use? Y N N/A or Refused

IF "YES", SCORE 1 FOR TRI-MORBIDITY.

SCORE:

29. Are there any medications that a doctor said you or anyone in your family should be taking that, for whatever reason, they are not taking? Y N Refused

30. Are there any medications like painkillers that you or anyone in your family don't take the way the doctor prescribed or where they sell the medication? Y N Refused

IF "YES" TO ANY OF THE ABOVE, SCORE 1 FOR MEDICATIONS.

SCORE:

31. YES OR NO: Has your family's current period of homelessness been caused by an experience of emotional, physical, psychological, sexual, or other type of abuse, or by any other trauma you or anyone in your family have experienced? Y N Refused

IF "YES", SCORE 1 FOR ABUSE AND TRAUMA.

SCORE:

E. Family Unit

32. Are there any children that have been removed from the family by a child protection service within the last 180 days? Y N Refused
33. Do you have any family legal issues that are being resolved in court or need to be resolved in court that would impact your housing or who may live within your housing? Y N Refused

IF "YES" TO ANY OF THE ABOVE, SCORE 1 FOR FAMILY LEGAL ISSUES.

SCORE:

34. In the last 180 days have any children lived with family or friends because of your homelessness or housing situation? Y N Refused
35. Has any child in the family experienced abuse or trauma in the last 180 days? Y N Refused
36. IF THERE ARE SCHOOL-AGED CHILDREN: Do your children attend school more often than not each week? Y N N/A or Refused

IF "YES" TO ANY OF QUESTIONS 34 OR 35, OR "NO" TO QUESTION 36, SCORE 1 FOR NEEDS OF CHILDREN.

SCORE:

37. Have the members of your family changed in the last 180 days, due to things like divorce, your kids coming back to live with you, someone leaving for military service or incarceration, a relative moving in, or anything like that? Y N Refused
38. Do you anticipate any other adults or children coming to live with you within the first 180 days of being housed? Y N Refused

IF "YES" TO ANY OF THE ABOVE, SCORE 1 FOR FAMILY STABILITY.

SCORE:

39. Do you have two or more planned activities each week as a family such as outings to the park, going to the library, visiting other family, watching a family movie, or anything like that? Y N Refused
40. After school, or on weekends or days when there isn't school, is the total time children spend each day where there is no interaction with you or another responsible adult...
- a) 3 or more hours per day for children aged 13 or older? Y N Refused
- b) 2 or more hours per day for children aged 12 or younger? Y N Refused
41. IF THERE ARE CHILDREN BOTH 12 AND UNDER & 13 AND OVER: Do your older kids spend 2 or more hours on a typical day helping their younger sibling(s) with things like getting ready for school, helping with homework, making them dinner, bathing them, or anything like that? Y N N/A or Refused

IF "NO" TO QUESTION 39, OR "YES" TO ANY OF QUESTIONS 40 OR 41, SCORE 1 FOR PARENTAL ENGAGEMENT.

SCORE:

Scoring Summary

DOMAIN	SUBTOTAL	RESULTS
PRE-SURVEY	/2	Score: Recommendation: 0-3 no housing intervention 4-8 an assessment for Rapid Re-Housing 9+ an assessment for Permanent Supportive Housing/ Housing First
A. HISTORY OF HOUSING & HOMELESSNESS	/2	
B. RISKS	/4	
C. SOCIALIZATION & DAILY FUNCTIONS	/4	
D. WELLNESS	/6	
E. FAMILY UNIT	/4	
GRAND TOTAL:	/22	

Follow-Up Questions

On a regular day, where is it easiest to find you and what time of day is easiest to do so?	place: _____ time: ____ : ____ or
Is there a phone number and/or email where someone can safely get in touch with you or leave you a message?	phone: (____) _____ - _____ email: _____
Ok, now I'd like to take your picture so that it is easier to find you and confirm your identity in the future. May I do so?	<input type="checkbox"/> Yes <input type="checkbox"/> No <input type="checkbox"/> Refused

Communities are encouraged to think of additional questions that may be relevant to the programs being operated or your specific local context. This may include questions related to:

- military service and nature of discharge
- ageing out of care
- mobility issues
- legal status in country
- income and source of it
- current restrictions on where a person can legally reside
- children that may reside with the adult at some point in the future
- safety planning

Youth
Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool
(Y-SPDAT)

Assessment Tool for Single Youth

VERSION 1.0

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Disclaimer

The management and staff of OrgCode Consulting, Inc. (OrgCode) do not control the way in which the Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool (SPDAT) will be used, applied or integrated into related client processes by communities, agency management or frontline workers. OrgCode assumes no legal responsibility or liability for the misuse of the SPDAT, decisions that are made or services that are received in conjunction with the assessment tool.

A. Mental Health & Wellness & Cognitive Functioning

PROMPTS	CLIENT SCORE: <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Have you ever had a conversation with a psychiatrist, psychologist, or school counsellor? When was that? • Do you feel you are getting all the help you might need with whatever mental health stress you might have? • Have you ever hurt your brain or head? • Do you have trouble learning or paying attention? • Has anyone ever told you you might have ADD or ADHD? • Was there ever any special testing done to identify learning disabilities? • Has any doctor ever prescribed you pills for anxiety, depression, or anything like that? • Do you know if, when pregnant with you, your mother did anything that we now know can have negative effects on the baby? • Are there any professionals we could speak with that have knowledge of your mental health? 	NOTES

SCORING	
4	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Serious and persistent mental illness (2+ hospitalizations in a mental health facility or psychiatric ward in the past 2 years) and not in a heightened state of recovery currently <input type="checkbox"/> Major barriers to performing tasks and functions of daily living or communicating intent because of a brain injury, learning disability or developmental disability
3	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Heightened concerns about state of mental health, but fewer than 2 hospitalizations, and/or without knowledge of presence of a diagnosable mental health condition <input type="checkbox"/> Diminished ability to perform tasks and functions of daily living or communicating intent because of a brain injury, learning disability or developmental disability
2	<p>While there may be concern for overall mental health or mild impairments to performing tasks and functions of daily living or communicating intent, all of the following are true:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> No major concerns about safety or ability to be housed without intensive supports to assist with mental health or cognitive functioning <input type="checkbox"/> No major concerns for the health and safety of others because of mental health or cognitive functioning ability <input type="checkbox"/> No compelling reason for screening by an expert in mental health or cognitive functioning prior to housing to fully understand capacity
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> In a heightened state of recovery, has a Wellness Recovery Action Plan (WRAP) or similar plan for promoting wellness, understands symptoms and strategies for coping with them, and is engaged with mental health supports as necessary.
0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Age 24+ and no mental health or cognitive functioning issues disclosed, suspected or observed

FOR YOUTH
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Age 16 or under and would not otherwise score higher <input type="checkbox"/> Age 17-23 and would not otherwise score higher

B. Physical Health & Wellness

PROMPTS	CLIENT SCORE: <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How is your health? • Do you feel you are getting all the care you need for your health? When was the last time you saw a doctor? What was that for? • Do you have a clinic or doctor that you usually go to? • Any illness like diabetes, HIV, Hep C or anything like that going on? • Do you have any reason to suspect you might be pregnant? Is that impacting your health in any way? Have you talked with a doctor about your pregnancy? Are you following the doctor's advice? • Anything going on right now with your health that you think would prevent you from living a full, healthy, happy life? • Are there other professionals we could speak with that have knowledge of your health? 	<p>NOTES</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #c00000; height: 150px; width: 100%;"></div>

Note: In this section, a current pregnancy can be considered a health issue.

SCORING	
4	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Co-occurring chronic health conditions <input type="checkbox"/> Attempting a treatment protocol for a chronic health condition, but the treatment is not improving health <input type="checkbox"/> Palliative health condition
3	<p>Presence of a health issue with any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Not connected with professional resources to assist with a real or perceived serious health issue, by choice <input type="checkbox"/> Single chronic or serious health concern but does not connect with professional resources because of insufficient community resources (e.g. lack of availability or affordability) <input type="checkbox"/> Unable to follow the treatment plan as a direct result of homeless status
2	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of a relatively minor physical health issue, which is managed and/or cared for with appropriate professional resources or through informed self-care <input type="checkbox"/> Presence of a physical health issue, for which appropriate treatment protocols are followed, but there is still a moderate impact on their daily living
1	<p>Single chronic or serious health condition, but all of the following are true:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Able to manage the health issue and live a relatively active and healthy life <input type="checkbox"/> Connected to appropriate health supports <input type="checkbox"/> Educated and informed on how to manage the health issue, take medication as necessary related to the condition, and consistently follow these requirements.
0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> No serious or chronic health condition <input type="checkbox"/> If any minor health condition, they are managed appropriately

C. Medication

PROMPTS	CLIENT SCORE: <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Have you recently been prescribed any medications by a health care professional? • Do you take any medications prescribed to you by a doctor? • Have you ever sold some or all of your prescription? • Have you ever had a doctor prescribe you medication that you didn't have filled at a pharmacy or didn't take? • Were any of your medications changed in the last month? If yes: How did that make you feel? • Do other people ever steal your medications? • Do you ever share your medications with other people? • How do you store your medications and make sure you take the right medication at the right time each day? • What do you do if you realize you've forgotten to take your medications? • Do you have any papers or documents about the medications you take? 	NOTES <div style="border: 1px solid #c00000; height: 150px;"></div>

SCORING	
4	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 30 days, started taking a prescription which is having any negative impact on day to day living, socialization or mood <input type="checkbox"/> Shares or sells prescription, but keeps less than is sold or shared <input type="checkbox"/> Regularly misuses medication (e.g. frequently forgets; often takes the wrong dosage; uses some or all of medication to get high) <input type="checkbox"/> Has had a medication prescribed in the last 90 days that remains unfilled, for any reason
3	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 30 days, started taking a prescription which is not having any negative impact on day to day living, socialization or mood <input type="checkbox"/> Shares or sells prescription, but keeps more than is sold or shared <input type="checkbox"/> Requires intensive assistance to manage or take medication (e.g., assistance organizing in a pillbox; working with pharmacist to blister-pack; adapting the living environment to be more conducive to taking medications at the right time for the right purpose, like keeping night-time medications on the bedside table and morning medications by the coffeemaker) <input type="checkbox"/> Medications are stored and distributed by a third-party
2	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Fails to take medication at the appropriate time or appropriate dosage, 1-2 times per week <input type="checkbox"/> Self-manages medications except for requiring reminders or assistance for refills <input type="checkbox"/> Successfully self-managing medication for fewer than 30 consecutive days
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Successfully self-managing medications for more than 30, but less than 180, consecutive days
0	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> No medication prescribed to them <input type="checkbox"/> Successfully self-managing medication for 181+ consecutive days

D. Substance Use

PROMPTS	CLIENT SCORE: <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • When was the last time you had a drink or used drugs? • Is there anything we should keep in mind related to drugs or alcohol? • [If they disclose use of drugs and/or alcohol] How frequently would you say you use [specific substance] in a week? • Ever get into fights, fall down and bang your head, or pass out when drinking or using other drugs? • Have you ever used alcohol or other drugs in a way that may be considered less than safe? • Do you ever end up doing things you later regret after you have gotten really hammered? • Do you ever drink mouthwash or cooking wine or hand sanitizer or anything like that? • Have you engaged with anyone professionally related to your substance use that we could speak with? 	<p>NOTES</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #e91e63; height: 150px; width: 100%;"></div>

Note: Consumption thresholds: 2 drinks per day or 14 total drinks in any one week period for men; 2 drinks per day or 9 total drinks in any one week period for women. "Under legal age" refers to under the age at which it is legal to purchase and consume the substance in question.

SCORING		FOR YOUTH
4	<input type="checkbox"/> In a life-threatening health situation as a direct result of substance use, or , in the past 30 days, any of the following are true... <input type="checkbox"/> Substance use is almost daily (21+ times) and often to the point of complete inebriation <input type="checkbox"/> Binge drinking, non-beverage alcohol use, or inhalant use 4+ times <input type="checkbox"/> Substance use resulting in passing out 2+ times	<input type="checkbox"/> First used drugs before age 12 <input type="checkbox"/> Scores a 2-3 and is under age 15 <input type="checkbox"/> Scores a 3 and is under legal age
3	<input type="checkbox"/> Experiencing serious health impacts as a direct result of substance use, though not (yet) in a life-threatening position as a result, or , in the past 30 days, any of the following are true... <input type="checkbox"/> Drug use reached the point of complete inebriation 12+ times <input type="checkbox"/> Alcohol use usually exceeded the consumption thresholds (at least 5+ times), but usually not to the point of complete inebriation <input type="checkbox"/> Binge drinking, non-beverage alcohol use, or inhalant use occurred 1-3 times	<input type="checkbox"/> First used drugs aged 12-15 <input type="checkbox"/> Scores a 1 and is under age 15 <input type="checkbox"/> Scores a 2 and is under legal age
2	In the past 30 days, any of the following are true... <input type="checkbox"/> Drug use reached the point of complete inebriation fewer than 12 times <input type="checkbox"/> Alcohol use exceeded the consumption thresholds fewer than 5 times	<input type="checkbox"/> Scores a 1 and is under legal age
1	<input type="checkbox"/> In the past 365 days, no alcohol use beyond consumption thresholds, or , <input type="checkbox"/> If making claims to sobriety, no substance use in the past 30 days	
0	<input type="checkbox"/> In the past 365 days, no substance use	

E. Experience of Abuse & Trauma

PROMPTS	CLIENT SCORE: <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
<p>*To avoid re-traumatizing the individual, ask selected approved questions as written. Do not probe for details of the trauma/abuse. This section is entirely self-reported.</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • "I don't need you to go into any details, but has there been any point in your life where you experienced emotional, physical, sexual or psychological abuse?" • "Are you currently or have you ever received professional assistance to address that abuse?" • "Does the experience of abuse or trauma impact your day to day living in any way?" • "Does the experience of abuse or trauma impact your ability to hold down a job, maintain housing or engage in meaningful relationships with friends or family?" • "Have you ever found yourself feeling or acting in a certain way that you think is caused by a history of abuse or trauma?" • "Have you ever become homeless as a direct result of experiencing abuse or trauma?" 	<p style="text-align: center;">NOTES</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #c00000; height: 150px; width: 100%;"></div>

SCORING	
4	<input type="checkbox"/> A reported experience of abuse or trauma, believed to be a direct cause of their homelessness
3	<input type="checkbox"/> The experience of abuse or trauma is not believed to be a direct cause of homelessness, but abuse or trauma (experienced before, during, or after homelessness) is impacting daily functioning and/or ability to get out of homelessness
Any of the following:	
2	<input type="checkbox"/> A reported experience of abuse or trauma, but is not believed to impact daily functioning and/or ability to get out of homelessness
	<input type="checkbox"/> Engaged in therapeutic attempts at recovery, but does not consider self to be recovered
1	<input type="checkbox"/> A reported experience of abuse or trauma, and considers self to be recovered
0	<input type="checkbox"/> No reported experience of abuse or trauma



F. Risk of Harm to Self or Others

PROMPTS	CLIENT SCORE: <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do you have thoughts about hurting yourself or anyone else? Have you ever acted on these thoughts? When was the last time? • What was occurring when you had these feelings or took these actions? • Have you ever received professional help – including maybe a stay at hospital – as a result of thinking about or attempting to hurt yourself or others? How long ago was that? Does that happen often? • Have you recently left a situation you felt was abusive or unsafe? How long ago was that? • Have you been in any fights recently – whether you started it or someone else did? How long ago was that? How often do you get into fights? 	<div style="background-color: #c00000; color: white; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">NOTES</div> <div style="border: 1px solid #c00000; height: 150px;"></div>

SCORING	
4	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 90 days, left an abusive situation <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 30 days, attempted, threatened, or actually harmed self or others <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 30 days, involved in a physical altercation (instigator or participant)
3	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 180 days, left an abusive situation, but no exposure to abuse in the past 90 days <input type="checkbox"/> Most recently attempted, threatened, or actually harmed self or others in the past 180 days, but not in the past 30 days <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 365 days, involved in a physical altercation (instigator or participant), but not in the past 30 days
2	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 365 days, left an abusive situation, but no exposure to abuse in the past 180 days <input type="checkbox"/> Most recently attempted, threatened, or actually harmed self or others in the past 365 days, but not in the past 180 days <input type="checkbox"/> 366+ days ago, 4+ involvements in physical alterations
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> 366+ days ago, 1-3 involvements in physical alterations
0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Reports no instance of harming self, being harmed, or harming others

G. Involvement in High Risk and/or Exploitive Situations

PROMPTS	CLIENT SCORE: <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • <i>[Observe, don't ask] Any abscesses or track marks from injection substance use?</i> • <i>Does anybody force or trick you to do something that you don't want to do?</i> • <i>Do you ever do stuff that could be considered dangerous like drinking until you pass out outside, or delivering drugs for someone, having sex without a condom with a casual partner, or anything like that?</i> • <i>Do you ever find yourself in situations that may be considered at a high risk for violence?</i> • <i>Do you ever sleep outside? How do you dress and prepare for that? Where do you tend to sleep?</i> 	NOTES

SCORING		YOUTH PREGNANCY
4	Any of the following: <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 180 days, engaged in 10+ higher risk and/or exploitive events <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 90 days, left an abusive situation	<input type="checkbox"/> Under the age of 24, and has ever become pregnant
3	Any of the following: <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 180 days, engaged in 4-9 higher risk and/or exploitive events <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 180 days, left an abusive situation, but not in the past 90 days	<input type="checkbox"/> Under the age of 24, and has ever gotten someone else pregnant, and wouldn't otherwise score a 4
2	Any of the following: <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 180 days, engaged in 1-3 higher risk and/or exploitive events <input type="checkbox"/> 181+ days ago, left an abusive situation	
1	<input type="checkbox"/> In the past 365 days, any involvement in higher risk and/or exploitive events, but not in the past 180 days	
0	<input type="checkbox"/> In the past 365 days, no involvement in higher risk and/or exploitive events	

H. Interaction with Emergency Services

PROMPTS	CLIENT SCORE: <input type="text"/>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How often do you go to emergency rooms? • How many times have you had the police speak to you over the past 180 days? • Have you used an ambulance or needed the fire department at any time in the past 180 days? • How many times have you called or visited a crisis team or a crisis counselor in the last 180 days? • How many times have you been admitted to hospital in the last 180 days? How long did you stay? 	<p style="text-align: center;">NOTES</p> <div style="border: 1px solid black; height: 150px;"></div>

Note: Emergency service use includes: admittance to emergency room/department; hospitalizations; trips to a hospital in an ambulance; crisis service, distress centers, suicide prevention service, sexual assault crisis service, sex worker crisis service, or similar service; interactions with police for the purpose of law enforcement; interactions with fire service in emergency situations.

SCORING	
4	<input type="checkbox"/> In the past 180 days, cumulative total of 10+ interactions with emergency services
3	<input type="checkbox"/> In the past 180 days, cumulative total of 4-9 interactions with emergency services
2	<input type="checkbox"/> In the past 180 days, cumulative total of 1-3 interactions with emergency services
1	<input type="checkbox"/> Any interaction with emergency services occurred more than 180 days ago but less than 365 days ago
0	<input type="checkbox"/> In the past 365 days, no interaction with emergency services

I. Legal

PROMPTS	CLIENT SCORE: <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do you have any "legal stuff" going on? • Have you had a lawyer assigned to you by a court? • Do you have any upcoming court dates? Do you think there's a chance you will do time? • Any involvement with family court or child custody matters? • Any outstanding fines? • Have you paid any fines in the last 12 months for anything? • Have you done any community service in the last 12 months? • Is anybody expecting you to do community service for anything right now? • Did you have any legal stuff in the last year that got dismissed? • Is your housing at risk in any way right now because of legal issues? 	NOTES

SCORING	
4	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Current outstanding legal issue(s), likely to result in fines of \$500+ <input type="checkbox"/> Current outstanding legal issue(s), likely to result in incarceration of 3+ months (cumulatively), inclusive of any time held on remand
3	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Current outstanding legal issue(s), likely to result in fines less than \$500 <input type="checkbox"/> Current outstanding legal issue(s), likely to result in incarceration of less than 90 days (cumulatively), inclusive of any time held on remand
2	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 365 days, relatively minor legal issue has occurred and was resolved through community service or payment of fine(s) <input type="checkbox"/> Currently outstanding relatively minor legal issue that is unlikely to result in incarceration (but may result in community service)
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> There are no current legal issues, and any legal issues that have historically occurred have been resolved without community service, payment of fine, or incarceration
0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Has not had any legal issues within the past 365 days, and currently no conditions of release

JUVENILE DELINQUENCY

- The youth is under the age of 18 and has current outstanding legal issue(s) that are likely to result in incarceration
- The youth is under the age of 24 and was ever incarcerated while still a minor, and would not otherwise score a 4

SERVICE PRIORITIZATION DECISION ASSISTANCE TOOL (SPDAT)

SINGLE YOUTH

VERSION 1.0

J. Managing Tenancy

PROMPTS	CLIENT SCORE: <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Are you currently homeless? • Have you ever signed a lease? How did that go? • [If the person is housed] Do you have an eviction notice? • [If the person is housed] Do you think that your housing is at risk? • How is your relationship with your neighbors? • How do you normally get along with landlords (or your parents/guardian(s))? • How have you been doing with taking care of your place? 	<div style="background-color: #c00000; color: white; padding: 5px; text-align: center;">NOTES</div> <div style="border: 1px solid #c00000; height: 150px;"></div>

Note: Housing matters include: conflict with landlord and/or neighbors, damages to the unit, payment of rent on time and in full. Payment of rent through a third party is not considered to be a short-coming or deficiency in the ability to pay rent.

SCORING	
4	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Currently homeless <input type="checkbox"/> In the next 30 days, will be re-housed or return to homelessness <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 365 days, was re-housed 6+ times <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 90 days, support worker(s) have been cumulatively involved 10+ times with housing matters
3	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> In the next 60 days, will be re-housed or return to homelessness, but not in next 30 days <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 365 days, was re-housed 3-5 times <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 90 days, support worker(s) have been cumulatively involved 4-9 times with housing matters
2	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 365 days, was re-housed 2 times <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 180 days, was re-housed 1+ times, but not in the past 60 days <input type="checkbox"/> For the past 90 days, was continuously housed, but not for more than 180 days <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 90 days, support worker(s) have been cumulatively involved 1-3 times with housing matters
1	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 365 days, was re-housed 1 time <input type="checkbox"/> For the past 180 days, was continuously housed, with no assistance with housing matters, but not for more than 365 days
0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> For the past 365+ days, was continuously housed in same unit, with no assistance with housing matters

K. Personal Administration & Money Management

PROMPTS	CLIENT SCORE: <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How are you with taking care of money? • How are you with paying bills on time and taking care of other financial stuff? • Do you have any street debts? • Do you have any drug or gambling debts? • Is there anybody that thinks you owe them money? • Do you budget every single month for every single thing you need? Including cigarettes? Booze? Drugs? • Do you try to pay your rent before paying for anything else? • Are you behind in any payments like child support or student loans or anything like that? 	<div style="background-color: #c00000; color: white; padding: 2px; text-align: center;">NOTES</div> <div style="border: 1px solid #c00000; height: 150px;"></div>

SCORING

4	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Cannot create or follow a budget, regardless of supports provided <input type="checkbox"/> Does not comprehend financial obligations <input type="checkbox"/> Does not have an income (including formal and informal sources) <input type="checkbox"/> Not aware of the full amount spent on substances, if they use substances <input type="checkbox"/> Substantial real or perceived debts of \$1,000+, past due or requiring monthly payments
3	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Requires intensive assistance to create and manage a budget (including any legally mandated guardian/trustee that provides assistance or manages access to money) <input type="checkbox"/> Only understands their financial obligations with the assistance of a 3rd party <input type="checkbox"/> Not budgeting for substance use, if they are a substance user <input type="checkbox"/> Real or perceived debts of \$999 or less, past due or requiring monthly payments
2	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 365 days, source of income has changed 2+ times <input type="checkbox"/> Budgeting to the best of ability (including formal and informal sources), but still short of money every month for essential needs <input type="checkbox"/> Voluntarily receives assistance creating and managing a budget or restricts access to their own money (e.g. guardian/trusteeship) <input type="checkbox"/> Has been self-managing financial resources and taking care of associated administrative tasks for less than 90 days
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Has been self-managing financial resources and taking care of associated administrative tasks for at least 90 days, but for less than 180 days
0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Has been self-managing financial resources and taking care of associated administrative tasks for at least 180 days

L. Social Relationships & Networks

PROMPTS	CLIENT SCORE: <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Tell me about your friends, family and other people in your life. How often do you get together or chat? • How do you get along with teachers, doctors, police officers, case workers, and other professionals? • Are there any people in your life that you feel are just using you? • Are there any of your closer friends that you feel are always asking you for money, smokes, drugs, food or anything like that? • Have you ever had people crash at your place that you did not want staying there? • Have you ever been kicked out of where you were living because of something that friends or family did at your place? • Have you ever been concerned about not following your lease agreement because of your friends or family? 	<p style="text-align: center; margin: 0;">NOTES</p> <div style="border: 1px solid #c00000; height: 150px; width: 100%;"></div>

SCORING	
4	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 90 days, left an exploitive, abusive or dependent relationship, or left home due to family violence or conflict over religious or moral differences, including sexual orientation <input type="checkbox"/> Friends, family or other people are placing security of housing at imminent risk, or impacting life, wellness, or safety <input type="checkbox"/> No friends or family and demonstrates no ability to follow social norms <input type="checkbox"/> Currently homeless and would classify most of friends and family as homeless
3	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 90-180 days, left an exploitive, abusive or dependent relationship, or left home due to family violence or conflict over religious or moral differences <input type="checkbox"/> Friends, family or other people are having some negative consequences on wellness or housing stability <input type="checkbox"/> No friends or family but demonstrating ability to follow social norms <input type="checkbox"/> Meeting new people with an intention of forming friendships, or reconnecting with previous friends or family members, but experiencing difficulty advancing the relationship <input type="checkbox"/> Currently homeless, and would classify some of friends and family as being housed, while others are homeless
2	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> More than 180 days ago, left an exploitive, abusive or dependent relationship, or left home due to family violence or conflict over religious or moral differences <input type="checkbox"/> Developing relationships with new people but not yet fully trusting them <input type="checkbox"/> Currently homeless, and would classify friends and family as being housed
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Has been housed for less than 180 days, and is engaged with friends or family, who are having no negative consequences on the individual's housing stability
0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Has been housed for at least 180 days, and is engaged with friends or family, who are having no negative consequences on the individual's housing stability

M. Self Care & Daily Living Skills

PROMPTS	CLIENT SCORE: <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Do you have any worries about taking care of yourself? • Do you have any concerns about cooking, cleaning, laundry or anything like that? • Do you ever need reminders to do things like shower or clean up? • Describe your last apartment. • Do you know how to shop for nutritious food on a budget? • Do you know how to make low cost meals that can result in leftovers to freeze or save for another day? • Do you tend to keep all of your clothes clean? • Have you ever had a problem with mice or other bugs like cockroaches as a result of a dirty apartment? • When you have had a place where you have made a meal, do you tend to clean up dishes and the like before they get crusty? 	NOTES

SCORING	
4	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> No insight into how to care for themselves, their apartment or their surroundings <input type="checkbox"/> Currently homeless and relies upon others to meet basic needs (e.g. access to shelter, showers, toilet, laundry, food, and/or clothing) on an almost daily basis <input type="checkbox"/> Engaged in hoarding or collecting behavior and is not aware that it is an issue in her/his life
3	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Has insight into some areas of how to care for themselves, their apartment or their surroundings, but misses other areas because of lack of insight <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 180 days, relied upon others to meet basic needs (e.g. access to shelter, showers, toilet, laundry, food, and/or clothing), 14+ days in any 30-day period <input type="checkbox"/> Engaged in hoarding or collecting behavior and is aware that it is an issue in her/his life
2	<p>Any of the following:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Fully aware and has insight in all that is required to take care of themselves, their apartment and their surroundings, but has not yet mastered the skills or time management to fully execute this on a regular basis <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 180 days, relied upon others to meet basic needs (e.g. access to shelter, showers, toilet, laundry, food, and/or clothing), fewer than 14 days in every 30-day period
1	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> In the past 365 days, accessed community resources 4 or fewer times, and is fully taking care of all their daily needs
0	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> For the past 365+ days, fully taking care of all their daily needs independently

N. Meaningful Daily Activity

PROMPTS	CLIENT SCORE: <input style="width: 100px;" type="text"/>		
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How do you spend your day? • How do you spend your free time? • Does that make you feel happy/fulfilled? • How many days a week would you say you have things to do that make you feel happy/fulfilled? • How much time in a week would you say you are totally bored? • When you wake up in the morning, do you tend to have an idea of what you plan to do that day? • How much time in a week would you say you spend doing stuff to fill up the time rather than doing things that you love? • Are there any things that get in the way of you doing the sorts of activities you would like to be doing? 	<table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #c00000; color: white;">NOTES</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="height: 150px;"></td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	NOTES	
NOTES			

SCORING												
4	<table border="1" style="width: 100%;"> <thead> <tr> <th style="background-color: #c00000; color: white;">SCHOOL-AGED YOUTH</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <input type="checkbox"/> No planned, legal activities described as providing fulfillment or happiness </td> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Not enrolled in school and with no planned, legal activities described as providing fulfillment or happiness </td> </tr> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Discussing, exploring, signing up for and/or preparing for new activities or to re-engage with planned, legal activities that used to provide fulfillment or happiness </td> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Enrolled in school, but attending class fewer than 3 days per week </td> </tr> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Attempting new or re-engaging with planned, legal activities that used to provide fulfillment or happiness, but uncertain that activities selected are currently providing fulfillment or happiness, or the individual is not fully committed to continuing the activities. </td> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Enrolled in school, and attending class 3 days per week </td> </tr> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <input type="checkbox"/> 1-3 days per week, has planned, legal activities described as providing fulfillment or happiness </td> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Enrolled in school and attending class 4 days per week </td> </tr> <tr> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <input type="checkbox"/> 4+ days per week, has planned, legal activities described as providing fulfillment or happiness </td> <td style="vertical-align: top;"> <input type="checkbox"/> Enrolled in school and maintaining regular attendance </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	SCHOOL-AGED YOUTH	<input type="checkbox"/> No planned, legal activities described as providing fulfillment or happiness	<input type="checkbox"/> Not enrolled in school and with no planned, legal activities described as providing fulfillment or happiness	<input type="checkbox"/> Discussing, exploring, signing up for and/or preparing for new activities or to re-engage with planned, legal activities that used to provide fulfillment or happiness	<input type="checkbox"/> Enrolled in school, but attending class fewer than 3 days per week	<input type="checkbox"/> Attempting new or re-engaging with planned, legal activities that used to provide fulfillment or happiness, but uncertain that activities selected are currently providing fulfillment or happiness, or the individual is not fully committed to continuing the activities.	<input type="checkbox"/> Enrolled in school, and attending class 3 days per week	<input type="checkbox"/> 1-3 days per week, has planned, legal activities described as providing fulfillment or happiness	<input type="checkbox"/> Enrolled in school and attending class 4 days per week	<input type="checkbox"/> 4+ days per week, has planned, legal activities described as providing fulfillment or happiness	<input type="checkbox"/> Enrolled in school and maintaining regular attendance
SCHOOL-AGED YOUTH												
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<input type="checkbox"/> 4+ days per week, has planned, legal activities described as providing fulfillment or happiness	<input type="checkbox"/> Enrolled in school and maintaining regular attendance											
3												
2												
1												
0												

O. History of Homelessness & Housing

PROMPTS	CLIENT SCORE: <input style="width: 50px;" type="text"/>
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> • How long have they been homeless? • How many times have they been homeless in their life other than this most recent time? • Have they spent any time sleeping on a friend's couch or floor? And if so, during those times did they consider that to be their permanent address? • Have they ever spent time sleeping in a car or alleyway or garage or barn or bus shelter or anything like that? • Have they ever spent time sleeping in an abandoned building? • Were they ever in hospital or jail for a period of time when they didn't have a permanent address to go to when they got out? 	<div style="background-color: #c00000; color: white; padding: 2px; text-align: center; font-weight: bold;">NOTES</div> <div style="border: 1px solid #c00000; height: 150px; width: 100%;"></div>

SCORING	
4	<input type="checkbox"/> Over the past 10 years, cumulative total of 5+ years of homelessness
3	<input type="checkbox"/> Over the past 10 years, cumulative total of 2+ years but fewer than 5 years of homelessness
2	<input type="checkbox"/> Over the past 4 years, cumulative total of 30+ days but fewer than 2 years of homelessness
1	<input type="checkbox"/> Over the past 4 years, cumulative total of 7+ days but fewer than 30 days of homelessness
0	<input type="checkbox"/> Over the past 4 years, cumulative total of 7 or fewer days of homelessness



Appendix D: Taskforce Assessment

Select an Assessment
 Taskforce Assessment 2017/BC Submit

Taskforce Assessment 2017/BC

Zip Code of Last Permanent Address:
 Time in Broward County (yrs):

Residence Prior to Project Entry* HUD Verification
 Place not meant for habitation (HUD)
 If Other Type of Residence, specify:

Length of Stay in Previous Place
 One week or more, but less than one month

Total Monthly Income:
Income from Any Source HUD Verification
 No (HUD)

If YES - complete the Monthly Income sub-assessment below

Monthly Income HUD Verification

Source of Income	Start Date*	End Date	Monthly Amount	Receiving Income Source?
Private Disability Insurance (HUD)	02/08/2008			No
Earned Income (HUD)	02/08/2008			No
Child Support (HUD)	02/08/2008			No
General Assistance (HUD)	02/08/2008			No
Worker's Compensation (HUD)	02/08/2008			No

Showing 1-5 of 39 First Previous Next Last

Non-cash benefit from any source HUD Verification
 No (HUD)

If YES - complete the Non-Cash Benefits sub-assessment below

Non-Cash Benefits HUD Verification

Source of Non-Cash Benefit	Start Date*	End Date
Temporary rental assistance (HUD)	02/08/2008	
Other TAMF-Funded Services (HUD)	02/08/2008	
Section 8, Public Housing, or other ongoing rental assistance (HUD)	02/08/2008	
Other Source (HUD)	02/08/2008	
TAMF Transportation Services (HUD)	02/08/2008	

Showing 1-5 of 16 First Previous Next Last

Covered by Health Insurance HUD Verification
 Yes (HUD)

Health Insurance HUD Verification

Start Date*	Health Insurance Type	Covered?	End Date
02/08/2008	Private Pay Health Insurance	No	
02/08/2008	Health Insurance obtained through COBRA	No	
02/08/2008	State Health Insurance for Adults	Yes	
02/08/2008	Employer - Provided Health Insurance	No	
02/08/2008	Veteran's Administration (VA) Medical Services	No	

Showing 1-5 of 16 First Previous Next Last

Does the client have a disabling condition? HUD Verification
 No (HUD)

Disabilities HUD Verification

Disability Type	Start Date*	End Date
<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>	<input type="text"/>

Co-Occurring Diagnosis:
Domestic violence victim/survivor*
 If yes for Domestic violence victim/survivor, when experience occurred:
 If yes for Domestic violence Victim/Survivor, are you currently fleeing?

Client Location (CoC ID Number)* FL-600

Relationship to Head of Household Head of household's other relation member (other relation to head of household)

Approximate date homelessness started: 02 / 01 / 2016

Regardless of where they stayed last night - Number of times the client has been on the streets, in ES, or SH in the past three years including today One time (HUD)

Total number of months homeless on the street, in ES or SH in the past three years One month (this time is the first month) (HUD)

Identified as CHRONIC -Select-

Medical Diagnosis (ch) -Select-

Survival Kit (ch) -Select-

Alert? (ch) -Select-

Police Zone (ch)

County Zone -Select-

City of Current Contact -Select-

Zip Code of Current Contact -Select-

Type of Location -Select-

Location address & description of current contact

Previous Shelter (ch) -Select-

Previous Shelter - 2 (ch) -Select-

Previous Shelter - 3 (ch) -Select-

Placement -Select-

Chac PTR -Select-

Whac PTR -Select-

Shac PTR -Select-

Non-confidential notes

Date of Initial Contact*

Bus Passes Issued

Number of Contacts Made With This Client

Outreach

Date of Contact	Start Date*	Staying on Street, ES, or SH	End Date
Add			

Date of Engagement

Housing Move-In Date

Contact Information

Client's Phone Number

Client's Email Address

Emergency Contacts

Contact's Name	Phone Number	Second Phone Number	Contact's Email Address	Share Client Info With Contact?	Relationship to Client
Add					

VI-SPOAT v2.0

Start Date*	PRE-SURVEY	A. HISTORY OF HOUSING AND HOMELESSNESS	B. RISKS	C. SOCIALIZATION & DAILY FUNCTIONS	D. WELLNESS	GRAND TOTAL
Add						

Print Assessment

Save Cancel

Appendix E: Rapid Re-Housing Barrier Assessment

Head of Household Name: _____ [Client ID No.]: _____		Score
Homelessness	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> First time homeless <input type="checkbox"/> Homeless once before <input type="checkbox"/> Homeless several times in past <input type="checkbox"/> Experienced chronic homelessness <input type="checkbox"/> Is fleeing, or attempting to flee, domestic violence 	
Financial/Employment History	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <input type="checkbox"/> Good employment history; no significant barriers except financial; insufficient emergency reserve. Credit history is good, except for a few late utility and credit card payments <input type="checkbox"/> History of inconsistent or erratic employment, poor budgeting skills. Credit history shows pattern of late or missed payments <input type="checkbox"/> Periods of unemployment, no emergency reserves, lacks or has poor budgeting skills. Credit history includes late payments and possible court judgments for debt, closed bank and/or credit accounts <input type="checkbox"/> Multiple, extended periods of unemployment or inability to be employed due to disability. Credit history is poor, late payments, may include judgment for debt to a landlord, closed accounts 	

<p>Disability Status</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❑ No mental illness, alcohol/substance use dependency, physical or cognitive condition that affects housing retention ❑ No serious mental illness, alcohol/substance use dependency, physical or cognitive condition that affects housing retention. Has some level of impairment that warrants some service ❑ Problems with mental health or alcohol/substance use dependency, physical or cognitive condition that somewhat impacts ability to comply with tenancy requirements ❑ Active and serious mental illness, alcohol/substance use dependency, physical or cognitive condition that impacts ability to access housing and/or comply with tenancy requirements 	
<p>Criminal History</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❑ Household/Individual has no criminal history ❑ No serious criminal history, but may have a few minor offenses such as moving violations or a misdemeanor ❑ Household has some criminal history, but none involving drugs or serious crimes against persons or property ❑ Criminal history, violations include alcohol/drug offense or crime against persons or property ❑ Extensive criminal background 	
<p>Tenant/Rental History</p>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> ❑ An established local rental history. No evictions ❑ Rental history is limited or out-of-state. May have one or two explainable evictions ❑ Rental history includes up to three evictions ❑ Rental history includes up to five evictions and/or lease violations ❑ Extremely poor rental history, multiple evictions, serious damage to apartment, complaints 	

Family Abuse	<input type="checkbox"/> No abuse issues <input type="checkbox"/> History of battery but abuser is not in the area <input type="checkbox"/> Recent abuse in the family unit <input type="checkbox"/> Current abuse in the family unit	
Family Dynamics	<input type="checkbox"/> One Parent/Child household <input type="checkbox"/> Large family (4+ members) <input type="checkbox"/> Head of household under 18 <input type="checkbox"/> History DCF/ChildNet <input type="checkbox"/> Open Child Protection Case (DCF/ChildNet)	
Misc. Housing Barriers	<input type="checkbox"/> No High School Diploma <input type="checkbox"/> Non-English Speaking <input type="checkbox"/> Immigration Status <input type="checkbox"/> Pets	
TOTAL SCORE		

Score Up to 5 = Level 1 Assistance (Light Touch)

The RRH Assessment indicates that the Applicant requires minimal assistance to obtain and retain housing. The applicant will be referred to the County for one of the following RRH programs based on the final assessment score: RRH Light or RRH Heavy.

Scores 6-10 = Level 2 Assistance (Light Touch)

RRH assistance is appropriate. The Applicant's score will assist in housing stability planning under the RRH Program. The household will need routine assistance to obtain and retain housing.

Scores 11-15 = Level 3 Assistance (Heavy Touch)

RRH assistance is appropriate. The Applicant's score will assist in housing stability planning under the RRH Program. The household will need intensive and/or longer assistance to obtain and retain housing.

Scores 11-15 = Level 4 Assistance (Heavy Touch)

RRH assistance is appropriate. The Applicant's score will assist in housing stability planning under the RRH Program. The household will need more intensive and/or longer assistance to obtain and retain housing.

Score 21 or Higher = Level 5 – Not appropriate for RRH intervention

The Applicant's housing and support needs are not appropriate for RRH assistance. The Applicant will be referred back to the Homeless Coordinated Entry Assessment Coordinator for referral to Permanent Supportive Housing placement or other appropriate housing placement.



Homeless Definition

CRITERIA FOR DEFINING HOMELESS	Category 1	Literally Homeless	(1) Individual or family who lacks a fixed, regular, and adequate nighttime residence, meaning: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Has a primary nighttime residence that is a public or private place not meant for human habitation; (ii) Is living in a publicly or privately operated shelter designated to provide temporary living arrangements (including congregate shelters, transitional housing, and hotels and motels paid for by charitable organizations or by federal, state and local government programs); <u>or</u> (iii) Is exiting an institution where (s)he has resided for 90 days or less <u>and</u> who resided in an emergency shelter or place not meant for human habitation immediately before entering that institution
	Category 2	Imminent Risk of Homelessness	(2) Individual or family who will imminently lose their primary nighttime residence, provided that: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Residence will be lost within 14 days of the date of application for homeless assistance; (ii) No subsequent residence has been identified; <u>and</u> (iii) The individual or family lacks the resources or support networks needed to obtain other permanent housing
	Category 3	Homeless under other Federal statutes	(3) Unaccompanied youth under 25 years of age, or families with children and youth, who do not otherwise qualify as homeless under this definition, but who: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Are defined as homeless under the other listed federal statutes; (ii) Have not had a lease, ownership interest, or occupancy agreement in permanent housing during the 60 days prior to the homeless assistance application; (iii) Have experienced persistent instability as measured by two moves or more during in the preceding 60 days; <u>and</u> (iv) Can be expected to continue in such status for an extended period of time due to special needs or barriers
	Category 4	Fleeing/ Attempting to Flee DV	(4) Any individual or family who: <ul style="list-style-type: none"> (i) Is fleeing, or is attempting to flee, domestic violence; (ii) Has no other residence; <u>and</u> (iii) Lacks the resources or support networks to obtain other permanent housing

Appendix G: HMIS Release of Information

**BROWARD COUNTY CONTINUUM OF CARE (CoC)
CLIENT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FOR ELECTRONIC DATA COLLECTION
IN HOMELESS MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS (HMIS)**

[AGENCY NAME]

IMPORTANT: Do not enter personally identifying information into Homeless Management Information System (HMIS) for clients who are: 1) in Domestic Violence agencies or; 2) currently fleeing or in danger from a domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault or stalking.

It is up to you whether you want to sign this form. The information you allow us to disclose could later be re-disclosed by the recipient and if that person or organization is not a health plan or health care provider, the information may no longer be protected by Federal privacy regulations. Your decision whether to complete this form will not affect your eligibility for benefits, treatment, payment, or enrollment in other services.

This agency is a partner in the Broward County FL-601 Continuum of Care (CoC) HMIS. Broward CoC HMIS partner agencies work together to provide services to persons and families who are experiencing homelessness. When you request or receive services, we may collect data about you and your household that may be shared with other Broward CoC HMIS partner agencies. Sharing your data allows service providers to see if they have housing services that fit your needs and for the purpose of ensuring effective coordination of services. It does not guarantee that you will receive housing.

Who can have access to your information?

Agencies and/or organizations that participate in the HMIS Database can have access to your data. These agencies and/or organizations may include homeless service funders/providers, housing providers, healthcare providers, and governmental agencies. Additional agencies and/or organizations may join the Broward CoC HMIS at any time and will also have access to your data. The current list of agencies and/or organizations are listed in the attached Exhibit – A.

How will my data be protected?

Your information is protected by the federal HMIS Privacy Standards, is secured by passwords and encryption technology and the HMIS application incorporates industry standard security protocols and is updated regularly to meet these security standards. In addition, each participating organization has signed a Contributing HMIS Organization (CHO) agreement to maintain the security and confidentiality of the information. In some instances, when the participating organization is a health care organization, your information may be protected by the privacy standards of the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA).

How do I benefit by providing the requested information and sharing it with other agencies?

By sharing your information with other agencies, you may be able to avoid being screened again, get services faster, and minimize how many times you have to tell your “story.” You also help agencies document the need for services and funding.

Client Informed Consent/Authorization for Release of Information (ROI)

When you sign this form, it shows that you understand the following:

- We collect personal information about the people we serve in a computer system called ServicePoint (“SP”). SP is used by agencies which provide homeless prevention, shelter and housing related services in

**BROWARD COUNTY CONTINUUM OF CARE (CoC)
CLIENT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FOR ELECTRONIC DATA COLLECTION
IN HOMELESS MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS (HMIS)**

[AGENCY NAME]

Broward County. Agencies using SP comply with all the requirements related to keeping your personal information private and secure.

- We use the personal information to run our programs and help us improve our services. Also, we are required to collect some personal information by organizations that fund our program.
- Your information will help us in getting the appropriate services for you through our program(s) offered by other agencies.
- You agree to share Protected Personal information and general information obtained during your intake and assessment, which may include but is not limited to: name, date of birth, social security number, demographic information such gender and ethnicity/race, veteran status, residence information (history of homelessness and housing), marital status, household relationships, disability status, self-reporting medical history including any medical health and substance abuse issues, assessment date(s), income sources and amounts, non-cash benefits, case notes, services needed and provided, outcomes of services provided, emergency contact information, and your photo.
- This consent form expires in three (3) years from the date of signature.
- You have the right to revoke this consent at any time by writing to this agency. However, the revocation will not be retroactive to any information that has already been released.
- You have a right to review the information that we have about you. If you find mistakes, you can ask us to correct them.
- You have the right to file a complaint if you feel that your privacy rights have been violated.
- This consent is voluntary. You will not be denied services if you refuse to sign this consent form.

If you would like a copy of our privacy policy, our agency staff will provide one.

Please sign below to show that you have read and understand the rules above.

SIGNATURE OF CLIENT OR GUARDIAN

DATE

PRINT NAME

DATE

SIGNATURE OF AGENCY WITNESS

DATE

PRINT NAME

DATE

**BROWARD COUNTY CONTINUUM OF CARE (CoC)
CLIENT ACKNOWLEDGEMENT FOR ELECTRONIC DATA COLLECTION
IN HOMELESS MANAGEMENT INFORMATION SYSTEMS (HMIS)**

[AGENCY NAME]

**Exhibit - A
Participating Agencies and/or Organizations**

- Archways, Inc.
- Broward Behavioral Health Coalition
- Broward County Department of Human Services
- Broward County Elderly and Veterans Division
- Broward County Family Success Division
- Broward County Housing Authority
- Broward County Community Development Corporation, Inc. d/b/a Broward Housing Solutions
- Broward House, Inc.
- Broward Partnership for the Homeless, Inc.
- Broward Regional Health Planning Council, Inc.
- Broward Sheriff's Office, Department of Community Services
- Care Resources
- ChildNet
- Chrysalis Health, Inc.
- City of Fort Lauderdale
- Cooperative Feeding Program, Inc. d/b/a LifeNet 4 Families
- Covenant House Florida, Inc.
- First Call for Help of Broward, Inc.
- FLITE Center
- Henderson Behavioral Health, Inc.
- Hope South Florida, Inc.
- Keystone Halls, Inc.
- Lutheran Services Florida, Inc.
- Miami Rescue Mission, Inc. d/b/a Broward Outreach Center
- North Broward Hospital District d/b/a Broward Health
- Purpose Built Families Foundation, Inc. d/b/a Operations Sacred Trust
- South Broward Hospital District d/b/a Memorial Healthcare Systems
- TaskForce Fore Ending Homelessness, Inc.
- The Salvation Army
- United Way of Broward County, Inc.
- U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs
- Volunteers of America, Inc.

Client initials: _____ Date: _____

Appendix H: CPD 14-012 Federal Notice on Prioritization



U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development
Office of Community Planning and Development

Special Attention of: All Secretary's Representatives All Regional Directors for CPD All CPD Division Directors Continuums of Care (CoC) Recipients of the Continuum of Care (CoC) Program	Notice: CPD-14-012 Issued: July 28, 2014 Expires: This Notice is effective until it is amended, superseded, or rescinded Cross Reference: 24 CFR Parts 578 and 42 U.S.C. 11381, <i>et seq.</i>
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Subject: Notice on Prioritizing Persons Experiencing Chronic Homelessness and Other Vulnerable Homeless Persons in Permanent Supportive Housing and Recordkeeping Requirements for Documenting Chronic Homeless Status

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I. Purpose

This Notice provides guidance to Continuums of Care (CoC) and recipients of Continuum of Care (CoC) Program (24 CFR part 578) funding for permanent supportive housing (PSH) regarding the order in which eligible households should be served in all CoC Program-funded PSH. This Notice also establishes recordkeeping requirements for all recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH that includes beds that are required to serve persons experiencing chronic homelessness as defined in 24 CFR 578.3, in accordance with 24 CFR 578.103.

A. Background

In June 2010, the Obama Administration released *Opening Doors: Federal Strategic Plan to Prevent and End Homelessness (Opening Doors)*, in which HUD and its federal partners set goals to end Veteran and chronic homelessness by 2015, and end family and youth homelessness by 2020. Ending chronic homelessness is the first goal of *Opening Doors* and is a top priority for HUD. Although progress has been made there is still a long way to go. In 2013, there were still 109,132 people identified as chronically homeless in the United States. In order to meet the first goal of *Opening Doors*—ending chronic homelessness—it is critical that CoCs ensure that limited resources awarded through the CoC Program Competition are being used in the most effective manner and that households that are most in need of assistance are being prioritized.

Since 2005, HUD has encouraged CoCs to create new PSH dedicated for use by persons experiencing chronic homelessness (herein referred to as dedicated PSH). As a result, the number of dedicated PSH beds for persons experiencing chronic homelessness has increased from 24,760 in 2007 to 51,142 in 2013. This increase has contributed to a 25 percent decrease in the number of chronically homeless persons reported in the Point-in-Time Count between 2007 and 2013. Despite the overall increase in the number of dedicated PSH beds, this only represents 30 percent of all CoC Program-funded PSH beds.

To ensure that all PSH beds funded through the CoC Program are used as strategically and effectively as possible, PSH needs to be targeted to serve persons with the highest needs and greatest barriers towards obtaining and maintaining housing on their own—persons experiencing chronic homelessness. HUD’s experience has shown that many communities and recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH continue to serve persons on a “first-come, first-serve” basis and/or based on tenant selection processes that screen-in those who are most likely to succeed. These approaches to tenant selection have not been effective in reducing chronic homelessness, despite the increase in the number of PSH beds nationally.

B. Goal of this Notice

The overarching goal of this Notice is to ensure that the homeless individuals and families with the most severe service needs within a community are prioritized in PSH, which will also increase progress towards the Obama Administration’s goal of ending chronic homelessness. In order to guide CoCs in ensuring that all CoC Program-funded PSH beds are used most effectively, this Notice establishes an order of priority which CoCs are strongly encouraged to adopt and incorporate into the CoC’s written standards and

coordinated assessment system. With adoption by CoCs and incorporation into the CoC's written standards, all recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH must then follow this order of priority, consistent with their current grant agreement, which will result in this intervention being targeted to the persons who need it the most. Such adoption and incorporation will ensure that persons are housed appropriately and in the order provided in this Notice.

HUD seeks to achieve three goals through this Notice:

1. Establish an order of priority for dedicated and prioritized PSH beds which CoCs are encouraged to adopt in order to ensure that those persons with the most severe service needs are given first priority.
2. Inform the selection process for PSH assistance not dedicated or prioritized for chronic homelessness to prioritize persons who do not yet meet the definition of chronic homelessness but are most at risk of becoming chronically homeless.
3. Provide uniform recordkeeping requirements for all recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH for documenting chronically homeless status of program participants when required to do so as well as provide guidance on recommended documentation standards that CoCs may require of its recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH if the priorities included in the Notice are adopted by the CoC.

C. Applicability

The guidance in this Notice is provided to all CoCs and all recipients and subrecipients—the latter two groups referred to collectively as recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH. CoCs are encouraged to incorporate the order of priority described in this Notice into their written standards, in accordance with the CoC Program interim rule at 24 CFR 578.7(a)(9) and 24 CFR 578.93, for CoC Program-funded PSH. Upon incorporation of the order of priority into written standards CoCs may then require recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH to follow the order of priority in accordance with the CoC's revised written standards and this Notice and in a manner consistent with their current grant agreement.

D. Key Terms

1. **Housing First.** Housing First is an approach in which housing is offered to people experiencing homelessness without preconditions (such as sobriety, mental health treatment, or a minimum income threshold) or service participation requirements and in which rapid placement and stabilization in permanent housing are primary goals. PSH projects that use a Housing First approach promote the acceptance of applicants regardless of their sobriety or use of substances, completion of treatment, or participation in services. HUD encourages all recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH to follow a Housing First approach to the maximum extent practicable. Any recipient that indicated that they would follow a Housing First approach in the FY 2013 CoC Project Application must do so for both the FY 2013 and FY 2014 operating year(s), as the CoC score for the FY 2013–FY 2014 CoC Program Competition was affected by the extent in which project applications indicated that they would follow this approach and this requirement will be incorporated into the recipient's FY 2013 and FY 2014 grant agreement.

HUD recognizes that this approach may not be applicable for all program designs, particularly for those projects formerly awarded under the SHP or SPC programs which were permitted to target persons with specific disabilities (e.g., “sober housing”).

2. **Chronically Homeless.** The definition of “chronically homeless” currently in effect for the CoC Program is that which is defined in the CoC Program interim rule at 24 CFR 578.3, which states that a chronically homeless person is:
 - (a) An individual who:
 - i. Is homeless and lives in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or in an emergency shelter; and
 - ii. Has been homeless and living or residing in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or in an emergency shelter continuously for at least one year or on at least four separate occasions in the last 3 years; and
 - iii. Can be diagnosed with one or more of the following conditions: substance use disorder, serious mental illness, developmental disability (as defined in section 102 of the Developmental Disabilities Assistance Bill of Rights Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 15002)), post-traumatic stress disorder, cognitive impairments resulting from brain injury, or chronic physical illness or disability;
 - (b) An individual who has been residing in an institutional care facility, including a jail, substance abuse or mental health treatment facility, hospital, or other similar facility, for fewer than 90 days and met all of the criteria in paragraph (1) of this definition [as described in Section I.D.2.(a) of this Notice], before entering that facility; or
 - (c) A family with an adult head of household (or if there is no adult in the family, a minor head of household) who meets all of the criteria in paragraph (1) of this definition [as described in Section I.D.2.(a) of this Notice, including a family whose composition has fluctuated while the head of household has been homeless.
3. **Severity of Service Needs.** This Notice refers to persons who have been identified as having the most severe service needs.
 - (a) For the purposes of this Notice, this means an individual for whom at least one of the following is true:
 - i. History of high utilization of crisis services, which include but are not limited to, emergency rooms, jails, and psychiatric facilities; or
 - ii. Significant health or behavioral health challenges or functional impairments which require a significant level of support in order to maintain permanent housing.

Severe service needs as defined in paragraphs i. and ii. above should be identified and verified through data-driven methods such as an administrative data match or through the use of a standardized assessment tool that can identify the severity of needs such as the Vulnerability Index (VI), the Service Prioritization Decision Assistance Tool (SPDAT), or the Frequent Users Service Enhancement (FUSE). The determination must not be based on a specific diagnosis or disability type, but only on the severity of needs of the individual.

- (b) In states where there is an alternate criteria used by state Medicaid departments to identify high-need, high cost beneficiaries, CoCs and recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH may use similar criteria to determine if a household has severe service needs instead of the criteria defined paragraphs i. and ii. above. However, such determination must not be based on a specific diagnosis or disability type.

II. Dedication and Prioritization of Permanent Supportive Housing Strategies to Increase Number of PSH Beds Available for Chronically Homeless Persons

There are two significant ways in which CoCs can increase progress towards ending chronic homelessness in their communities using only their existing CoC Program-funded PSH:

A. Increase the number of CoC Program-funded PSH beds that are dedicated to persons experiencing chronic homelessness.

Dedicated PSH beds are required through the project's grant agreement to only be used to house persons experiencing chronic homelessness unless there are no persons within the CoC that meet that criteria. If this occurs, the recipient may then follow the order of priority in this Notice if it is adopted by the CoC. The bed will continue to be a dedicated bed, however, so when that bed becomes vacant again it must be used to house a chronically homeless person unless there are still no persons who meet that criterion within the CoC's geographic area. These PSH beds are reported as "CH Beds" on a CoC's Housing Inventory Count (HIC). A CoC may increase the number of CoC Program-funded PSH beds that are dedicated to persons experiencing chronic homelessness when it's recipients of non-dedicated CoC Program-funded PSH request a grant amendment to dedicate one or more of its beds for this purpose. A recipient of CoC Program-funded PSH is prohibited from changing the designation of the bed from dedicated to non-dedicated without a grant agreement amendment. Similarly, if a recipient of non-dedicated PSH intends to dedicate one or more of its beds to the chronically homeless it may do so through a grant agreement amendment.

B. Prioritize non-dedicated PSH beds for use by persons experiencing chronic homelessness.

Prioritization means implementing an admissions preference for chronically homeless persons for CoC Program-funded PSH beds. In the FY 2013-FY 2014 CoC Program Competition, CoCs were scored on the extent to which they were willing to commit to prioritizing chronically homeless persons in a percentage of their non-dedicated PSH beds with the highest points going to CoCs that committed to prioritize the chronically homeless

in 85 percent or more of their non-dedicated CoC Program-funded PSH. Further, project applicants for CoC Program-funded PSH had to indicate the number of non-dedicated beds that would be prioritized for use by persons experiencing chronic homelessness. These projects are now required to prioritize chronically homeless persons in their non-dedicated CoC Program-funded PSH beds for FY 2013 and FY 2014, as the project application is incorporated into the grant agreement. PSH beds that were included in the calculation for the CoCs commitment in the CoC Application cannot revise their FY 2014 application to reduce the number of prioritized beds; however, recipients of PSH that are currently not dedicated to the chronically homeless may choose to prioritize additional beds in the FY 2014 CoC Project Application. All recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH are encouraged to prioritize the chronically homeless as beds become vacant to the maximum extent practicable. CoCs will be expected to meet or exceed the goals established in the FY 2013/FY 2014 CoC Application and should continue to prioritize persons experiencing chronic homelessness in their CoC Program-funded PSH until there are no persons within the CoC's geographic area who meet that criteria. Further, to the extent that CoCs incorporate this order of priority into the CoCs written standards, recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH will also be required to follow this criterion included in those standards.

III. Order of Priority in CoC Program-funded Permanent Supportive Housing

A. Order of Priority in CoC Program-funded Permanent Supportive Housing Beds Dedicated to Persons Experiencing Chronic Homelessness and Permanent Supportive Housing Prioritized for Occupancy by Persons Experiencing Chronic Homelessness

1. As of the date of this Notice, CoCs are encouraged to revise their written standards to include the following order of priority for CoC Program-funded PSH that is either dedicated or prioritized for use by the chronically homeless. If adopted into the CoCs written standards, recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH would then be required to follow the order of priority when selecting participants for housing in accordance with the CoC's revised written standards in accordance with this Notice and in a manner consistent with their current grant agreement. For CoC Program-funded PSH that is dedicated or prioritized for persons experiencing chronic homelessness, the following order of priority is strongly encouraged:
 - (a) **First Priority—Chronically Homeless Individuals and Families with the Longest History of Homelessness and with the Most Severe Service Needs.** A chronically homeless individual or head of household as defined in 24 CFR 578.3 for whom both of the following are true:
 - i. The chronically homeless individual or head of household of a family has been homeless and living in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or in an emergency shelter for at least 12 months either continuously or on at least four separate occasions in the last 3 years, where the cumulative total length of the four occasions equals at least 12 months; and

- ii. The CoC or CoC Program recipient has identified the chronically homeless individual or head of household, who meets all of the criteria in paragraph (1) of the definition for chronically homeless, of the family as having severe service needs (see Section I.D.3. of this Notice for definition of severe service needs).
- (b) **Second Priority–Chronically Homeless Individuals and Families with the Longest History of Homelessness.** A chronically homeless individual or head of household, as defined in 24 CFR 578.3, for which both of the following are true:
 - i. The chronically homeless individual or head of household of a family has been homeless and living in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or in an emergency shelter for at least 12 months either continuously or on at least four separate occasions in the last 3 years, where the cumulative total length of the four occasions equals at least 12 months; and,
 - ii. The CoC or CoC program recipient has not identified the chronically homeless individual or the head of household, who meets all of the criteria in paragraph (1) of the definition for chronically homeless, of the family as having severe service needs.
- (c) **Third Priority–Chronically Homeless Individuals and Families with the Most Severe Service Needs.** A chronically homeless individual or head of household as defined in 24 CFR 578.3 for whom both of the following are true:
 - i. The chronically homeless individual or head of household of a family has been homeless and living or residing in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or in an emergency shelter on at least four separate occasions in the last 3 years, where the total length of those separate occasions equals less than one year; and
 - ii. The CoC or CoC program recipient has identified the chronically homeless individual or the head of household, who meets all of the criteria in paragraph (1) of the definition for chronically homeless, of the family as having severe service needs.
- (d) **Fourth Priority–All Other Chronically Homeless Individuals and Families.** A chronically homeless individual or head of household as defined in 24 CFR 578.3 for whom both of the following are true:
 - i. The chronically homeless individual or head of household of a family has been homeless and living in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or in an emergency shelter for on at least four separate occasions in the last 3 years, where the cumulative total length the four

occasions is **less than**
12 months; and

- ii. The CoC or CoC program recipient has **not** identified the chronically homeless individual or the head of household, who meets all of the criteria in paragraph (1) of the definition for chronically homeless, of the family as having severe service needs.
2. Where a CoC or a recipient of CoC Program-funded PSH beds that are dedicated or prioritized is not able to identify chronically homeless individuals and families as defined in 24 CFR 578.3 within the CoC, the order of priority in Section III.B. of this Notice, as adopted by the CoC, may be followed.
 3. Recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH should follow the order of priority above while also considering the goals and any identified target populations served by the project. For example, a CoC Program-funded PSH project that is permitted to target homeless persons with a serious mental illness that has been identified as a project that will prioritize a portion or all of its turnover beds to persons experiencing chronic homelessness should follow the order of priority under Section III.A.1. of this Notice to the extent in which persons with serious mental illness meet the criteria.
 4. Recipients must exercise due diligence when conducting outreach and assessment to ensure that persons are served in the order of priority in this Notice. HUD recognizes that some persons—particularly those living on the streets or in places not meant for human habitation—might require significant engagement and contacts prior to their entering housing and recipients are not required to keep units remain vacant where there are persons who meet a higher priority within the CoC and who have not yet accepted the PSH opportunities offered to them. Street outreach providers should continue to make attempts to engage those persons and the CoC and CoC Program-funded PSH providers are encouraged to follow a Housing First approach to the maximum extent practicable and for those projects that indicated in the FY 2013 CoC Project Application that they would follow a Housing First approach will be required to do so for both the FY 2013 and FY 2014 operating year(s), as the CoC score for the FY 2013 – FY 2014 CoC Program Competition was affected by the extent in which project applications indicated that they would follow this approach and this requirement will be incorporated into the recipient’s FY 2013 and FY 2014 grant agreement. For eligibility in dedicated or prioritized PSH serving chronically homeless households, the individual or head of household must meet all of the applicable criteria to be considered chronically homeless per 24 CFR 578.3.

B. Order of Priority in Permanent Supportive Housing Beds Not Dedicated or Prioritized for Persons Experiencing Chronic Homelessness

1. As of the date of this Notice, CoCs are encouraged to revise their written standards to include the following priorities for non-dedicated and non-prioritized PSH beds. If adopted into the CoCs written standards, recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH would then be required to follow the order of priority when selecting participants for housing in accordance with the CoC’s revised written standards included in this Notice and in a

manner consistent with their current grant agreement. CoCs that adopt this order of priority are encouraged to include in the written standards a policy that would allow for recipients of non-dedicated and non-prioritized PSH to offer housing to chronically homeless individuals and families first, but minimally would be required to place otherwise eligible households in an order that prioritizes, in a nondiscriminatory manner, those who would benefit the most from this type of housing, beginning with those most at risk of becoming chronically homeless. For eligibility in non-dedicated and non-prioritized PSH serving non-chronically homeless households, any household member with a disability may qualify the family for PSH.

(a) First Priority–Homeless Individuals and Families with a Disability with the Most Severe Service Needs.

An individual or family that is eligible for CoC Program-funded PSH who has been living or residing in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or in an emergency shelter for any period of time, including persons exiting an institution where they have resided for 90 days or less but were living or residing in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or in an emergency shelter immediately prior to entering the institution and has been identified as having the most severe service needs.

(b) Second Priority–Homeless Individuals and Families with a Disability with a Long Period of Continuous or Episodic Homelessness. An individual or family that is eligible for CoC Program-funded PSH who has been living or residing in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or in an emergency shelter continuously for at least 6 months or on at least three separate occasions in the last 3 years where the cumulative total is at least 6 months. This includes persons exiting an institution where they have resided for 90 days or less but were living or residing in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or in an emergency shelter immediately prior to entering the institution and had been living or residing in one of those locations for at least 6 months or on at least three separate occasions in the last 3 years where the cumulative total is at least 6 months.

(c) Third Priority–Homeless Individuals and Families with Disability Coming from Places Not Meant for Human Habitation, Safe Havens, or Emergency Shelters. An individual or family that is eligible for CoC Program-funded PSH who has been living in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or an emergency shelter. This includes persons exiting an institution where they have resided for 90 days or less but were living or residing in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or in an emergency shelter immediately prior to entering the institution.

(d) Fourth Priority–Homeless Individuals and Families with a Disability Coming from Transitional Housing. An individual or family that is eligible for CoC Program-funded PSH who is coming from transitional housing, where prior to residing in the transitional housing lived on streets or in an emergency shelter, or

safe haven. This priority also includes homeless individuals and homeless households with children with a qualifying disability who were fleeing or attempting to flee domestic violence, dating violence, sexual assault, or stalking and are living in transitional housing—all are eligible for PSH even if they did not live on the streets, emergency shelters, or safe havens prior to entry in the transitional housing.

2. Recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH should follow the order of priority above, as adopted by the CoC, while also considering the goals and any identified target populations served by the project. For example, in CoC Program-funded PSH where the beds are not dedicated or prioritized and which is permitted to target homeless persons with a serious mental illness should follow the order of priority under Section III.B.1. of this Notice, as adopted by the CoC, to the extent in which persons with serious mental illness meet the criteria.
3. Due diligence should be exercised when conducting outreach and assessment to ensure that persons are served in the order of priority in this Notice, and as adopted by the CoC. HUD recognizes that some persons—particularly those living on the streets or in places not meant for human habitation—might require significant engagement and contacts prior to their entering housing and recipients are not required to keep units vacant where there are persons who meet a higher priority within the CoC and who have not yet accepted the PSH opportunities offered to them. Street outreach providers should continue to make attempts with those persons using a Housing First approach to place as few conditions on a person's housing as possible.

IV. Using a Coordinated Assessment and a Standardized Assessment Tool or Process to Determine Eligibility and Establish a Prioritized Waiting List

A. Coordinated Assessment Requirement

Provisions at 24 CFR 578.7(a)(8) requires that each CoC, in consultation with recipients of Emergency Solutions Grants (ESG) program funds within the CoC's geographic area, establish and operate either a centralized or coordinated assessment system that provides an initial, comprehensive assessment of the needs of individuals and families for housing and services. CoCs that adopt the order of priority in Section III of this Notice into the CoC's written standards are strongly encouraged to use their coordinated assessment system in order to ensure that there is a single prioritized waiting list for all CoC Program-funded PSH within the CoC. Under no circumstances shall the order of priority be based upon diagnosis or disability type, but instead on the severity of needs of an individual or family.

B. Written Standards for Creation of a Single Prioritized Waiting List for PSH

CoCs are also encouraged to include in their policies and procedures governing their coordinated assessment system, a requirement that all CoC Program-funded PSH accept referrals only through a single prioritized waiting list that is created through the CoCs coordinated assessment process. Adopting this into the CoC's policies and procedures for coordinated assessment would further ensure that CoC Program-funded PSH is being used most effectively, which is one of the goals in this Notice. This would also allow for

recipients of CoC Program funds for PSH to maintain their own waiting lists, but all households would be referred olds to each of those project-level waiting lists based on where they fall on the prioritized list and not on the date in which they first applied for housing assistance.

C. Standardized Assessment Tool Requirement

CoCs must utilize a standardized assessment tool, in accordance with 24 CFR 578.3, or process. Appendix A of this Notice—*Coordinated Assessment Tool and Implementation: Key Considerations*—provides recommended criteria for a quality coordinated assessment process and standardized assessment tool.

D. Nondiscrimination Requirements

CoCs and recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH must continue to comply with the nondiscrimination provisions of Federal civil rights laws, including, but not limited to, the Fair Housing Act, Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act, and Titles II or III of the Americans with Disabilities Act, as applicable.

V. Recordkeeping Requirements

This Notice establishes recordkeeping requirements for all recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH that are required to document a program participant's status as chronically homeless as defined in 24 CFR 578.3 and in accordance with 24 CFR 578.103. Further, HUD expects that where CoCs have adopted the orders of priority in Section III. of this Notice into their written standards, the CoC as well as recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH, will maintain evidence of implementing these priorities.

A. CoC Records

In addition to the records required in 24 CFR 578.103, it is recommended that the CoC should supplement such records with the following:

1. **Evidence of written standards that incorporate the priorities in Section III. of this Notice, as adopted by the CoC.** A CoC adopting the priorities in Section III of this Notice, may be evidenced by written CoC, or subcommittee, meeting minutes where written standards were adopted that incorporate the prioritization standards in this Notice, or an updated, approved, governance charter where the written standards have been updated to incorporate the prioritization standards set forth in this Notice.
2. **Evidence of a standardized assessment tool.** Use of a standardized assessment tool may be evidenced by written policies and procedures referencing a single standardized assessment tool that is used by all CoC Program-funded PSH recipients within the CoC's geographic area.
3. **Evidence that the written standards were incorporated into the coordinated assessment policies and procedures.** Incorporating standards into the coordinated assessment policies and procedures may be evidenced by updated policies and

procedures—that incorporate the updated written standards for CoC Program-funded PSH developed and approved by the CoC.

B. Recipient Recordkeeping Requirements

In addition to the records required in 24 CFR 578.103, recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH that is required by grant agreement to document chronically homeless status of program participants in some or all of its PSH beds must maintain the following records:

1. **Written Intake Procedures.** Recipients must maintain and follow written intake procedures to ensure compliance with the definition of chronically homeless per 24 CFR 578.3. These procedures must establish the order of priority for obtaining evidence as: (1) third-party documentation, (2) intake worker observations, and (3) certification from the person seeking assistance. Records contained in an HMIS or comparable database used by victim service or legal service providers are acceptable evidence of third-party documentation and intake worker observations if the HMIS retains an auditable history of all entries, including the person who entered the data, the date of entry, and the change made; and if the HMIS prevents overrides or changes of the dates entries are made.
2. **Evidence of Chronically Homeless Status.** Recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH whose current grant agreement includes beds that are dedicated or prioritized to the chronically homeless must maintain records evidencing that the individuals or families receiving the assistance in those beds meets the definition for chronically homeless at 24 CFR 578.3. Such records must include evidence of the homeless status of the individual or family (paragraphs (1)(i) and (1)(ii) of the definition), the duration of homelessness (paragraph (1)(ii) of the definition), and the disabling condition (paragraph (1)(iii) of the definition). When applicable, recipients must also keep records demonstrating compliance with paragraphs (2) and (3) of the definition.
 - (a) **Evidence of homeless status.** Evidence of an individual or head of household's current living situation may be documented by a written observation by an outreach worker, a written referral by housing or service provider, or a certification by the household seeking assistance that demonstrates that the individual or head of household is currently homeless and living in a place not meant for human habitation, in an emergency shelter, or a safe haven. For paragraph (2) of the definition for chronically homeless at 24 CFR 578.3, for individuals currently residing in an institution, acceptable evidence includes:
 - i. Discharge paperwork or a written or oral referral from a social worker, case manager, or other appropriate official of the institution, stating the beginning and end dates of the time residing in the institution that demonstrate the person resided there for less than 90 days. All oral statements must be recorded by the intake worker; or
 - ii. Where the evidence above is not obtainable, a written record of the intake worker's due diligence in attempting to obtain the evidence described in the paragraph i. above and a certification by the individual seeking

assistance that states that they are exiting or have just exited an institution where they resided for less than 90 days; and

- iii. Evidence that the individual was homeless and living in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or in an emergency shelter, and met the criteria in paragraph (1) of the definition for chronically homeless in 24 CFR 578.3, immediately prior to entry into the institutional care facility.
- (b) **Evidence of the duration of the homelessness.** Recipients documenting chronically homeless status must also maintain the evidence described in paragraph i. or in paragraph ii. below, and the evidence described in paragraph iii. below:
- i. **Evidence that the homeless occasion was continuous, for at least one year.**

Using any combination of allowable documentation described in Section V.B.2.(a) of this Notice, recipients must provide evidence that the homeless occasion was continuous, for a year period, without a break in living or residing in a place not meant for human habitation, a safe haven, or in an emergency shelter. For the purposes of this Notice, a break is considered at least seven or more consecutive nights not residing in a place not meant for human habitation, in shelter, or in a safe haven.

At least 9 months of the 1-year period must be documented by one of the following: (1) HMIS data, (2), a written referral, or (3) a written observation by an outreach worker. In only rare and the most extreme cases, HUD would allow a certification from the individual or head of household seeking assistance in place of third-party documentation for up to the entire period of homelessness. Where third-party evidence could not be obtained, the intake worker must obtain a certification from the individual or head of household seeking assistance, and evidence of the efforts made to obtain third-party evidence as well as documentation of the severity of the situation in which the individual or head of household has been living. An example of where this might occur is where an individual has been homeless and living in a place not meant for human habitation in a secluded area for more than 1 year and has not had any contact with anyone during that entire period.

Note: A single encounter with a homeless service provider on a single day within 1 month that is documented through third-party documentation is sufficient to consider an individual or family as homeless for the entire month unless there is any evidence that the household has had a break in homeless status during that month (e.g., evidence in HMIS of a stay in transitional housing).

ii. Evidence that the household experienced at least four separate homeless occasions over 3 years.

Using any combination of allowable documentation described in Section V.B.2.(a) of this Notice, the recipient must provide evidence that the head of household experienced at least four, separate, occasions of homelessness in the past 3 years.

Generally, at least three occasions must be documented by either: (1) HMIS data, (2) a written referral, or (3) a written observation. Any other occasion may be documented by a self-certification with no other supporting documentation.

In only rare and the most extreme cases, HUD will permit a certification from the individual or head of household seeking assistance in place of third-party documentation for the three occasions that must be documented by either: (1) HMIS data, (2) a written referral, or (3) a written observation. Where third-party evidence could not be obtained, the intake worker must obtain a certification from the individual or head of household seeking assistance, and must document efforts made to obtain third-party evidence, and document of the severity of the situation in which the individual has been living. An example of where this might occur is where an individual has been homeless and living in a place not meant for human habitation in a secluded area for more than one occasion of homelessness and has not had any contact with anyone during that period.

iii. Evidence of diagnosis with one or more of the following conditions: substance use disorder, serious mental illness, developmental disability (as defined in Section 102 of the Developmental Disabilities Assistance Bill of Rights Act of 2000 (42 U.S.C. 15002), post-traumatic stress disorder, cognitive impairments resulting from brain injury, or chronic physical illness or disability. Evidence of this criterion must include one of the following:

- (1) Written verification of the condition from a professional licensed by the state to diagnose and treat the condition;
- (2) Written verification from the Social Security Administration;
- (3) Copies of a disability check (e.g., Social Security Disability Insurance check or Veterans Disability Compensation);
- (4) Intake staff (or referral staff) observation that is confirmed by written verification of the condition from a professional licensed by the state to diagnose and treat the condition that is confirmed no later than 45 days of the application for assistance and accompanied with one of the types of evidence above; or

(5) Other documentation approved by HUD.

C. Recordkeeping Recommendations for CoCs that have Adopted the Order of Priority in this Notice.

Where CoCs have incorporated the order of priority in this Notice into their written standards, recipients of CoC Program-funded PSH may demonstrate that they are following the CoC-established requirement by maintaining the following evidence:

1. **Evidence of Cumulative Length of Occasions.** For recipients providing assistance to households using the selection priority in Sections III.A.1.(a) and (b) of this Notice, the recipient must maintain the evidence of each occasion of homelessness as required in Section V.B.2.(b)(2) of this Notice, which establishes how evidence of each occasion of homelessness, when determining whether an individual or family is chronically homeless, may be documented. However, to properly document the length of time homeless, it is important to document the start and end date of each occasion of homelessness and these occasions must cumulatively total a period of 12-months. In order to properly document the cumulative period of time homeless, at least 9 months of the 12-month period must be documented through third-party documentation unless it is one of the rare and extreme cases described in Section V.B.2.b.ii. of this Notice. For purposes of this selection priority, a single encounter with a homeless service provider on a single day within one month that is documented through third-party documentation is sufficient to consider an individual or family as homeless for the entire month unless there is any evidence that the household has had a break in homeless status during that month (e.g., evidence in HMIS of a stay in transitional housing).
2. **Evidence of Severe Service Needs.** Evidence of severe service needs is that by which the recipient is able to determine the severity of needs as defined in Section I.D.3. of this Notice using data-driven methods such as an administrative data match or through the use of a standardized assessment conducted by a qualified professional.
3. **Evidence that the Recipient is Following the CoC's Written Standards for Prioritizing Assistance.** Recipients must follow the CoC's written standards for prioritizing assistance, as adopted by the CoC. In accordance with the CoC's adoption of written standards for prioritizing assistance, recipients must in turn document that the CoC's revised written standards have been incorporated into the recipient's intake procedures and that the recipient is following its intake procedures when accepting new program participants into the project.

VI. Questions Regarding this Notice

Questions regarding this notice should be submitted to HUD's Ask A Question at: www.onecpd.info/get-assistance/my-question.

Appendix A

Coordinated Assessment Process and Standardized Assessment Tool: Key Considerations

A coordinated assessment process is intended to increase and streamline access to housing and services for households experiencing homelessness, matches appropriate levels of housing and services based on their needs, and prioritizes persons with severe service needs for the most intensive interventions. HUD will be issuing guidance regarding the minimum requirements for establishing and operating a coordinated assessment system, as required by 24 CFR 578.7(a)(8), separately. Meanwhile, this Appendix is intended to help inform CoC efforts to implement an effective coordinated assessment process and qualities of an effective standardized assessment tool. As stated in Section III of this Notice, the use of both a coordinated assessment process and assessment tool(s) are critical to effectively implement the order of priority described in Section III.A. and III.B., if adopted by the CoC and incorporated into the CoCs written standards.

Recommendations for Effective Implementation of a Coordinated Assessment Process

The coordinated assessment process must incorporate and defer to any funding requirements established under the CoC Program interim rule, ESG Program interim rule, or a Notice of Funding Availability under which a project is awarded. In addition, the following are recommended as the minimum criteria for the effective implementation of a coordinated assessment process.

1. **Standardized**—The assessment process should rely upon a standardized method and criteria to determine the appropriate type of intervention for individuals or families. This standardized process could encompass the CoC-wide use of a standardized assessment tool, as well as data driven methods.
2. **Improves data management**—Individual tracking, resource allocation and planning, system monitoring, and reporting to the community and to funders is improved by use of a common, coordinated assessment tool.
3. **Non-directive**—The recommendations of the tool can be overridden by the judgment of qualified professionals, especially in where there are extenuating circumstances that are not assessed by the tool are relevant to choosing appropriate interventions. Discretion must be exercised in a nondiscriminatory manner consistent with fair housing and civil rights laws and should be subject to appropriate review and documentation (see Section V. of this Notice for the recordkeeping requirements), to ensure it is applied judiciously.
4. **Mainstream resources**—Effective coordinated assessment facilitates meaningful coordination between the homeless response system and the intake processes for mainstream systems. Connections should be made to public housing authorities, multifamily housing, health and mental health care, the workforce development system, and with other mainstream income and benefits as appropriate and applicable.
5. **Align Interventions**—The various types of interventions that are available are aligned and used strategically.

6. **Leverage local attributes and capacity**—The physical and political geography, including the capacity of partners in a community, and the opportunities unique to the community's context, should inform local coordinated assessment implementation.
7. **Assess program capacity**—Assess the variety and capacity of programs in the community to identify and fill critical gaps in housing and service resources and to ensure that there is a range of options needed for a coordinated assessment system to work well.
8. **Outreach**—The coordinated assessment system should ensure that connections and ongoing engagement occurs with those not accessing services and housing on their own. Often, these are the highest need and most at-risk people in communities.
9. **Privacy protections**—Protections should be in place to ensure proper use of the information with consent from the client. Assessment should also be conducted in a private location.
10. **Fair Housing and Civil Rights**—Protections should be in place to ensure compliance with all civil rights requirements, including, but not limited to, the Fair Housing Act, Title VI of the Civil Rights Act of 1964, and Section 504 of the Rehabilitation Act of 1973. The assessment tool should not seek disability-related information that is unnecessary for determining the need for housing-related services. The coordinated assessment process should ensure that program participants are informed of rights and remedies available under applicable federal, state, and local fair housing and civil rights laws, in accordance with the requirement at 24 CFR 578.93(c)(3).
11. **Training**—Initial and ongoing training on the use of the assessment tool should be provided to those parties that will be administering the assessment.
12. **Accessible and well-advertised**—The assessment must be well advertised and easily accessed by people seeking services or housing. This can happen in a variety of ways: access to services can be centralized, a one-stop shop approach. Access can be coordinated, leveraging outreach capacity and linking or integrating with mainstream systems. The assessment must be conducted in a manner that is accessible for individuals with disabilities, ensures meaningful program access for persons with Limited English Proficiency, and is affirmatively marketed in order to reach eligible persons who are least likely to seek assistance in the absence of special outreach, in accordance with 24 CFR 578.93(c)(1).
13. **Prioritization**—When resources are scarce, the coordinated assessment process should prioritize who will receive assistance based on their needs. Coordinated assessment should never result in long waiting lists for assistance. Instead, when there are many more people who are assessed to receive an intervention than there are available openings, the process should refer only individuals with the greatest needs.
14. **Inform system change efforts**—Information gathered during the coordinated assessment process should identify what types of programs are most needed in the community and be used by the CoC and other community leaders to allocate resources.

Recommended Qualities of a Good Standardized Assessment Tool

While HUD requires that CoCs use a standardized assessment tool, it does not endorse any specific tool or approach, there are universal qualities that any tool used by a CoC for their coordinated assessment process should include.

1. **Valid**—Tools should be evidence-informed, criteria-driven, tested to ensure that they are appropriately matching people to the right interventions and levels of assistance, responsive to the needs presented by the individual or family being assessed, and should make meaningful recommendations for housing and services.
2. **Reliable**—The tool should produce consistent results, even when different staff members conduct the assessment or the assessment is done in different locations.
3. **Inclusive**—The tool should encompass the full range of housing and services interventions needed to end homelessness, and where possible, facilitate referrals to the existing inventory of housing and services.
4. **Person-centered**—Common assessment tools put people—not programs—at the center of offering the interventions that work best. Assessments should provide options and recommendations that guide and inform client choices, as opposed to rigid decisions about what individuals or families need. High value and weight should be given to clients' goals and preferences.
5. **User-friendly**—The tool should be brief, easily administered by non-clinical staff including outreach workers and volunteers, worded in a way that is easily understood by those being assessed, and minimize the time required to utilize.
6. **Strengths-based**—The tool should assess both barriers and strengths to permanent housing attainment, incorporating a risk and protective factors perspective into understanding the diverse needs of people.
7. **Housing First orientation**—The tool should use a Housing First frame. The tool should not be used to determine "housing readiness" or screen people out for housing assistance, and therefore should not encompass an in-depth clinical assessment. A more in-depth clinical assessment can be administered once the individual or family has obtained housing to determine and offer an appropriate service package.
8. **Sensitive to lived experiences**—Providers should recognize that assessment, both the kinds of questions asked and the context in which the assessment is administered, can cause harm and risk to individuals or families, especially if they require people to relive difficult experiences. The tool's questions should be worded and asked in a manner that is sensitive to the lived and sometimes traumatic experiences of people experiencing homelessness. The tool should minimize risk and harm, and allow individuals or families to refuse to answer questions. Agencies administering the assessment should have and follow protocols to address any psychological impacts caused by the assessment and should administer the assessment in a private space, preferably a room with a door, or, if outside, away from others' earshot. Those administering the tool should be trained to recognize signs of trauma or anxiety.

Additionally, the tool should link people to services that are culturally sensitive and appropriate and are accessible to them in view of their disabilities, e.g., deaf or hard of hearing, blind or low vision, mobility impairments

9. **Transparent**–The relationship between particular assessment questions and the recommended options should be easy to discern. The tool should not be a “black box” such that it is unclear why a question is asked and how it relates to the recommendations or options provided.

Appendix I: Employment Assessment

Homelessness Assessment Survey For Employment – BC

Name of Person Conducting the interview	
Individual's Name	
Address/Shelter or PO Box Number	
Client's Phone Number	
Client's Email Address	
What is the best way to contact you?	
Do you have a caseworker?	YES / NO
If yes, what is their name and where do they work?	
U.S. Military Veteran? (Answered in Profile tab)	
Are you currently working?	YES / NO
Do you want to work?	YES / NO
If yes, what KIND of job are you looking for?	Temporary Permanent Seasonal Full Time Part Time Volunteer Seasonal To Permanent
What TYPE of job are you looking for?	

Tell me a little bit about your qualifications:	
Highest Level of Education Attained	10 th Grade (HUD) 11 th Grade (HUD) 12 th Grade, no diploma (HUD) 5 th or 6 th Grade (HUD) 7 th or 8 th Grade (HUD) 9 th Grade (HUD) Client doesn't know (HUD) Client refused (HUD) College Degree GED (HUD) Graduate Degree High School Diploma (HUD) Less than High School No Schooling Completed (HUD) Nursery school to 4 th grade (HUD) Post-secondary school (HUD) Some College Some High School Some Technical School Technical School Certification
What did you do on some of your previous jobs?	
Do you have any licenses or certifications?	YES / NO
If yes, tell me about them:	
Can you type?	YES / NO
Are you familiar with any computer software like Microsoft Office?	YES / NO

If yes, which ones?	
Do you have a resume?	YES / NO
Are you comfortable filling out an application?	YES / NO
Do you need clothes for a job interview?	YES / NO
Do you have reliable transportation?	YES / NO
What is your mode of transportation?	
How far would you be willing to travel to work?	
Do you have any income now?	YES / NO
If yes, what is the source of income?	SSI Employment Income SSIP Pension SSDI Child Support Veteran Benefits Unemployment Benefits Medicare Food Stamps Social Security GA TANF None Other
Total Household Monthly Income (from all sources)?	
Taking into account all forms of income, what wage would you be willing to accept?	

<p>Do you have any of the following in your belongings (with you):</p>	<p>Social Security Card Driver's License Birth Certificate Permanent Residency Card Military ID Military Discharge Papers (DD214)</p>
<p>Besides housing, what do you need help with to find and keep a job? (Check all that apply)</p>	<p>Childcare Training Transportation Housing Getting along with others Interview Skills Substance Abuse Education Felony Work History Legal Status Language</p>
<p>Do you have any health or other issues that may affect what jobs you can do?</p>	<p>YES / NO</p>
<p>Health Issues, please describe:</p>	
<p>Mental health issues, please describe:</p>	
<p>Other, please describe:</p>	

MEMORANDUM OF UNDERSTANDING – BCHSD TO END HOMELESSNESS

This Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) has been created and entered into on September 1, 2020 by and between the following parties in relation to the Homeless initiative referrals and resources

**The Housing Authority of the City of Fort Lauderdale (HACFL)
500 West Sunrise Boulevard
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33311**

&

**Broward County
Community Partnerships Division, Homeless Initiative Partnership Section (HIP)
115 South Andrews Avenue, A 370
Fort Lauderdale, FL 33301**

I. Purpose

The purpose of this Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) is to coordinate the exchange of services and efforts to improve access to services in support of sustainable housing for non-elderly persons (ages 18-61) who meet the Housing and Urban Development (HUD) criteria of and who are participating in Broward County's Homeless Continuum of Care (CoC) "Move Up" Program. The Move Up Program will assist those individuals and family households who have been residing in Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH), Rapid Re-Housing (RRH) and Transitional Housing (TH) through the CoC's transition to Mainstream Voucher Program (MVP). The MVP provides vouchers for low-income (80% of the median family income) households to help individuals and family households live independently in the community. The criteria are as follows:

- A) Have resided in a PSH, RRH, and TH project successfully and are at risk of being homeless in the absence of rental assistance; or
- B) Non-elderly persons with disabilities who are transitioning out of institutional, or other segregated settings, at serious risk of institutionalization, and currently a client in a PSH, RRH, and TH.

II. Roles of the HACFL and Broward County

HACFL's Role:

1. The HACFL will accept referrals from Broward County's Coordinated Entry and Assessment (CEA) staff for the purpose of transitioning individuals and family households residing in PSH, RRH, and TH to MVP.
2. The HACFL will administer the Mainstream Vouchers for housing non-elderly persons ages 18-61 with disabilities and their households.

3. HACFL will also assist non-elderly persons with disabilities who are transitioning out of institutional, or other segregated settings, at serious risk of institutionalization, in the referral and application processes and in the housing search.

Broward County’s Role:

1. Broward County’s HIP staff will coordinate referrals to HACFL from PSH, RRH, TH projects’ individual and family households’ listings within the CoC.
2. Ensure all referrals are made exclusively through the CoC CE, in accordance with the CoC’s Written Standards of Care Version 2, as directed by *HUD Coordinated Entry Notice published in July of 2018*. The Broward County CEA staff will provide training, if necessary.

III. HACFL and Broward County Staff Positions for MVP Liaison

The positions below will be responsible for the transmission and acceptance of Mainstream Voucher referrals.

Names and Titles of HACFL Staff:

Karen Watson – Intake Coordinator
kwatson@hacfl.com
(954) 556-4100, extension 1128

Choerline Cadet – Outreach Specialist
choerline.cadet@hacfl.com
(954) 556-4100, extension 1113

Names and Titles of Broward County CEA Staff:

Kavaja Sarduy – Human Services Manager
ksarduy@broward.org
(954) 357-5392

Kenisha Bryant – Project Coordinator
kbryant@broward.org
(954) 357-8078 Cell: (954) 243-0922

IV. Policies and Procedures

1. Parties will adhere to the policies and procedures outlined in the document “HACFL Administrative Plan and Mainstream Voucher Program FR-6300-N-43” and the CoC’s Written Standards of Care Version 2; as directed by *HUD Coordinated Entry Notice published in July of 2018*.

V. Responsibilities

Each party to this MOU is solely responsible for the acts and omissions of its employees, grantees, volunteers, and agents. By entering into this MOU, each party acknowledges that

nothing herein is intended to serve as a waiver of sovereign immunity by the parties nor shall anything included herein be construed as consent by the parties to be sued by third parties in any matter arising out of this MOU.

All parties respect the confidentiality of the individual and family households and adhere to communicate and correspond in secure mediums, subject to Chapter 119, Florida Statutes. The parties also agree to commit to provide services as specified in this MOU.

No party may discriminate on the basis of race, color, sex, religion, national origin, disability, age, marital status, political affiliation, sexual orientation, pregnancy, or gender identity and expression in the performance of this MOU.

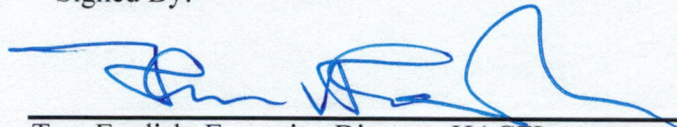
HACFL and Broward County will have a program evaluation plan describing how each will work with partner agencies to monitor the MVP and correct any programmatic issues. As well, HACFL and Broward County will establish a quarterly report, to be shared between partnering agencies and the Homeless CoC Advisory Board, which will provide the following information:

- Number of vouchers issued
- Units leased/families housed
- Utilization rate
- Other reports that may be necessary for reporting requirements

VI. Termination

This MOU can be terminated through written notice at any time with good cause and upon thirty (30) days' written notice to all parties involved. Written notice will be given via first class mail, hand delivery, or commercial overnight delivery, with a contemporaneous copy via email, to the addresses listed in this MOU. This MOU may also be terminated for convenience. Termination for convenience by a party shall be effective on the termination date stated in written notice provided by the party, which termination date will be not less than thirty (30) days after the date of such written notice.

Signed By:



Tam English, Executive Director, HACFL

9-30-2020

Date

Keith Bostick Deputy Director, Human Services Department, Broward County

Date

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Human Services Department
U.S Department of Housing and Urban Development Continuum of Care
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Request for Renewal Letters of Interest



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PUBLIC NOTICE

In response to the U.S Department of Housing and Urban Development (HUD) Annual Homeless Continuum of Care (HCoC) Program Competition, the Broward County Human Services Department is requesting a Letter of Interest for its 2021 HUD HCoC Program Renewal opportunities.

ALL AGENCIES WITH EXISTING HUD PROJECTS (Permanent Supportive Housing, Rapid Re-Housing, Transitional Housing, and Homeless Management Information System) MUST SUBMIT A RENEWAL LETTER OF INTEREST (RLOI) TO RENEW ITS PROJECT FOR THE 2021 HUD AWARD YEAR. Agencies must submit this letter to the County to be considered for inclusion in the County's HUD 2021 application.

ELIGIBLE APPLICANTS: Only Agencies with an existing HUD Homeless Continuum of Care Program under 24 CFR Part 578 are eligible to submit a Renewal Letter of Interest. Renewal Letters for HUD Program Renewal Projects are limited to two pages. Each letter must be printed on the submitting Agency's letterhead stationery and include all the following bulleted points to be eligible to participate in the next stages.

- Applicant agency legal name
- Name of contact person (who will be coordinating project application)
- Contact's telephone number, fax number, and e-mail address
- Identify eligible activities of interest (i.e., permanent supportive housing, transitional housing)
- Brief description must include an explanation of the project, in addition to any other eligible proposed components and information, if applicable.
- If a renewal project wants to request an expansion, this must be part of the RLOI letter. Please provide the requested amount, a description of the expansion, and a justification for why the change is being requested.

Renewal letters not containing all the mandatory criteria mentioned above or e-mails of information not submitted following the above guidelines will not be considered for further funding.



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BROWARD COC SCORING & RANKING PROCEDURES AND REALLOCATION PROCESS

Overview of Reviewing, Scoring, and Ranking of HUD-funded Continuum of Care Projects

The U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development (“HUD”) releases annually a Notice of Funding Opportunities (“NOFO”) for HUD’s Continuum of Care Programs. Broward’s Homeless Continuum of Care (“HCoC”) apply for these funding opportunities to provide housing and support services to individuals and families who are experiencing homelessness in our community.

As the collaborative applicant HUD requires Homeless Initiative Partnership (“HI”) to develop a performance-based Rating and Ranking Tool that uses objective scoring criteria and the Homeless Emergency Assistance and Rapid Transition to Housing (HEARTH) Act System Performance Measures.

This tool aligns with HUD’s annual priorities in the FY 2021 NOFO ([HUD No. 21-124](#)). Projects are scored according to three (3) subcategories: 1) Standard Renewals: renewing projects that have operated for at least six full months; 2) First Time Renewals: projects that have not yet begun operations or have begun operating but have not yet completed six full months of operations; and 3) New Projects: projects that have not been awarded HCoC Program funds.

The HCoC Ranking Committee will be comprised of no less than three (3) quality assurance experts from the Community Partnership Division, two (2) Collaborative Applicant staff, and one (1) fiscal expert from the Community Partnership Division, will convene to complete the rating and ranking. There will be three (3) subject matter experts from the Homeless Initiative Partnership to provide technical assistance to the committee.

On September 15, 2021, during the regularly scheduled meeting, the Performance Outcome Needs and Gap Committee (“PONG”) will review and approve the Project Scoring and Ranking Policy and tool. The policy and tool will then be reviewed at the September 2021 meeting for the Homeless Continuum of Care Advisory Board. The HCoC reviews project scores and ranking of projects according to the HCoC-approved Scoring Instructions and Ranking Policies.

The Submission process will proceed as follows:

- Renewal letters of interest and expansions are due to the Homeless Initiative Partnership by September 10, 2021, by 5:00 p.m. The letter must be submitted as outlined in the Public Announcement.
- Projects with successful submission of Renewal Letter of Interest will be forwarded an invitation to the NOFO workshop scheduled on September 14, 2021, at 1:00 p.m.
- The 2021 DV workshop will be held on September 14, 2021, at 3:00 p.m.
- Applicants will prepare and submit project application materials according to deadlines as outlined on the Timeline located at <https://www.broward.org/Homeless/Pages/2021NOFOTimeline.aspx>. Applications received after the deadline will not be considered to move forward.
- PONG committee and HCoC will review the tool and vote on the tool as presented or with modifications.
- Projects will be rated and ranked with the approved tool. A ranked list(s) will be prepared based on raw scores, then translated to a tiered list (Tier 1 and 2) [as described in Sections II.B.11.a and b of the 2021 HUD CoC NOFO](#)
- The Collaborative Applicant will publish the Ranking results and Scores on the Homeless Initiative Partnership website at <https://www.broward.org/homeless/Pages/Default.aspx>

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Performance Scoring Policy:

All sub-recipient applications will be evaluated and scored utilizing the approved 2021 HCoC Scoring and Ranking Tool. Sub-recipient applications may receive a maximum score of 110 points (100 points plus 10 potential bonus points). The HCoC Ranking Committee utilizes scoring to inform the selection of sub-recipients. The HCoC Ranking Committee has the discretion to select one or more applications for the amount available for new projects. The committee may also give the Collaborative Applicant staff direction to negotiate with conditional applicants.

Per the Violence Against Women Act (VAWA), Family Violence Prevention Services Act (FVPSA), HUD Funded Victim Service Providers, HUD Emergency Solutions Grant, and HCoC sub-recipients who are victim service providers are prohibited from entering identifiable information in Homeless Management Information System (“HMIS”). Project applications submitted by victim service providers will be scored on data generated from a comparable database that complies with all HUD required technical specifications and data fields listed in HMIS. Victim service projects will be evaluated based on how the project increases victim safety, the efficient use of resources, housing stability that meets unique victim needs, and financial flexibility.

The 2021 HCoC Scoring and Ranking Tool consists of the following components:

- **Threshold Review – Pass/Fail**

Applications for New and Renewal Projects will undergo a threshold review (criteria for the threshold review is specified in the Project Scoring and Ranking Tool) to ensure compliance with the HEARTH Act, the HCoC Program Notice of Funding Opportunity (NOFO), and the local HCoC Request for Applications Proposals (RFP). **All projects MUST pass all threshold requirements in the application review process to receive funding ranking. The Threshold review is considered a pass/fail status and a fatal flaw.**

If a project fails the Threshold Review, Provider may be allowed to cure the document by a designated due date.

- **Project Financial - 20 points:**

Applicants for New and Renewal Projects will be scored on criteria specified in the Project Scoring and Ranking Tool to examine the service providers’ project budget and utilization. Fiscal utilization is expected to be at 95% of contract budget. Those below this threshold will not obtain full points. Project budget must demonstrate cost effectiveness and efficiency to serve the maximum number of individuals and families.

- **Project Performance (System Performance Measures “SPM”)- 40 points:**

Applications for New and Renewal Projects will be scored on criteria specified in the Project Scoring and Ranking Tool, and performance data obtained from the Homeless Information Management System (HMIS) per [HUD System Performance Measures](#), which will measure how projects within the HCoC are meeting the needs of persons experiencing homelessness in Broward County. This is a critical section as individual project performance on SPM’s submitted to HUD impact the goal of becoming a high performing HCoC.

- **HMIS Data Quality- 20 points:**

Applicants for Renewal Projects will be scored on criteria specified in the Project Scoring and Ranking Tool to evaluate the effectiveness and quality of data inputted by homeless service

BROWARD COC SCORING & RANKING PROCEDURES AND REALLOCATION PROCESS

providers. Data quality refers to timeliness, completeness, accuracy, and quality improvement plan from the service providers.

- **Agency Commitment to HCoC Priorities – 20 points:**

Applicants for the New and Renewal Project will be scored on criteria specified in the Project Scoring and Ranking Tool to ensure service providers’ primary goal is to end homelessness for all persons experiencing homelessness in Broward County, using an evidence-based approach, working to improve system performance, collaborating with community agencies to leverage and coordinate resources, address racial disparities, and engage with people with lived experience in decision-making.

- **Bonus Points - 10 points:**

Applicants for the New and Renewal Project will be scored on criteria specified in the Project Scoring and Ranking Tool to ensure Broward HCoC is working towards being a designated high-performing community.

Ranking Policy

Project applications presented to the HCoC for inclusion in the FY 2021 HCoC Priority Listing as a component of the HCoC Consolidated Application must be reviewed, ranked and accepted or rejected by Broward’s HCoC. All project applications approved by the HCoC will be listed in the HCoC Priority Listing in ranked order. Higher-ranked projects will be assigned to Tier 1, and lower-ranked projects will be assigned to Tier 2 as described in Sections II.B.11.a and b of the [2021 Notice of Funding Opportunity NOFO](#). The purpose of this two-tiered approach is for HCoC’s to notify HUD which projects are prioritized for funding based on local needs and gaps.

HCoC Number and Name	Preliminary Pro Rata Need (PPRN)	Estimated Annual Renewal Demand (ARD)	Tier 1	Bonus	Domestic Violence Bonus	HCoC Planning (3% of ARD)
FL-601 - Ft Lauderdale/Broward County HCoC	\$6,906,481	\$11,482,064	\$11,482,064	\$574,103	\$1,035,972	\$344,462

Broward Project Priority

Broward HCoC will utilize the HUD Priority Listing and the following criteria:

- Permanent Housing (PH) (including Permanent Supportive Housing (PSH) and Rapid Rehousing (RRH))

BROWARD COC SCORING & RANKING PROCEDURES AND REALLOCATION PROCESS

- Joint Transitional Housing and Permanent Housing-Rapid Rehousing component (Joint TH and PH-RRH component)
- Supportive Services Only for Coordinated Entry (SSO-CE)
- Dedicated Homelessness Management Information System (HMIS)

Broward's HCoC aligns with the priorities listed above, however due to the critical shortage of Supportive Services, the Collaborative Applicant recommends the SSO -CE be ranked above the Joint Transitional Housing and Permanent Housing-Rapid Rehousing component (Joint TH and PH-RRH) component.

- Renewal HMIS and Coordinated Entry projects will be automatically ranked in Tier 1, above any project that may be ranked between Tier 1 and 2.

Reallocation Policy

Sub-recipient applications that score less than 75% of the top score may still be eligible; however, the sub-recipient will be placed on a corrective action plan by the Community Partnerships Division to address performance challenges by the next application cycle. Broward HCoC will evaluate the performance of low-ranking projects when reallocation is being considered. Broward HCoC will evaluate the low-ranking projects based on the [National Alliance to End Homelessness \(NAEH\)](#) in evaluating low-ranking projects for reallocation. Broward HCoC will reallocate funding from one PSH project to another high-performing PSH project, which can absorb the service operations without displacing clients.

Any funds reallocated as part of recapturing unspent funds, voluntary or involuntary reallocation, will be made available to create new projects during the local solicitation process. The HCoC will utilize the [guidance](#) from the United States Interagency Council on Homelessness.

New projects and expansions will be ranked based on the score produced by the New Project Scoring Tool and adjusted as appropriate by the Scoring Committee to address Broward HCoC and HUD priorities to maximize potential funding for the Broward HCoC.

Unspent Funds

Projects that are not fully utilizing or underspending their grant awards are subject to the reallocation process. Projects that have under-expended more than 5% (i.e., utilization must be at or above 95%) of their award in two consecutive program years will be subject to having their funding reduced through reallocation in the next HCoC NOFA competition.

Voluntary Reallocation

Providers that are underutilizing beds, underperforming, not in alignment with Housing First practices, or with significant unresolved findings are strongly encouraged to reallocate projects.

Involuntary Reallocation

Projects with poor performance, not spending their total award, not in alignment with Housing First practices, not serving the intended population, underutilizing beds, or significant unresolved findings are subject to involuntary reallocation.

The threshold for involuntary reallocation will be less than 75% of the top score for the current year's HCoC projects. For example, if the top score is 100, the minimum threshold to avoid involuntary reallocation will be 75. Projects scoring below the threshold will be asked to develop a plan to address

BROWARD COC SCORING & RANKING PROCEDURES AND REALLOCATION PROCESS

performance issues by next year's competition (Performance Improvement Plan) or voluntarily give up award money to be reallocated to a new project. If problems continue, projects may be involuntarily reallocated in the following cycle. Applicants may appeal the decision, and the HCoC Board must consider the appeal.

Reallocated funds will be pooled for reallocation to New Projects.

Appeal Process

- The FY 2021 HCoC Program Competition NOFO lists the application deadline. HCoC's are to review, approve or reject all Project Applications no later than 15 days before the HCoC Program Competition application deadline. Only those organizations that meet these criteria should participate in the appeal process. This year, if the criteria cited above are met, the Project Applicant will have the opportunity to submit a Notice of Intent to Appeal and apply as a Solo Project Applicant directly to HUD through e-snaps. For a project application to be considered for funding, it must meet these criteria and submit the Solo Applicant appeal project application to HUD before the application deadline that is provided in the FY 2021 HCoC Program Competition NOFO." <https://www.hud.gov/sites/dfiles/CPD/documents/FY-2021-Project-Application-Appeals-Navigational-Guide.pdf>
- County's Consolidated NOFO Application is made available for public review and reference on the HIP Website

In the event the HCoC Board identifies a renewal project (or projects) whose funding should not be renewed (or funding should be decreased) the HIP Staff will determine whether any new proposed projects should be awarded and will proceed with reallocation (see Reallocation section above).

Any deviation from the HCoC's s policy and HUD's priorities that have been voted upon and approved will impact the total NOFO score and any future awards.

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- [2019 FL-601 NoFA Results](#)
- [2021 Broward CoC Renewal Scoring, Ranking & Reallocation Policy](#)
- [2021 NOFO Renewal Projects Scoring Tool](#)
- [2021 NOFO New \(Bonus\) Projects Scoring Tool](#)



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2021 NOFO Timeline

- August 18, 2021 - NOFO Released
 - [HUD Exchange: FY 2021 COC Program Competition](#)
- August 19, 2021 - e-snaps opens this week
 - [e-snaps Portal](#)
 - [e-snaps 101 Toolkit](#)
 - [Accessing Project Application in e-snaps](#) (Video)
 - [Accessing Project Application in e-snaps](#) (Written Instructions)
 - [FY 2021 Renewal Project Application e-snaps Navigational Guide](#)
- August 27, 2021 – Public Notice posted requesting Renewal Letters of Interest
 - [Request for Renewal Letters of Interest](#)
- September 3, 2021 - Grants Inventory Worksheet (GIW) posted on website
 - [2021 Grants Inventory Worksheet](#)
- September 10, 2021 at 5:00PM - Renewal Letters of Interest Due
- September 14, 2021 at 1:00PM - Renewal Workshop
 - [2021 NOFO Renewal Workshop Presentation](#)
 - [FY 2021 Renewal Application Detailed Instructions](#)
- September 15-17, 2021 - Written questions for Renewals and Bonus projects accepted
- September 15, 2021 at 10:00AM - PONG vote on rating and ranking tool and policy
- September 20, 2021 - Response to written questions posted to the website (Renewals)
 - [Questions for the Renewal 2021 Notice of Funding Opportunity](#)

- September 23, 2021 at 10:00AM - HCoC Board vote on rating and ranking tool and policy
- September 23, 2021 at 5:00PM - Bonus Project Letters of Interest Due
- September 27, 2021 at 1:00PM - Bonus Project Workshop
 - [2021 NOFO BONUS Workshop Presentation](#)
 - [FY 2021 New Project Application Detailed Instructions](#)
- October 1, 2021 - Response to written questions posted to the website (Bonus projects)
 - [Questions for the Bonus 2021 Notice of Funding Opportunity](#)
- October 8, 2021 - Renewals must be in e-snaps by 5:00PM
- October 8, 2021 - Applications for Expansion & Bonus must be in e-snaps by 5:00PM
- October 11, 2021 - Threshold Review of Renewals
- October 12, 2021 - Rating and ranking of all Projects by Ranking Committee
- October 14, 2021 - Applicants notified of acceptance outside of e-snaps (All projects)
- October 19, 2021 - Agenda item for NOFA - Broward County Board of Commissioners Meeting
- October 20, 2021 at 10:00AM - PONG vote on rating and ranking result
- October 27, 2021 at 10:00AM - HCoC Board vote on rating and ranking result
- October 27, 2021 - Priority listing in e-snaps of all renewal projects after the HCOC
- October 27, 2021 - Notice outside of e-snaps the ranking and renewals for all projects
- October 29, 2021 - Renewal Ranking posted on website
 - [HUD FY2021 FINAL CoC Ranking Results](#)
- November 1, 2021 at 5:00PM - All changes must be finalized in e-snaps for submission
- November 13, 2021 - NOFO Submitted by the County to HUD in e-snaps


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HUD 2021 Prioritization Ranking

HUD SCORE	Ranking Score	Applicant Name	Project Name	Expiring Grant #	Project Type	Housing Type	Amount Requested (HUD Application)	Amount Ranked (GIW)	Running Total	TIE BREAKER: Exceeded Number of Clients Served (2019 NOFA)	TIE BREAKER: RANKING
	1	Broward County, FL	FL-601 Dedicated HMIS Project Expansion.	FL0465L4D012008	Renewal - HMIS	HMIS	\$309,339	\$309,339	\$309,339		
PH - PERMANENT HOUSING											
77	2	Broward County, FL	HART & Home	FL0364L4D012011	Renewal	PSH	\$324,025	\$299,691	\$609,030		
76	3	Broward County Housing Authority	S+C 74 Unit HHOPE Chronic Homeless Initiative	FL0251L4D012013	Renewal	PSH	\$1,094,350	\$1,094,350	\$1,703,380		
75	4	Broward Partnership for the Homeless	Broward Partnership Housing IV	FL0668L4D012004	Renewal	PSH	\$439,655	\$439,667	\$2,143,047		
73	5	Volunteers of America	Broward I	FL0247L4D012013	Renewal	PSH	\$443,416	\$443,416	\$2,586,463	8	1
73	6	Broward County Housing Authority	S+C Permanent Housing 29 Units	FL0257L4D012013	Renewal	PSH	\$471,945	\$471,945	\$3,058,408	-4	2
71	7	Broward County, FL	NewHart Project	FL0254L4D012013	Renewal	PSH	\$449,367	\$428,674	\$3,487,082		
69	8	Broward County Housing Authority	S+C Permanent Housing 16 Unit	FL0366L4D012011	Renewal	PSH	\$288,583	\$288,583	\$3,775,665	13	2
69	9	Broward County Housing Authority	S+C Permanent Housing 18 Unit	FL0401L4D012010	Renewal	PSH	\$262,842	\$262,842	\$4,038,507	6	3
69	10	Broward County Housing Authority	S+C Permanent Housing 88 Units	FL0258L4D012013	Renewal	PSH	\$1,155,225	\$1,155,225	\$5,193,732	-5	4
66	11	Broward Housing Solutions	Broward II	FL0248L4D012013	Renewal	PSH	\$1,099,438	\$1,099,438	\$6,293,170		
64	12	Broward Housing Solutions	Samaritan 2008	FL0245L4D012011	Renewal	PSH	\$310,769	\$310,769	\$6,603,939	4	1
64	13	Broward County Housing Authority	S+C Permanent Housing 100 Units	FL0259L4D012013	Renewal	PSH	\$1,222,579	\$1,222,579	\$7,826,518	-8	2
62	14	Broward County Housing Authority	SHIELD Housing Project	FL0714L4D012002	Renewal	PSH	\$746,737	\$746,737	\$8,573,255		
59	15	Broward County Housing Authority	S+C Permanent Housing 25 Units	FL0534L4D012006	Renewal	PSH	\$294,421	\$294,421	\$8,867,676		
58	16	Broward Partnership for the Homeless	Broward Partnership Housing III	FL0477L4D012007	Renewal	PSH	\$373,240	\$373,240	\$9,240,916	3	1
58	17	Henderson Behavioral Health	Chalet Apartments	FL0249L4D012013	Renewal	PSH	\$226,952	\$226,952	\$9,467,868	2	2
58	18	Broward Housing Solutions	Broward IV (Samaritan Expansion)	FL0535L4D012006	Renewal	PSH	\$369,261	\$369,261	\$9,837,129	1	3
48	19	Broward Partnership for the Homeless	Broward Partnership Housing V	FL0715L4D012002	Renewal	PSH	\$386,833	\$386,833	\$10,223,962		
69	20	Hope South Florida	HOPE4Families Rapid Re-Housing	FL0498L4D012007	Renewal	RRH	\$324,021	\$324,021	\$10,547,983	80	1
31	21	Covenant House	ROP2-Rapid Re-Housing Leasing Assistance	FL0705L4D012003	Renewal	RRH	\$231,707	\$231,707	\$10,779,690		
TH - TRANSITIONAL HOUSING											
51	22	The Salvation Army	Red Shield/Plymouth Colony Levels I and II	FL0260L4D012013	Renewal	TH	\$522,956	\$13,450	\$10,793,140		
Tier - 2											
51	22	The Salvation Army	Red Shield/Plymouth Colony Levels I and II	FL0260L4D012013	Renewal	TH	\$522,956	\$509,506	\$11,302,646		
40	23	Covenant House	Rights of Passage	FL0256L4D012013	Renewal	TH	\$179,418	\$179,418	\$11,482,064		
NEW (BONUS)											
53	24	Broward Partnership for the Homeless	BPH III Expansion	Not Applicable	New	PSH	\$247,001	\$247,001	\$11,729,065		
47	25	Broward Housing Solutions	Broward II - Expansion	Not Applicable	New	PSH	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$11,769,065		
46	26	Care Resource	Care Resource - CoC RRH	Not Applicable	Bonus	RRH	\$287,000	\$287,000	\$12,056,065		
BONUS - DV											
48	27	Women In Distress of Broward County, Inc.	Broward Domestic Violence Housing First Program	Not Applicable	Bonus	TH-RRH	\$413,788	\$413,788	\$12,469,853		
CoC Planning											
		Broward County, FL	FL-601 CoC Planning Project Application 2021	FL0868L4D012000	New	CoC Planning Project	\$344,462	\$344,462	\$12,814,315		

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NOFO Resources

- [2019 FL-601 NoFA Results](#)
- [2021 Broward CoC Renewal Scoring, Ranking & Reallocation Policy](#)
- [2021 NOFO Renewal Projects Scoring Tool](#)
- [2021 NOFO New \(Bonus\) Projects Scoring Tool](#)



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2021 NOFO Timeline

- August 18, 2021 - NOFO Released
 - [HUD Exchange: FY 2021 COC Program Competition](#)
- August 19, 2021 - e-snaps opens this week
 - [e-snaps Portal](#)
 - [e-snaps 101 Toolkit](#)
 - [Accessing Project Application in e-snaps](#) (Video)
 - [Accessing Project Application in e-snaps](#) (Written Instructions)
 - [FY 2021 Renewal Project Application e-snaps Navigational Guide](#)
- August 27, 2021 – Public Notice posted requesting Renewal Letters of Interest
 - [Request for Renewal Letters of Interest](#)
- September 3, 2021 - Grants Inventory Worksheet (GIW) posted on website
 - [2021 Grants Inventory Worksheet](#)
- September 10, 2021 at 5:00PM - Renewal Letters of Interest Due
- September 14, 2021 at 1:00PM - Renewal Workshop
 - [2021 NOFO Renewal Workshop Presentation](#)
 - [FY 2021 Renewal Application Detailed Instructions](#)
- September 15-17, 2021 - Written questions for Renewals and Bonus projects accepted
- September 15, 2021 at 10:00AM - PONG vote on rating and ranking tool and policy
- September 20, 2021 - Response to written questions posted to the website (Renewals)
 - [Questions for the Renewal 2021 Notice of Funding Opportunity](#)

- September 23, 2021 at 10:00AM - HCoC Board vote on rating and ranking tool and policy
- September 23, 2021 at 5:00PM - Bonus Project Letters of Interest Due
- September 27, 2021 at 1:00PM - Bonus Project Workshop
 - [2021 NOFO BONUS Workshop Presentation](#)
 - [FY 2021 New Project Application Detailed Instructions](#)
- October 1, 2021 - Response to written questions posted to the website (Bonus projects)
 - [Questions for the Bonus 2021 Notice of Funding Opportunity](#)
- October 8, 2021 - Renewals must be in e-snaps by 5:00PM
- October 8, 2021 - Applications for Expansion & Bonus must be in e-snaps by 5:00PM
- October 11, 2021 - Threshold Review of Renewals
- October 12, 2021 - Rating and ranking of all Projects by Ranking Committee
- October 14, 2021 - Applicants notified of acceptance outside of e-snaps (All projects)
- October 19, 2021 - Agenda item for NOFA - Broward County Board of Commissioners Meeting
- October 20, 2021 at 10:00AM - PONG vote on rating and ranking result
- October 27, 2021 at 10:00AM - HCoC Board vote on rating and ranking result
- October 27, 2021 - Priority listing in e-snaps of all renewal projects after the HCOC
- October 27, 2021 - Notice outside of e-snaps the ranking and renewals for all projects
- October 29, 2021 - Renewal Ranking posted on website
 - [HUD FY2021 FINAL CoC Ranking Results](#)
- November 1, 2021 at 5:00PM - All changes must be finalized in e-snaps for submission
- November 13, 2021 - NOFO Submitted by the County to HUD in e-snaps


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HUD 2021 Prioritization Ranking

HUD SCORE	Ranking Score	Applicant Name	Project Name	Expiring Grant #	Project Type	Housing Type	Amount Requested (HUD Application)	Amount Ranked (GIW)	Running Total	TIE BREAKER: Exceeded Number of Clients Served (2019 NOFA)	TIE BREAKER: RANKING
	1	Broward County, FL	FL-601 Dedicated HMIS Project Expansion.	FL0465L4D012008	Renewal - HMIS	HMIS	\$309,339	\$309,339	\$309,339		
PH - PERMANENT HOUSING											
77	2	Broward County, FL	HART & Home	FL0364L4D012011	Renewal	PSH	\$324,025	\$299,691	\$609,030		
76	3	Broward County Housing Authority	S+C 74 Unit HHOPE Chronic Homeless Initiative	FL0251L4D012013	Renewal	PSH	\$1,094,350	\$1,094,350	\$1,703,380		
75	4	Broward Partnership for the Homeless	Broward Partnership Housing IV	FL0668L4D012004	Renewal	PSH	\$439,655	\$439,667	\$2,143,047		
73	5	Volunteers of America	Broward I	FL0247L4D012013	Renewal	PSH	\$443,416	\$443,416	\$2,586,463	8	1
73	6	Broward County Housing Authority	S+C Permanent Housing 29 Units	FL0257L4D012013	Renewal	PSH	\$471,945	\$471,945	\$3,058,408	-4	2
71	7	Broward County, FL	NewHart Project	FL0254L4D012013	Renewal	PSH	\$449,367	\$428,674	\$3,487,082		
69	8	Broward County Housing Authority	S+C Permanent Housing 16 Unit	FL0366L4D012011	Renewal	PSH	\$288,583	\$288,583	\$3,775,665	13	2
69	9	Broward County Housing Authority	S+C Permanent Housing 18 Unit	FL0401L4D012010	Renewal	PSH	\$262,842	\$262,842	\$4,038,507	6	3
69	10	Broward County Housing Authority	S+C Permanent Housing 88 Units	FL0258L4D012013	Renewal	PSH	\$1,155,225	\$1,155,225	\$5,193,732	-5	4
66	11	Broward Housing Solutions	Broward II	FL0248L4D012013	Renewal	PSH	\$1,099,438	\$1,099,438	\$6,293,170		
64	12	Broward Housing Solutions	Samaritan 2008	FL0245L4D012011	Renewal	PSH	\$310,769	\$310,769	\$6,603,939	4	1
64	13	Broward County Housing Authority	S+C Permanent Housing 100 Units	FL0259L4D012013	Renewal	PSH	\$1,222,579	\$1,222,579	\$7,826,518	-8	2
62	14	Broward County Housing Authority	SHIELD Housing Project	FL0714L4D012002	Renewal	PSH	\$746,737	\$746,737	\$8,573,255		
59	15	Broward County Housing Authority	S+C Permanent Housing 25 Units	FL0534L4D012006	Renewal	PSH	\$294,421	\$294,421	\$8,867,676		
58	16	Broward Partnership for the Homeless	Broward Partnership Housing III	FL0477L4D012007	Renewal	PSH	\$373,240	\$373,240	\$9,240,916	3	1
58	17	Henderson Behavioral Health	Chalet Apartments	FL0249L4D012013	Renewal	PSH	\$226,952	\$226,952	\$9,467,868	2	2
58	18	Broward Housing Solutions	Broward IV (Samaritan Expansion)	FL0535L4D012006	Renewal	PSH	\$369,261	\$369,261	\$9,837,129	1	3
48	19	Broward Partnership for the Homeless	Broward Partnership Housing V	FL0715L4D012002	Renewal	PSH	\$386,833	\$386,833	\$10,223,962		
69	20	Hope South Florida	HOPE4Families Rapid Re-Housing	FL0498L4D012007	Renewal	RRH	\$324,021	\$324,021	\$10,547,983	80	1
31	21	Covenant House	ROP2-Rapid Re-Housing Leasing Assistance	FL0705L4D012003	Renewal	RRH	\$231,707	\$231,707	\$10,779,690		
TH - TRANSITIONAL HOUSING											
51	22	The Salvation Army	Red Shield/Plymouth Colony Levels I and II	FL0260L4D012013	Renewal	TH	\$522,956	\$13,450	\$10,793,140		
Tier - 2											
51	22	The Salvation Army	Red Shield/Plymouth Colony Levels I and II	FL0260L4D012013	Renewal	TH	\$522,956	\$509,506	\$11,302,646		
40	23	Covenant House	Rights of Passage	FL0256L4D012013	Renewal	TH	\$179,418	\$179,418	\$11,482,064		
NEW (BONUS)											
53	24	Broward Partnership for the Homeless	BPH III Expansion	Not Applicable	New	PSH	\$247,001	\$247,001	\$11,729,065		
47	25	Broward Housing Solutions	Broward II - Expansion	Not Applicable	New	PSH	\$40,000	\$40,000	\$11,769,065		
46	26	Care Resource	Care Resource - CoC RRH	Not Applicable	Bonus	RRH	\$287,000	\$287,000	\$12,056,065		
BONUS - DV											
48	27	Women In Distress of Broward County, Inc.	Broward Domestic Violence Housing First Program	Not Applicable	Bonus	TH-RRH	\$413,788	\$413,788	\$12,469,853		
CoC Planning											
		Broward County, FL	FL-601 CoC Planning Project Application 2021	FL0868L4D012000	New	CoC Planning Project	\$344,462	\$344,462	\$12,814,315		